## ENGLISH IDIOMS Dictionary

## To the User

All languages have phrases or sentences that cannot be understood literally. Even if you know all the words in a phrase and understand all the grammar of the phrase completely, the meaning may still not be apparent. Many proverbs, informal phrases, and common sayings offer this kind of problem. A phrase or sentence of this type is said to be idiomatic. This dictionary is a collection of the idiomatic phrases and sentences that occur frequently in the varieties of English that follow the British standard.

The dictionary is designed for easy use by lifelong speakers of English, as well as by the new-to-English speaker or learner. Readers who are native speakers of American, Australian, Canadian, or other varieties of English will find the entries fascinating and entertaining. Special features, such as numerous full-sentence examples and a Phrase-Finder Index, make this dictionary uniquely effective for language learners.

## How to Use This Dictionary

First, try looking up the complete phrase in the dictionary. The entries are in absolute alphabetical order; that is, phrases are alphabetized letter by letter, disregarding spaces, hyphens, and punctuation. Entry phrases are never inverted or reordered. For example, **in the same boat** is listed under **in**, not as **the same boat**, **in; boat**, **in the same**; or **same boat**, **in the**. In the entry heads, the word *someone* or *one* stands for persons, and *something* stands for things.

If you do not find the phrase you want, or if you cannot decide exactly what the phrase is, look up any of its major words in the Phrase-Finder Index, which begins on page 207. There you will find listed, under the key word you have looked up, all the phrases that contain that word. Pick out the phrase you want, and look it up in the main body of the dictionary.

## **Terms and Symbols**

 $\Box$  (a box) marks the beginning of an example.

ALSO: introduces additional forms within an entry that are related to the main entry head.

indicates that an entry head has variant forms that are the same as, or similar to, the entry head in meaning.

One or more variant forms may be preceded by AND.

entry head is the first word or phrase, in boldface type, of an entry; the word or phrase that the definition explains.

**see** means to turn to the entry head indicated.

see also means to consult the entry head indicated for additional information or to find expressions similar in form or meaning to the entry head containing the "see also" instruction.

see under means to search within the text of the entry indicated for a phrase that is in boldface type and introduced by ALSO.



<b>above one's station</b> higher than one's social class of position in society. □ He has been educated above his station and is now ashamed of his parents' poverty. □ She is getting above her station since she started working in the office. She ignores her old friends in the warehouse.
<b>above someone's head</b> too difficult or clever for someone to understand. $\square$ <i>The children have no idea what the new teacher is talking about. Her ideas are way above their heads.</i> $\square$ <i>She started a physics course, but it turned out to be miles above her head.</i>
<b>according to one's (own) lights</b> according to the way one believes; according to the way one's conscience or inclinations lead one. □ People must act on this matter according to their own lights. □ John may have been wrong, but he did what he did according to his lights.
<b>act the goat</b> deliberately to behave in a silly or eccentric way; to play the fool. (Informal.) $\square$ He was asked to leave the class because he was always acting the goat. $\square$ No one takes him seriously. He acts the goat too much.
<b>advanced in years</b> old; elderly. $\square$ <i>My uncle is advanced in years and can't hear too well.</i> $\square$ <i>Many people lose their hearing somewhat when they are advanced in years.</i>
<b>afraid of one's own shadow</b> easily frightened; always frightened, timid, or suspicious. $\square$ After Tom was robbed, he was afraid of his own shadow. $\square$ Jane has always been a shy child. She has been afraid of her own shadow since she was three.
<b>aid and abet someone</b> to help someone, especially in a crime or misdeed; to incite someone to do something which is wrong. $\Box$ <i>He was scolded for aiding and abetting the boys who were fighting.</i> $\Box$ <i>It's illegal to aid and abet a thief.</i>
air of sanctity See odour of sanctity.

<b>airs and graces</b> proud behaviour adopted by one who is trying to impress others by appearing more important than one actually is. □ She is only a junior secretary, but from her airs and graces you would think she was managing director. □ Jane has a very humble background—despite her airs and graces.
<b>(all) at sea (about something)</b> confused; lost and bewildered. $\square$ <i>Mary is all at sea about the process of getting married.</i> $\square$ <i>When it comes to maths, John is totally at sea.</i>
<b>all ears (and eyes)</b> listening eagerly and carefully. (Informal.) $\square$ Well, hurry up and tell me! I'm all ears. $\square$ Be careful what you say. The children are all ears and eyes.
<b>(all) Greek to me</b> unintelligible to me. (Usually with some form of be.) $\Box$ I can't understand it. It's Greek to me. $\Box$ It's all Greek to me. Maybe Sally knows what it means.
<b>all hours (of the day and night)</b> very late in the night or very early in the morning. $\square$ <i>Why do you always stay out until all hours of the day and night?</i> $\square$ <i>I like to stay out until all hours partying.</i>
<b>all over bar the shouting</b> decided and concluded; finished except for the formalities. (Informal. An elaboration of <i>all over</i> , which means "finished.") $\square$ The last goal was made just as the final whistle sounded. Tom said, "Well, it's all over bar the shouting." $\square$ Tom has finished his exams and is waiting to graduate. It's all over bar the shouting.
all skin and bones See nothing but skin and bones.
<b>all thumbs</b> very awkward and clumsy, especially with one's hands. (Informal.) □ <i>Poor Bob can't play the piano at all. He's all thumbs.</i> □ <i>Mary is all thumbs when it comes to gardening.</i>
<b>all to the good</b> for the best; for one's benefit. $\Box$ <i>He missed his train, but it was all to the good because the train had a crash.</i> $\Box$ <i>It was all to the good that he died before his wife. He couldn't have coped without her.</i>
<b>any port in a storm</b> a phrase indicating that when one is in difficulties one must accept any way out, whether one likes the solution or not. $\Box$ <i>I don't want to live with my parents, but it's a case of any port in a storm. I can't find a flat.</i> $\Box$ <i>He hates his job, but he can't get another. Any port in a storm, you know.</i>

<b>apple of someone's eye</b> someone's favourite person or thing. $\square$ Tom is the apple of Mary's eye. She thinks he's great. $\square$ Jean is the apple of her father's eye.
<b>armed to the teeth</b> heavily armed with weapons. □ <i>The bank robber was armed to the teeth when he was caught.</i> □ <i>There are too many guns around. The entire country is armed to the teeth.</i>
<b>as a duck takes to water</b> easily and naturally. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>She took to singing just as a duck takes to water.</i> $\square$ <i>The baby adapted to the feeding-bottle as a duck takes to water.</i>
<b>as black as one is painted</b> as evil or unpleasant as one is thought to be. (Usually negative.) $\Box$ The landlord is not as black as he is painted. He seems quite generous. $\Box$ Young people are rarely as black as they are painted in the media.
<b>(as) black as pitch</b> very black; very dark. $\Box$ The night was as black as pitch. $\Box$ The rocks seemed black as pitch against the silver sand.
<b>(as) bold as brass</b> brazen; very bold and impertinent. $\square$ <i>She went up to her lover's wife, bold as brass.</i> $\square$ <i>The girl arrives late every morning as bold as brass.</i>
(as) bright as a button very intelligent; extremely alert. $\Box$ The little girl is as bright as a button. $\Box$ Her new dog is bright as a button.
(as) calm as a millpond [for water to be] exceptionally calm. (Referring to the still water in a pond around a mill in contrast to the fast-flowing stream which supplies it.) $\Box$ The English channel was calm as a millpond that day. $\Box$ Jane gets seasick even when the sea is calm as a millpond.
(as) cold as charity 1. very cold; icy. $\Box$ The room was as cold as charity. $\Box$ It was snowing and the moors were cold as charity. 2. very unresponsive; lacking in passion. $\Box$ Their mother keeps them clean and fed, but she is cold as charity. $\Box$ John's sister is generous and welcoming, but John is as cold as charity.
<b>(as) fit as a fiddle</b> healthy and physically fit. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>In spite of her age, Mary is as fit as a fiddle.</i> $\square$ <i>Tom used to be fit as a fiddle.</i> Look at him now!
<b>(as) happy as a lark</b> visibly happy and cheerful. (Note the variations in the examples.) $\square$ <i>Sally walked along whistling, as happy as a lark.</i> $\square$ <i>The children danced and sang, happy as larks.</i>

(as) happy as a sandboy AND (as) happy as Larry; (as) happy as the day is long very happy; carefree. □ Mary's as happy as a sandboy now that she is at home all day with her children. □ Peter earns very little money, but he's happy as Larry in his job. □ The old lady has many friends and is happy as the day is long.
(as) happy as Larry See (as) happy as a sandboy.
(as) happy as the day is long See (as) happy as a sandboy.
<b>(as) hungry as a hunter</b> very hungry. $\Box$ <i>I'm as hungry as a hunter. I could eat anything!</i> $\Box$ <i>Whenever I jog, I get hungry as a hunter.</i>
(as) large as life (and twice as ugly) an exaggerated way of saying that a person or a thing actually appeared in a particular place. (Informal.) $\Box$ The little child just stood there as large as life and laughed very hard. $\Box$ I opened the door, and there was Tom, large as life. $\Box$ I came home and found this cat in my chair, as large as life and twice as ugly.
<b>asleep at the wheel</b> not attending to one's assigned task; failing to do one's duty at the proper time. $\Box$ I should have spotted the error. I must have been asleep at the wheel. $\Box$ The management must have been asleep at the wheel to let the firm get into such a state.
<b>(as) near as dammit</b> very nearly. (Informal.) $\square$ He earns sixty thousand pounds a year as near as dammit. $\square$ She was naked near as dammit.
(as) plain as a pikestaff very obvious; clearly visible. ( <i>Pikestaff</i> was originally <i>packstaff</i> , a stick on which a pedlar's or traveller's pack was supported. The original reference was to the smoothness of this staff, although the allusion is to another sense of plain: clear or obvious.) □ <i>The</i> 'no parking' sign was as plain as a pikestaff. How did he miss it? □ It's plain as a pikestaff. The children are unhappy.
<b>(as) pleased as Punch</b> very pleased or happy. (From the puppetshow character, who is depicted as smiling gleefully.) □ <i>The little girl was pleased as Punch with her new dress.</i> □ <i>Jack's as pleased as Punch with his new car.</i>
(as) quiet as the grave very quiet; silent. $\Box$ The house is as quiet as the grave when the children are at school. $\Box$ This town is quiet as

the grave now that the offices have closed.

<b>(as) safe as houses</b> completely safe. $\square$ <i>The children will be as safe as houses on holiday with your parents.</i> $\square$ <i>The dog will be safe as houses in the boarding-kennels.</i>
<b>(as) sound as a bell</b> in perfect condition or health; undamaged. $\Box$ The doctor says the old man's heart is as sound as a bell. $\Box$ I thought the vase was broken when it fell, but it was sound as a bell.
<b>(as) thick as thieves</b> very close-knit; friendly; allied. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Mary, Tom, and Sally are as thick as thieves. They go everywhere together.</i> $\square$ <i>Those two families are thick as thieves.</i>
<b>(as) thick as two short planks</b> very stupid. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Jim must be as thick as two short planks, not able to understand the plans.</i> $\square$ <i>Some of the children are clever, but the rest are as thick as two short planks.</i>
<b>(as) thin as a rake</b> very thin; too thin. $\square$ <i>Mary's thin as a rake since she's been ill.</i> $\square$ <i>Jean's been on a diet and is now as thin as a rake.</i>
<b>at a loose end</b> restless and unsettled; unemployed. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Just before school starts, all the children are at a loose end.</i> $\square$ <i>When Tom is home at the week-ends, he's always at a loose end.</i> $\square$ <i>Jane has been at a loose end ever since she lost her job.</i>
<b>at a pinch</b> if absolutely necessary. $\square$ At a pinch, I could come tomorrow, but it's not really convenient. $\square$ He could commute to work from home at a pinch, but it is a long way.
<b>at a rate of knots</b> very fast. (Informal.) $\Box$ They'll have to drive at a rate of knots to get there on time. $\Box$ They were travelling at a rate of knots when they passed us.
<b>at death's door</b> near death. (Euphemistic.) $\square$ <i>I was so ill that I was at death's door.</i> $\square$ <i>The family dog was at death's door for three days, and then it finally died.</i>
<b>at first glance</b> when first examined; at an early stage. $\square$ At first glance, the problem appeared quite simple. Later we learned just how complex it really was. $\square$ He appeared quite healthy at first glance.
<b>at full stretch</b> with as much energy and strength as possible. $\Box$ <i>The police are working at full stretch to find the murderer.</i> $\Box$ <i>We cannot accept any more work. We are already working at full stretch.</i>

<b>at half-mast</b> half-way up or down. (Primarily referring to flags. Can be used for things other than flags as a joke.) $\Box$ The flag was flying at half-mast because the general had died. $\Box$ We fly flags at half-mast when someone important dies. $\Box$ The little boy ran out of the house with his trousers at half-mast.
at large free; uncaptured. (Usually said of criminals running loose.)  ☐ At midday the day after the robbery, the thieves were still at large.  ☐ There is a murderer at large in the city.
<b>at liberty</b> free; unrestrained. $\square$ <i>You're at liberty to go anywhere you wish.</i> $\square$ <i>I'm not at liberty to discuss the matter.</i>
<b>at loggerheads (with someone)</b> in opposition; at an impasse; in a quarrel. □ <i>Mr. and Mrs. Jones have been at loggerheads with each other for years.</i> □ <i>The two political parties were at loggerheads during the entire legislative session.</i>
<b>at one's wits' end</b> at the limits of one's mental resources. $\Box$ <i>I'm</i> at my wits' end trying to solve this problem. $\Box$ Tom could do no more to earn money. He was at his wits' end.
<b>at sixes and sevens</b> disorderly; completely disorganized. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Mrs. Smith is at sixes and sevens since the death of her husband.</i> $\square$ <i>The house is always at sixes and sevens when Bill's home by himself.</i>
<b>at someone's beck and call</b> always ready to obey someone. $\square$ What makes you think I wait around here at your beck and call? I live here, too, you know! $\square$ It was a fine hotel. There were dozens of maids and waiters at our beck and call.
<b>at the bottom of the ladder</b> at the lowest level of pay and status.  ☐ Most people start work at the bottom of the ladder. ☐ When Ann was declared redundant, she had to start all over again at the bottom of the ladder.
<b>at the drop of a hat</b> immediately and without urging. $\Box$ <i>John was always ready to go fishing at the drop of a hat.</i> $\Box$ <i>If you need help, just call on me. I can come at the drop of a hat.</i>
<b>at the eleventh hour</b> at the last possible moment. (Biblical.) $\square$ <i>She</i>

always handed her term essays in at the eleventh hour.  $\square$  We don't

worry about death until the eleventh hour.

at the end of one's tether at the limits of one's endurance. $\Box$ I'm at the end of my tether! I just can't go on this way! $\Box$ These children are driving me out of my mind. I'm at the end of my tether.
at the expense of someone or something to the detriment of someone or something; to the harm or disadvantage of someone or something. $\Box$ He had a good laugh at the expense of his brother. $\Box$ He took employment in a better place at the expense of a larger income.
<b>at the top of one's voice</b> with a very loud voice. $\square$ <i>Bill called to Mary at the top of his voice.</i> $\square$ <i>How can I work when you're all talking at the top of your voices?</i>
<b>avoid someone or something like the plague</b> to avoid someone or something totally. (Informal.) $\square$ What's wrong with Bobs Everyone avoids him like the plague. $\square$ I don't like opera. I avoid it like the plague.



<b>babe in arms</b> an innocent or naive person. (Informal.) □ He's a babe in arms when it comes to taking girls out. □ Mary has no idea how to fight the election. Politically, she's a babe in arms.
<b>back of beyond</b> the most remote place; somewhere very remote. (Informal.) □ John hardly ever comes to the city. He lives at the back of beyond. □ Mary likes lively entertainment, but her husband likes to holiday in the back of beyond.
<b>back to the drawing-board</b> [it is] time to start over again; [it is] time to plan something over again, especially if it has gone wrong. (Also with <i>old</i> as in the examples.) $\Box$ <i>The scheme didn't work. Back to the drawing-board.</i> $\Box$ <i>I failed English this term. Well, back to the old drawing-board.</i>
<b>bag and baggage</b> with one's luggage; with all one's possessions. (Informal.) □ Sally showed up at our door bag and baggage one Sunday morning. □ All right, if you won't pay the rent, out with you, bag and baggage!
<b>baptism of fire</b> a first experience of something, usually something difficult or unpleasant. $\Box$ My son's just had his first visit to the dentist. He stood up to the baptism of fire very well. $\Box$ Mary's had her baptism of fire as a teacher. She had to take the worst class in the school.
<b>beard the lion in his den</b> to face an adversary on the adversary's home ground. $\Box$ <i>I went to the solicitor's office to beard the lion in his den.</i> $\Box$ <i>He said he hadn't wanted to come to my home, but it was better to beard the lion in his den.</i>
<b>beat about the bush</b> to avoid answering a question or discussing a subject directly; to stall; to waste time. $\Box$ Let's stop beating about the bush and discuss this matter. $\Box$ Stop beating about the bush and answer my question.

<b>beat a (hasty) retreat</b> to retreat or withdraw very quickly. $\square$ We went out into the cold weather, but beat a retreat to the warmth of our fire. $\square$ The cat beat a hasty retreat to its own garden when it saw the dog.
<b>be a thorn in someone's side</b> to be a constant source of annoyance to someone. $\Box$ <i>This problem is a thorn in my side. I wish I had a solution to it.</i> $\Box$ <i>John was a thorn in my side for years before I finally got rid of him.</i>
<b>bed of roses</b> a situation or way of life that is always happy and comfortable. $\square$ <i>Living with Pat can't be a bed of roses, but her husband is always smiling.</i> $\square$ <i>Being the boss isn't exactly a bed of roses. There are so many problems to sort out.</i>
<b>before you can say Jack Robinson</b> almost immediately. $\square$ <i>And before you could say Jack Robinson, the bird flew away.</i> $\square$ <i>I'll catch a plane and be there before you can say Jack Robinson.</i>
<b>be getting on for something</b> to be close to something; to be nearly at something, such as a time, date, age, etc. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>It's getting on for midnight.</i> $\square$ <i>He must be getting on for fifty.</i>
<b>beggar description</b> to be impossible to describe well enough to give an accurate picture; to be impossible to do justice to in words.   ☐ Her cruelty to her child beggars description. ☐ The soprano's voice beggars description.
<b>beg off</b> to ask to be released from something; to refuse an invitation. $\Box$ <i>I have an important meeting, so I'll have to beg off.</i> $\Box$ <i>I wanted to go to the affair, but I had to beg off.</i>
<b>believe it or not</b> to choose to believe something or not. $\square$ <i>Believe it or not, I just got home from work.</i> $\square$ <i>I'm over fifty years old, believe it or not.</i>
<b>bend someone's ear</b> to talk to someone at length, perhaps annoyingly. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Tom is over there bending Jane's ear about something.</i> $\square$ <i>I'm sorry. I didn't mean to bend your ear for an hour, but I'm upset.</i>
<b>be old hat</b> to be old-fashioned; to be outmoded. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>That's a silly idea. It's old hat.</i> $\square$ <i>Nobody does that any more. That's just old hat.</i>

<b>be poles apart</b> to be very different, especially in opinions or attitudes; to be far from coming to an agreement. $\Box$ <i>Mr. and Mrs. Jones don't get along well. They are poles apart.</i> $\Box$ <i>They'll never sign the contract because they are poles apart.</i>
<b>best bib and tucker</b> one's best clothing. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I always put on my best bib and tucker on Sundays.</i> $\Box$ <i>Put on your best bib and tucker, and let's go to the city.</i>
<b>be thankful for small mercies</b> to be grateful for any small benefits or advantages one has, especially in a generally difficult situation. □ We have very little money, but we must be grateful for small mercies. At least we have enough food. □ Bob was badly injured in the accident, but at least he's still alive. Let's be grateful for small mercies.
<b>beyond one's ken</b> outside the extent of one's knowledge or understanding. $\square$ <i>Why she married him is beyond our ken.</i> $\square$ <i>His attitude to others is quite beyond my ken.</i>
<b>beyond the pale</b> unacceptable; outlawed. (The Pale historically was the area of English government around Dublin. The people who lived outside this area were regarded as uncivilized.) $\square$ <i>Your behaviour is simply beyond the pale.</i> $\square$ <i>Because of Tom's rudeness, he's considered beyond the pale and is never asked to parties any more.</i>
beyond the shadow of a doubt AND beyond any shadow of doubt completely without doubt. (Said of a fact, not a person.) □ We accepted her story as true beyond the shadow of a doubt. □ Please assure us that you are certain of the facts beyond any shadow of doubt.
<b>beyond words</b> more than one can say. (Especially with <i>grateful</i> and thankful.) $\square$ Sally was thankful beyond words at being released. $\square$ I don't know how to thank you. I'm grateful beyond words.
<b>bide one's time</b> to wait patiently. $\square$ <i>I've been biding my time for years, just waiting for a chance like this.</i> $\square$ <i>He's not the type to just sit there and bide his time. He wants some action.</i>
<b>bite someone's head off</b> to speak sharply and angrily to someone. (Informal.) $\square$ There was no need to bite Mary's head off just because she was five minutes late. $\square$ The boss has been biting every-
body's head off since his wife left him.  bite the hand that feeds one to do harm to someone who does
good things for you $\square$ $I'm$ your mother! How can you hite the hand

reported her stepmother to the police for shop-lifting.
<b>bitter pill to swallow</b> an unpleasant fact that has to be accepted □ <i>It was a bitter pill for her brother to swallow when she married his enemy.</i> □ <i>We found his deception a bitter pill to swallow.</i>
<b>black sheep (of the family)</b> a member of a family or group who is unsatisfactory or not up to the standard of the rest; the wors member of the family. $\square$ Mary is the black sheep of the family. She's always in trouble with the police. $\square$ The others are all in well-paid jobs but John is unemployed. He's the black sheep of the family.
<b>blank cheque</b> freedom or permission to act as one wishes or thinks necessary. (From a signed bank cheque with the amount left blank.) $\square$ He's been given a blank cheque with regard to reorganizing the workforce. $\square$ The manager has been given no instructions about how to train the staff. He's just been given a blank cheque.
<b>blow hot and cold</b> to be changeable or uncertain (about something). (Informal.) $\square$ He keeps blowing hot and cold on the question of moving to the country. $\square$ He blows hot and cold about this. I wish he'd make up his mind.
blow off steam See let off steam.
<b>blow one's own trumpet</b> to boast; to praise oneself. $\square$ <i>Tom is always blowing his own trumpet. Is he really as good as he says he is:</i> $\square$ <i>I find it hard to blow my own trumpet, so no one takes any notice of me.</i>
<b>blow the lid off (something)</b> to reveal something, especially wrongdoing; to make wrongdoing public. (Informal.) $\Box$ The police blew the lid off the smuggling ring. $\Box$ The journalists blew the lid of the group's illegal activities.
<b>blow up in someone's face</b> [for something] suddenly to get ruined or destroyed while seeming to go well. $\square$ <i>All my plans blew up in my face when she broke off the engagement.</i> $\square$ <i>It is terrible for your hopes of promotion to blow up in your face.</i>
<b>blue blood</b> the blood [heredity] of a noble family; aristocratic ancestry. $\Box$ The earl refuses to allow anyone who is not of blue blood to marry his son $\Box$ Although Mary's family are poor, she has blue blood

in her veins.

that feeds you?  $\Box$  It's a real case of biting the hand that feeds her. She's

<b>Pone of contention</b> the subject or point of an argument; an unsetled point of disagreement. $\square$ We've fought for so long that we've fortetten what the bone of contention is. $\square$ The question of a fence between the houses has become quite a bone of contention.
<b>born with a silver spoon in one's mouth</b> born with many advanages; born to a wealthy family; born to have good fortune. $\square$ <i>Sally was born with a silver spoon in her mouth.</i> $\square$ <i>It never rains when he was on holiday. He was born with a silver spoon in his mouth.</i>
<b>Pow and scrape</b> to be very humble and subservient. □ <i>Please don't</i> now and scrape. We are all equal here. □ The shop assistant came in, powing and scraping, and asked if he could help us.
Box and Cox two people who keep failing to meet. (Although they both sometimes go to the same place, they are never there at the ame time. From characters in a nineteenth-century play, one of whom rented a room by day, the other the same room by night.) $\square$ since her husband started doing night-shifts, they are Box and Cox. She heaves for work in the morning before he gets home. $\square$ The two teachers are Box and Cox. Mr. Smith takes class on Monday and Wednesday, and Mr. Brown on Tuesday and Thursday.
<b>Preak new ground</b> to begin to do something which no one else has lone; to pioneer (in an enterprise). $\square$ <i>Dr. Anderson was breaking new ground in cancer research.</i> $\square$ <i>They were breaking new ground in conumer electronics.</i>
<b>Preak one's duck</b> to have one's first success at something. (From a cricketing expression meaning "to begin scoring.") □ At last Jim's proken his duck. He's got a girl to go out with him. □ Jane has failed all her exams up until now, but she's broken her duck by passing French.
<b>preak one's word</b> not to do what one said one would; not to keep one's promise. □ <i>Don't say you'll visit your grandmother if you can't to. She hates for people to break their word.</i> □ <i>If you break your word, he won't trust you again.</i>
<b>Preak someone's fall</b> to cushion a falling person; to lessen the mpact of a falling person. $\square$ When the little boy fell out of the window, the bushes broke his fall. $\square$ The old lady slipped on the ice, but a nowbank broke her fall.

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<b>break the news (to someone)</b> to tell someone some important news, usually bad news. $\Box$ <i>The doctor had to break the news to Jane about her husband's cancer.</i> $\Box$ <i>I hope that the doctor broke the news gently.</i>
<b>breathe down someone's neck</b> to keep close watch on someone, causing worry and irritation; to watch someone's activities, especially to try to hurry something along. (Informal. Refers to standing very close behind a person.) $\Box$ <i>I can't work with you breathing down my neck all the time. Go away.</i> $\Box$ <i>I will get through my life without your help. Stop breathing down my neck.</i>
<b>breathe one's last</b> to die; to breathe one's last breath. $\square$ <i>Mrs. Smith breathed her last this morning.</i> $\square$ <i>I'll keep running every day until 1 breathe my last.</i>
<b>bring down the curtain (on something)</b> See ring down the curtain (on something).
<b>bring home the bacon</b> to earn a salary. (Informal.) $\Box$ I've got to get to work if I'm going to bring home the bacon. $\Box$ Go out and get a job so you can bring home the bacon.
<b>bring something home to someone</b> to cause someone to realize the truth of something. □ Seeing the starving refugees on television really brings home the tragedy of their situation. □ It wasn't until she failed her exam that the importance of studying was brought home to her.
<b>bring something to a head</b> to cause something to come to the point when a decision has to be made or action taken. $\Box$ The latest disagreement between management and the union has brought matters to a head. There will be an all-out strike now. $\Box$ It's a relief that things have been brought to a head. The disputes have been going on for months.

**break someone's heart** to cause someone emotional pain.  $\Box$  *It just broke my heart when Tom ran away from home.*  $\Box$  *Sally broke John's* 

**break the ice** to start social communication and conversation.  $\square$  *Tom is so outgoing. He's always the first one to break the ice at par-*

heart when she refused to marry him.

ties. \(\sigma\) It's hard to break the ice at formal events.

<b>bring something to light</b> to make something known; to discover something. $\Box$ <i>The scientists brought their findings to light</i> . $\Box$ <i>We must bring this new evidence to light</i> .
<b>brush something under the carpet</b> See sweep something under the carpet.
<b>bull in a china shop</b> a very clumsy person around breakable things; a thoughtless or tactless person. ( <i>China</i> is fine crockery.) $\square$ <i>Look at Bill, as awkward as a bull in a china shop.</i> $\square$ <i>Get that big dog out of my garden. It's like a bull in a china shop.</i> $\square$ <i>Bob is so rude, a real bull in a china shop.</i>
<b>burn one's boats</b> AND <b>burn one's bridges (behind one)</b> to go so far in a course of action that one cannot turn back; to do something which makes it impossible to return to one's former position. $\Box$ I don't want to emigrate now, but I've rather burned my boats by giving up my job and selling my house. $\Box$ Mary would now like to marry Peter, but she burned her bridges behind her by breaking off the engagement.
burn one's bridges (behind one) See burn one's boats.
<b>burn the candle at both ends</b> to exhaust oneself by doing too much, for example by working very hard during the day and also staying up very late at night. □ No wonder Mary is ill. She has been burning the candle at both ends for a long time. □ You can't keep on burning the candle at both ends.
<b>burn the midnight oil</b> to stay up working, especially studying, late at night. (Refers to working by the light of an oil-lamp.) $\Box$ <i>I have to go home and burn the midnight oil tonight.</i> $\Box$ <i>If you burn the midnight oil night after night, you'll probably become ill.</i>
<b>bury the hatchet</b> to stop fighting or arguing; to end old resentments. $\Box$ <i>All right, you two. Calm down and bury the hatchet.</i> $\Box$ <i>I wish Mr. and Mrs. Franklin would bury the hatchet. They argue all the time.</i>
<b>bush telegraph</b> the informal, usually rapid spreading of news or information by word of mouth. □ <i>The bush telegraph tells me that the manager is leaving.</i> □ <i>How did John know that Kate was divorced? He must have heard it on the bush telegraph.</i>
<b>business end of something</b> the part or end of something that actually does the work or carries out the procedure. $\square$ <i>Keep away</i>

from the business end of the electric drill in case you get hurt. $\Box$ Don't point the business end of that gun at anyone. It might go off.
<b>busman's holiday</b> leisure time spent doing something similar to what one does at work. □ <i>Tutoring pupils in the evening is too much of a busman's holiday for our English teacher.</i> □ <i>It's a bit of a busman's holiday to ask her to be wardrobe mistress for our amateur production in the summer. She's a professional dressmaker.</i>
<b>buy a pig in a poke</b> to purchase or accept something without having seen or examined it. ( <i>Poke</i> means "bag.") $\square$ <i>Buying a car without test driving it is like buying a pig in a poke.</i> $\square$ <i>He bought a pig in a poke when he ordered a diamond ring by mail order.</i>
<b>buy something for a song</b> to buy something cheaply. $\square$ <i>No one else wanted it, so I bought it for a song.</i> $\square$ <i>I could buy this house for a song, because it's so ugly.</i>
<b>by fits and starts</b> irregularly; unevenly; with much stopping and starting. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Somehow, they got the job done, by fits and starts.</i> $\square$ <i>By fits and starts, the old car finally got us to town.</i>
<b>by leaps and bounds</b> AND <b>in leaps and bounds</b> rapidly; by large movements forward. □ <i>Our garden is growing by leaps and bounds</i> . □ <i>The profits of my company are increasing in leaps and bounds</i> .
<b>by no means</b> absolutely not; certainly not. $\Box$ <i>I'm by no means angry with you.</i> $\Box$ "Did you put this box here?" "By no means. I didn't do it, I'm sure."
<b>by return post</b> by a subsequent immediate posting (back to the sender). (A phrase indicating that an answer is expected soon, by mail.) $\square$ <i>Since this bill is overdue, would you kindly send us your cheque by return post?</i> $\square$ <i>I answered your request by return post over a year ago. Please check your records.</i>
<b>by the same token</b> in the same way; reciprocally. $\Box$ <i>Tom must be good when he comes here, and, by the same token, I expect you to behave properly when you go to his house.</i> $\Box$ <i>The mayor votes for his friend's causes. By the same token, the friend votes for the mayor's causes.</i>
<b>by the seat of one's pants</b> by sheer luck and very little skill. (Informal. Especially with $fly$ .) $\Box$ I got through school by the seat of my pants. $\Box$ The jungle pilot spent most of his days flying by the seat of his pants.

<b>by the skin of one's teeth</b> just barely; by an amount equal to the thickness of the (imaginary) skin on one's teeth. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I got through that exam by the skin of my teeth.</i> $\Box$ <i>I got to the airport late and caught the plane by the skin of my teeth.</i>
<b>by the sweat of one's brow</b> by one's efforts; by one's hard work. $\Box$ <i>Tom grew these vegetables by the sweat of his brow.</i> $\Box$ <i>Sally made her fortune by the sweat of her brow.</i>
<b>by virtue of something</b> because of something; owing to something. $\square$ <i>She's permitted to vote by virtue of her age.</i> $\square$ <i>They are members of the club by virtue of their great wealth.</i>
<b>by word of mouth</b> by speaking rather than writing. $\Box$ <i>I learned about it by word of mouth.</i> $\Box$ <i>I need it in writing. I don't trust things I hear about by word of mouth.</i>



**call a spade a spade** to call something by its right name; to speak frankly about something, even if it is unpleasant.  $\square$  *Well, I believe* it's time to call a spade a spade. We are just avoiding the issue.  $\square$  Let's

**call it a day** to leave work and go home; to say that a day's work has been completed; to bring something to an end; to stop doing

call a spade a spade. The man is a liar.

something. (Informal.) $\square$ I'm tired. Let's call it a day even though it's only three o'clock. $\square$ They're not engaged any more. They called it a day. $\square$ I haven't finished this essay, but I'm calling it a day.
<b>call of nature</b> the need to go to the lavatory. (Humorous.) $\square$ <i>Stop</i> the car here! I have to answer the call of nature. $\square$ There was no interval in the meeting to take account of the call of nature.
<b>can't hold a candle to someone</b> not equal to someone; unable to measure up to someone. (Also with <i>cannot</i> .) $\square$ <i>Mary can't hold a candle to Ann when it comes to playing the piano.</i> $\square$ <i>As for singing, John can't hold a candle to Jane.</i>
<b>can't make head nor tail of someone or something</b> unable to understand someone or something. (Also with <i>cannot</i> .) $\Box$ <i>John is so strange. I can't make head nor tail of him.</i> $\Box$ <i>Do this report again. I can't make head nor tail of it.</i>
<b>can't see beyond the end of one's nose</b> unaware of and uncaring for the things which might happen in the future; not far-sighted. (Also with <i>cannot</i> .) □ <i>John is a very poor planner. He can't see beyond the end of his nose.</i> □ <i>Ann can't see beyond the end of her nose. She's taken a job without finding out if the firm is financially secure.</i>
<b>can't see one's hand in front of one's face</b> unable to see very far, usually owing to darkness or fog. (Also with <i>cannot</i> .) $\Box$ <i>It was so dark that I couldn't see my hand in front of my face.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bob said</i>

that the fog was so thick he couldn't see his hand in front of his face.

<b>carry all before one</b> to be exceptionally successful. $\square$ <i>He carried all before him on school prize day.</i> $\square$ <i>In the sports event, Mary just carried all before her.</i>
<b>carry a torch for someone</b> to be in love with someone who does not return love; to brood over a hopeless love affair. □ <i>John is carrying a torch for Jane</i> . □ <i>Is John still carrying a torch for his lost love?</i>
carry the day See win the day.
<b>carry the weight of the world on one's shoulders</b> to appear to be burdened by many problems. □ <i>Look at Tom. He seems to be carrying the weight of the world on his shoulders.</i> □ <i>Cheer up, Tom! You don't need to carry the weight of the world on your shoulders.</i>
<b>carte blanche</b> complete freedom to act or proceed as one pleases. (Literally, a white or blank card.) $\square$ <i>We were given carte blanche to choose the colour scheme.</i> $\square$ <i>They were not instructed where to shop. It was a case of carte blanche.</i>
<b>cast in the same mould</b> very similar. $\Box$ The two sisters are cast in the same mould—equally mean. $\Box$ All the members of that family are cast in the same mould, and all have ended up in prison.
<b>catch one's breath</b> to resume one's normal breathing after exertion; to return to normal after being busy or very active. $\Box$ <i>I ran so fast that it took me ten minutes to catch my breath.</i> $\Box$ <i>I don't have time to catch my breath. I have to start work immediately.</i>
<b>catch someone on the hop</b> to find someone unprepared or defenceless. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>The unexpected exam caught some of the pupils on the hop.</i> $\Box$ <i>The police caught the suspect on the hop and without an alibi.</i>
<b>catch someone's eye</b> to establish eye contact with someone; to attract someone's attention. $\Box$ <i>Try and catch the barman's eye.</i> $\Box$ <i>The shiny red car caught Mary's eye.</i>
<b>catch the sun</b> to become sunburnt. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>The baby's face is red</i> —she's caught the sun. $\Box$ <i>Fair-skinned people catch the sun easily.</i>
<b>Cat got your tongue?</b> Why don't you speak?; Speak up and answer my question! (Informal.) □ <i>Answer me! What's the matter, cat got</i>

your tongue? □ Why don't you speak up? Cat got your tongue?

of someone. (Informal.) $\Box$ I'm caught over a barrel, and I have to do what he says. $\Box$ Ann will do exactly what I say. She's caught over a barrel.
<b>cause tongues to wag</b> to cause people to gossip; to give people something to gossip about. □ <i>The way John was looking at Mary will surely cause tongues to wag.</i> □ <i>The way Mary was dressed will also cause tongues to wag.</i>
<b>champ at the bit</b> to be ready and anxious to do something; to be impatient. (Originally said about horses.) $\square$ <i>The children were champing at the bit to get into the swimming-pool.</i> $\square$ <i>The hounds were champing at the bit to begin the hunt.</i>
<b>chance one's arm</b> to do something risky or dangerous. $\Box$ <i>He certainly chanced his arm when he was rude to the boss's wife.</i> $\Box$ <i>Don't chance your arm by asking for yet another day off.</i>
<b>change hands</b> [for something] to be sold. (Refers to the changing of owners.) $\square$ <i>How many times has this house changed hands in the last ten years?</i> $\square$ <i>We built this house in 1920, and it has never changed hands.</i>
<b>change horses in mid-stream</b> to make major changes in an activity which has already begun; to choose someone or something else after it is too late. $\Box$ <i>I'm already baking a cherry pie. I can't bake an apple pie. It's too late to change horses in mid-stream.</i> $\Box$ <i>The house is half built. It's too late to employ a different architect. You can't change horses in mid-stream.</i>
<b>change someone's tune</b> to change the manner, attitude, or behaviour of a person, usually from bad to good, or from rude to pleasant.   The cashier was most unpleasant until she learned that I'm a bank director. Then she changed her tune.   "I shall fine you £150, and perhaps that will help change your tune," said the judge to the rude defendant.
<b>chapter and verse</b> detailed sources of information. (A reference to the method of referring to biblical texts.) □ <i>He gave chapter and verse for his reasons for disputing that Shakespeare had written the play.</i> □ <i>The suspect gave chapter and verse of his associate's activities.</i>
<b>chapter of accidents</b> a series of misfortunes. $\square$ <i>Yesterday was just a chapter of accidents—nothing went right.</i> $\square$ <i>The play rehearsal con-</i>

caught over a barrel at the mercy of someone; under the control

risted of a chapter of accidents, but the opening performance wa perfect.
<b>cheek by jowl 1.</b> side by side; close together. $\square$ The walkers had to walk cheek by jowl along the narrow streets. $\square$ The two families lived theek by jowl in one house. <b>2.</b> in co-operation; with a concerted effort. $\square$ The children worked cheek by jowl to make their mother wirthday gift in time. $\square$ All members of the transition team worked theek by jowl late into the night to get the job done.
<b>cheesed off</b> bored; depressed; annoyed. $\square$ He was cheesed off with his job. $\square$ She was cheesed off when she missed the bus.
<b>cheese-paring</b> mean; niggardly. $\square$ He was too cheese-paring to eaproperly. $\square$ The cheese-paring old woman will not give to the poor.
<b>chew the cud</b> to think deeply. (Informal. From the cow's habit oringing food back from the first stomach into the mouth to chew t, called chewing the cud.) $\Box$ <i>I can't decide where to go on holiday</i> I have to chew the cud. $\Box$ He's chewing the cud about what to do next
chilled to the bone See chilled to the marrow.
chilled to the marrow AND chilled to the bone very cold. $\square$ was chilled to the marrow in that snowstorm. $\square$ The children were chilled to the bone in that unheated room.
<b>chink in one's armour</b> a weakness or vulnerable point that provides an opportunity for attacking or impressing someone who is otherwise invulnerable.   His love for his child is the chink in his armour.
<b>chip off the old block</b> a person (usually a male) who behaves in the same way as his father or resembles his father. (Usually informal.) $\square$ <i>John looks like his father—a real chip off the old block.</i> $\square$ <i>Bil lones is a chip off the old block.</i> He's a banker just like his father.
<b>chop and change</b> to keep changing or altering something. $\Box$ The thop is always chopping and changing staff. $\Box$ The firm is constantly chopping and changing its plans.
<b>clap eyes on someone or something</b> to see someone or something, perhaps for the first time; to set eyes on someone or something. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I wish she had never clapped eyes on her fiance</i>

<b>clear the air</b> to get rid of doubts or hostile feelings. (Sometimes this is said about an argument or other unpleasantness. The litera meaning is also used.) $\Box$ <i>All right, let's discuss this frankly. It'll be better if we clear the air.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mr. and Mrs. Brown always seem to have to clear the air with a big argument before they can be sociable.</i>
<b>climb down</b> to admit that one is wrong; to admit defeat. □ They were sure they were in the right, but they climbed down when we proved them wrong. □ The teacher was forced to climb down and admit she had made a mistake.
<b>clip someone's wings</b> to restrain someone; to reduce or put are end to someone's privileges or freedom. $\Box$ <i>You had better learn to ge home on time, or your father will clip your wings.</i> $\Box$ <i>My mother threatened to clip my wings if I kept staying out late.</i>
<b>cloak-and-dagger</b> involving secrecy and plotting. $\square$ A great deal of cloak-and-dagger stuff goes on in political circles. $\square$ A lot of cloak-and-dagger activity was involved in the appointment of the director.
<b>close one's eyes to something</b> to ignore something; to pretend that something is not really happening. $\square$ You can't close your eyes to the hunger in the world. $\square$ His mother closed her eyes to the fact that he was being beaten by his father.
<b>cloud-cuckoo-land</b> an imaginary perfect world. □ He thinks that he will be able to buy a house easily, but he is living in cloud-cuckoo-land. □ She hopes to get a job travelling abroad—she must believe in cloud-cuckoo-land.
<b>clutch at straws</b> to seek something which is useless or unattainable; to make a futile attempt at something. $\Box$ <i>I really didn't think that I would get the job. I was clutching at straws.</i> $\Box$ <i>She won't accept that he was lost at sea. She's still clutching at straws.</i>
<b>cock-and-bull story</b> a silly, made-up story; a story which is untrue $\square$ <i>Don't give me that cock-and-bull story.</i> $\square$ <i>I asked for an explanation, and all I got was your ridiculous cock-and-bull story!</i>
<b>cock a snook at someone</b> to show or express defiance or scorr at someone. $\square$ He cocked a snook at the traffic warden and tore up the ticket. $\square$ The boy cocked a snook at the park attendant and walked on the grass.

<b>cock of the walk</b> someone who acts in a more important manner than others in a group. $\Box$ <i>The deputy manager was cock of the walk until the new manager arrived.</i> $\Box$ <i>He loved acting cock of the walk and ordering everyone about.</i>
<b>cold comfort</b> no comfort or consolation at all. $\square$ <i>She knows there are others worse off than her, but that's cold comfort.</i> $\square$ <i>It was cold comfort to the student that others had failed also.</i>
<b>come a cropper</b> to have a misfortune; to fail. (Literally, to fall off one's horse.) $\square$ <i>Bob invested all his money in the shares market just before it fell. Did he come a cropper!</i> $\square$ <i>Jane was out all night before she took her exams. She really came a cropper.</i>
<b>come away empty-handed</b> to return without anything. $\square$ All right, go gambling if you must. Don't come away empty-handed, though. $\square$ Go to the bank and ask for the loan again. This time try not to come away empty-handed.
<b>come down in the world</b> to lose one's social position or financial standing. $\square$ <i>Mr. Jones has really come down in the world since he lost his job.</i> $\square$ <i>If I were unemployed, I'm certain I'd come down in the world, too.</i>
<b>come down to earth</b> to become realistic or practical, especially after a period of day-dreaming; to become alert to what is going on around one. (Informal.) $\square$ You have very good ideas, John, but you must come down to earth. We can't possibly afford any of your suggestions. $\square$ Pay attention to what is going on. Come down to earth and join the discussion.
<b>come down with something</b> to become ill with some disease. $\Box$ <i>I'm afraid I'm coming down with a cold.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'll probably come down with pneumonia.</i>
<b>come from far and wide</b> to come from many different places. $\square$ <i>Everyone was there. They came from far and wide.</i> $\square$ <i>We have foods that come from far and wide.</i>
<b>come full circle</b> to return to the original position or state of affairs.   ☐ The family sold the house generations ago, but the wheel has come full circle and one of their descendants lives there now. ☐ The employers' power was reduced by the unions at one point, but the wheel has come full circle again.

<b>come home to roost</b> to return to cause trouble (for someone). $\square$ <i>As I feared, all my problems came home to roost.</i> $\square$ <i>His lies finally came home to roost. His wife discovered his adultery.</i>
<b>come in for something</b> to receive something; to acquire something. $\Box$ Mary came in for a tremendous amount of money when her aunt died. $\Box$ Her new play has come in for a lot of criticism.
<b>come into something</b> to inherit something. $\Box$ <i>Jane came into a small fortune when her aunt died.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mary does not come into her inheritance until she comes of age.</i>
<b>come of age</b> to reach an age when one is old enough to own property, get married, and sign legal contracts. $\square$ When Jane comes of age, she will buy her own car. $\square$ Sally, who came of age last month, entered into an agreement to purchase a house.
<b>come off second-best</b> to be in second place or worse; to be the loser. $\square$ <i>You can fight with your brother if you like, but you'll come off second-best.</i> $\square$ <i>Why do I always come off second-best in an argument with you?</i>
<b>come out in the wash</b> to work out all right. (Informal. This means that problems or difficulties will go away as dirt goes away in the process of washing.) □ <i>Don't worry about their accusation. It'll all come out in the wash.</i> □ <i>This trouble will go away. It'll come out in the wash.</i>
<b>come out of nowhere</b> to appear suddenly. $\square$ <i>Suddenly, a container lorry came out of nowhere.</i> $\square$ <i>The storm came out of nowhere, and we were unprepared.</i>
<b>come out of one's shell</b> to become more friendly; to be more sociable. $\Box$ Ann, you should come out of your shell and spend more time with your friends. $\Box$ Come out of your shell, Tom. Go out and make some friends.
<b>(come) rain or shine</b> no matter whether it rains or the sun shines. (Informal.) □ <i>Don't worry. I'll be there come rain or shine.</i> □ <i>We'll hold the picnic—rain or shine.</i>
<b>come round 1.</b> finally to agree or consent (to something). $\Box$ I thought he'd never agree, but in the end he came round. $\Box$ She came round only after we argued for an hour. <b>2.</b> to return to consciousness; to wake up. $\Box$ He came round after we threw cold water in his face.

$\Box$ The boxer was knocked out, but came round in a few seconds. <b>3.</b> to come for a visit; to stop by (somewhere). $\Box$ Why don't you come round about eight? I'll be home then. $\Box$ Come round some week-end when you aren't busy.
<b>come to a bad end</b> to have a disaster, perhaps one which is deserved or expected; to die an unfortunate death. $\Box$ <i>I just know that the young man will come to a bad end.</i> $\Box$ <i>The miserly shopkeeper came to a bad end and was declared bankrupt.</i>
<b>come to a head</b> to come to a crucial point; to come to a point when a problem must be solved. □ <i>Remember my problem with my neighbours? Well, last night the whole thing came to a head.</i> □ <i>The battle between the two factions of the town council came to a head yesterday.</i>
<b>come to an untimely end</b> to come to an early death. $\square$ <i>Poor Mr. Jones came to an untimely end in a car accident.</i> $\square$ <i>The older brother came to an untimely end, but the twin boys lived to a ripe old age.</i>
<b>come to a pretty pass</b> to develop into a bad, unfortunate, or difficult situation. $\Box$ <i>Things have come to a pretty pass when people have to beg in the streets.</i> $\Box$ <i>When parents are afraid of their children, things have come to a pretty pass.</i>
<b>come to grief</b> to fail or be unsuccessful; to have trouble or grief. $\Box$ <i>The artist wept when her canvas came to grief.</i> $\Box$ <i>The wedding party came to grief when the bride passed out.</i>
<b>come to light</b> to become known; to be discovered. $\square$ <i>Some interesting facts about your past have just come to light.</i> $\square$ <i>If too many bad things come to light, you may lose your job.</i>
<b>come to the fore</b> to become obvious or prominent; to become important. $\Box$ <i>The question of salary has now come to the fore.</i> $\Box$ <i>Since his great showing in court, my solicitor has really come to the fore in his profession.</i>
<b>conspicuous by one's absence</b> having one's absence noticed (at an event). $\square$ <i>We missed you last night. You were conspicuous by your absence.</i> $\square$ <i>How could the bride's father miss the wedding party? He was certainly conspicuous by his absence.</i>
<b>contradiction in terms</b> a seeming contradiction in the wording of something. $\Box$ <i>A wealthy pauper is a contradiction in terms.</i> $\Box$ <i>A</i>

straight-talking politician may seem a contradiction in terms.

$\Box$ I cooked my own goose by not showing up on time. $\Box$ Sally cooked Bob's goose for treating her the way he did.
<b>cook the books</b> to cheat in bookkeeping; to make the accounts appear to balance when they do not. $\Box$ <i>Jane was sent to jail for cooking the books of her mother's shop.</i> $\Box$ <i>It's hard to tell whether she really cooked the books or just didn't know how to add.</i>
<b>cool one's heels</b> to wait impatiently (for someone). (Informal.) $\Box$ I spent all afternoon cooling my heels in the waiting room while the doctor talked on the telephone. $\Box$ All right. If you can't behave properly, just sit down here and cool your heels until I call you.
<b>cost a pretty penny</b> to cost a lot of money. $\Box$ <i>I'll bet that diamond cost a pretty penny.</i> $\Box$ <i>You can be sure that house cost a pretty penny.</i>
<b>cost the earth</b> to cost an enormous sum of money. (Compare with pay the earth.) $\Box$ <i>That huge car must have cost the earth!</i> $\Box$ <i>Do I look as though I can afford a house that costs the earth?</i>
<b>count heads</b> to count people. $\Box$ I'll tell you how many people are here after I count heads. $\Box$ Everyone is here. Let's count heads so we can order the drinks.
<b>crack a bottle</b> to open a bottle. (Informal.) $\square$ Let's crack a bottle of champagne to celebrate. $\square$ We always crack a bottle of port at Christmas.
<b>cramp someone's style</b> to limit someone in some way. □ <i>Having her young sister with her rather cramped her style on the dance floor.</i> □ <i>To ask him to keep regular hours would really be cramping his style.</i>
<b>cross a bridge before one comes to it</b> to worry excessively about something before it happens. $\square$ <i>There is no sense in crossing that bridge before you come to it.</i> $\square$ <i>She's always crossing bridges before coming to them. She needs to learn to relax.</i>
<b>cross one's heart (and hope to die)</b> to pledge or vow that the truth is being told. $\Box$ <i>It's true, cross my heart and hope to die.</i> $\Box$ <i>It's really true—cross my heart.</i>
<b>cross swords (with someone)</b> to enter into an argument with someone. $\Box$ <i>I don't want to cross swords with Tom.</i> $\Box$ <i>The last time we crossed swords, we had a terrible time.</i>

<b>cross the Rubicon</b> to do something which inevitably commits one to a following course of action. (The crossing of the River Rubicon by Julius Caesar inevitably involved him in a war with the Senate in 49 B.C.) □ Jane crossed the Rubicon by signing the contract. □ Find another job before you cross the Rubicon and resign from this one.
<b>crux of the matter</b> the central issue of the matter. ( <i>Crux</i> is Latin for "cross.") $\Box$ <i>All right, this is the crux of the matter.</i> $\Box$ <i>It's about time that we looked at the crux of the matter.</i>
<b>cry one's eyes out</b> to cry very hard. $\square$ <i>When we heard the news, we cried our eyes out with joy.</i> $\square$ <i>She cried her eyes out after his death.</i>
<b>cry over spilled milk</b> to be unhappy about having done something which cannot be undone. ( <i>Spilled</i> can also be spelled <i>spilt</i> .) $\Box$ <i>I'm</i> sorry that you broke your bicycle, Tom. But there is nothing that can be done now. Don't cry over spilled milk. $\Box$ Ann is always crying over spilt milk.
<b>cry wolf</b> to cry out for help or to complain about something when nothing is really wrong. $\square$ <i>Pay no attention. She's just crying wolf again.</i> $\square$ <i>Don't cry wolf too often. No one will come.</i>
<b>culture vulture</b> someone whom one considers to be excessively interested in the (classical) arts. $\Box$ <i>She won't go to a funny film. She's a real culture vulture.</i> $\Box$ <i>They watch only highbrow television. They're culture vultures.</i>
<b>cupboard love</b> affection shown to someone just because of the things, such as food or clothes, they supply. $\square$ <i>She doesn't love her husband. It's just cupboard love.</i> $\square$ <i>Her affection for her foster-parents is a pretence—simply cupboard love.</i>
<b>curl up (and die)</b> to retreat and die; to shrink away because one is very embarrassed. $\square$ When I heard you say that, I could have curled up and died. $\square$ Her mother's praises made her want to curl up.
<b>curry favour (with someone)</b> to try to win favour from someone. $\Box$ <i>The solicitor tried to curry favour with the judge.</i> $\Box$ <i>It's silly to curry favour. Just act yourself.</i>
<b>cut a fine figure</b> to look good; to look elegant. $\Box$ <i>Tom really cuts a fine figure on the dance-floor.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bill cuts a fine figure since he bought</i>

some new clothes.

<b>cut a long story short</b> to bring a story to an end. (A formula which introduces a summary of a story or a joke.) $\square$ <i>And—to cut a long story short—I never got back the money that I lent him.</i> $\square$ <i>If I can cut a long story short, let me say that everything worked out fine.</i>
<b>cut and dried</b> fixed; determined beforehand; usual and uninteresting. □ <i>I find your writing quite boring. It's too cut and dried.</i> □ <i>The lecture was, as usual, cut and dried. It was the same thing we've heard for years.</i> □ <i>Our plans are all cut and dried; you can't contribute anything now.</i>
<b>cut and thrust</b> intense competition. (From sword-fighting.) $\square$ <i>Peter tired of the cut and thrust of business.</i> $\square$ <i>The cut and thrust of the stock-market is not for John.</i>
<b>cut both ways</b> to affect both sides of an issue equally. $\square$ Remember your suggestion that costs should be shared cuts both ways. You will have to pay as well. $\square$ If our side cannot take along supporters to the game, then yours cannot either. The rule has to cut both ways.
<b>cut corners</b> to reduce efforts or expenditures; to do things poorly or incompletely. (From the phrase <i>cut the corner</i> , meaning to avoid going to an intersection to turn.) $\square$ <i>You cannot cut corners when you are dealing with public safety.</i> $\square$ <i>Don't cut corners, Sally. Let's do the thing properly.</i>
<b>cut it (too) fine</b> to allow scarcely enough time, money, etc., in order to accomplish something. $\square$ <i>You're cutting it too fine if you want to catch the bus. It leaves in five minutes.</i> $\square$ <i>Joan had to search her pockets for money for the bus fare. She really cut it fine.</i>
<b>cut no ice</b> to have no effect; to make no sense; to have no influence. $\Box$ <i>That idea cuts no ice. It won't help at all.</i> $\Box$ <i>It cuts no ice that your mother is the director.</i>
<b>cut one's coat according to one's cloth</b> AND <b>cut one's coat to suit one's cloth</b> to plan one's aims and activities in line with one's resources and circumstances. $\square$ We would like a bigger house, but we must cut our coat according to our cloth. $\square$ They can't afford a holiday abroad—they have to cut their coat to suit their cloth.
cut one's coat to suit one's cloth See cut one's coat according to

one's cloth.

<b>cut one's eye-teeth on something</b> to have done something since one was very young; to have much experience at something. $\Box$ <i>Do I know about cars? I cut my eye-teeth on cars.</i> $\Box$ <i>I cut my eye-teeth on Bach. I can whistle everything he wrote.</i>
<b>cut one's teeth on something</b> to gain one's early experiences on something. $\square$ You can cut your teeth on this project before getting involved in a more major one. $\square$ The young police officers cut their teeth on minor crimes.
<b>cut someone dead</b> to ignore someone totally. $\Box$ <i>Joan was just about to speak to James when he cut her dead.</i> $\Box$ <i>Jean cut her former husband dead.</i>
<b>cut someone down to size</b> to make a person more humble. $\square$ <i>John's remarks really cut me down to size.</i> $\square$ <i>Jane is too conceited. I think her new managing director will cut her down to size.</i>
<b>cut someone to the quick</b> to hurt someone's feelings very badly. (Can be used literally when <i>quick</i> refers to the tender flesh at the base of finger- and toe-nails.) $\square$ Your criticism cut me to the quick. $\square$ Tom's sharp words to Mary cut her to the quick.
<b>cut teeth</b> [for a baby or young person] to grow teeth. $\Box$ <i>Billy is cross because he's cutting teeth</i> . $\Box$ <i>Ann cut her first tooth this week</i>



**daily dozen** physical exercises done every day. (Informal.)  $\square$  *My brother always feels better after his daily dozen.*  $\square$  *She would rather* 

do a daily dozen than go on a diet.
<b>daily grind</b> the everyday work routine. (Informal.) $\Box$ I'm getting very tired of the daily grind. $\Box$ When my holiday was over, I had to go back to the daily grind.
<b>damn someone or something with faint praise</b> to criticize someone or something indirectly by not praising enthusiastically. □ The critic did not say that he disliked the play, but he damned it with faint praise. □ Mrs. Brown is very proud of her son's achievements, but damns her daughter's with faint praise.
<b>damp squib</b> something which fails to be as successful or exciting as it promised to be. (Informal.) $\Box$ The charity ball was a bit of a damp squib. $\Box$ The much-publicized protest turned out to be a damp squib.
<b>dance attendance on someone</b> to be always ready to tend to someone's wishes or needs. □ <i>That young woman has three men dancing attendance on her.</i> □ <i>Her father expects her to dance attendance on him day and night.</i>
<b>Darby and Joan</b> an old married couple living happily together. (From a couple so-called in eighteenth-century ballads.) ☐ Her parents are divorced, but her grandparents are like Darby and Joan. ☐ It's good to see so many Darby and Joans at the party, but it needs some young couples to liven it up.
<b>dark horse</b> someone whose abilities, plans, or feelings are little known to others. (From horse-racing.) $\Box$ It's difficult to predict who will win the prize—there are two or three dark horses in the tourna-

<b>Davy Jones's locker</b> the bottom of the sea, especially when it is the final resting place for someone or something. (From seamen's name for the evil spirit of the sea.) □ <i>They were going to sail around the world, but ended up in Davy Jones's locker.</i> □ <i>Most of the gold from that trading ship is in Davy Jones's locker.</i>
<b>daylight robbery</b> [an instance of] the practice of blatantly or grossly overcharging. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>It's daylight robbery to charge that amount of money for a hotel room!</i> $\square$ <i>The cost of renting a car at that place is daylight robbery.</i>
<b>dead and buried</b> gone forever. (Refers literally to persons and figuratively to ideas and other things.) $\square$ <i>Now that Uncle Bill is dead and buried, we can read his will.</i> $\square$ <i>That way of thinking is dead and buried.</i>
<b>dead centre</b> at the exact centre of something. $\Box$ <i>The arrow hit the target dead centre.</i> $\Box$ <i>When you put the flowers on the table, put them dead centre.</i>
<b>dead on one's or its feet</b> exhausted; worn out; no longer effective or successful. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Ann is so tired. She's really dead on her feet.</i> $\square$ <i>He can't teach well any more. He's dead on his feet.</i> $\square$ <i>This inefficient company is dead on its feet.</i>
<b>dead set against someone or something</b> totally opposed to someone or something. $\Box$ <i>I'm dead set against the new rates proposal.</i> $\Box$ <i>Everyone is dead set against the MP.</i>
<b>dead to the world</b> sleeping very soundly. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>He spent the whole plane journey dead to the world.</i> $\square$ <i>Look at her sleeping. She's dead to the world.</i>
<b>death to something</b> having a harmful effect on something; liable to ruin something. □ <i>This road is terribly bumpy. It's death to tyres.</i> □ <i>Stiletto heels are death to those tiles.</i>
<b>die a natural death</b> [for something] to fade away or die down. $\Box$ I expect that all this excitement about computers will die a natural death. $\Box$ Most fads die a natural death.
<b>die laughing</b> to laugh very long and hard. (Informal.) $\Box$ The joke was so funny that I almost died laughing. $\Box$ The play was meant to be

funny, but the audience didn't exactly die laughing.

<b>die of a broken heart</b> to die of emotional distress, especially grief over a lost love. $\Box$ <i>I was not surprised to hear of her death. They say she died of a broken heart.</i> $\Box$ <i>In the film, the heroine appeared to die of a broken heart, but the audience knew she was poisoned.</i>
<b>die of boredom</b> to suffer from boredom; to be very bored. $\square$ <i>I shall die of boredom if I stay here alone all day.</i> $\square$ <i>We sat there and listened politely, even though we were dying of boredom.</i>
<b>dig one's own grave</b> to be responsible for one's own downfall or ruin. □ The manager tried to get rid of his assistant, but he dug his own grave. He got the sack himself. □ The government has dug its own grave with the new taxation bill. It won't be re-elected.
<b>dine out on something</b> to be asked to social gatherings because of the information one has. $\square$ <i>She's been dining out on the story of her promotion for months.</i> $\square$ <i>The journalist dines out on all the gossip he acquires.</i>
<b>dirt cheap</b> extremely cheap. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Buy some more of those plums. They're dirt cheap.</i> $\square$ <i>In Italy, the peaches are dirt cheap.</i>
<b>dirty look</b> a look or glance expressing disapproval or dislike. (Especially with get, give, receive.) $\Box$ I stopped whistling when I saw the dirty look on her face. $\Box$ The child who sneaked received dirty looks from the other children. $\Box$ Ann gave me a dirty look. $\Box$ I gave her a dirty look back.
do a double take to react with surprise; to have to look twice to
make sure that one really saw correctly. (Informal.) $\square$ When the boy led a goat into the park, everyone did a double take. $\square$ When the doctor saw that the man had six toes, she did a double take.
make sure that one really saw correctly. (Informal.) $\square$ When the boy led a goat into the park, everyone did a double take. $\square$ When the

manger, he would let his brother have that evening suit he never wears.

<b>do justice to something 1.</b> to do something well; to represent or portray something accurately. $\square$ Sally really did justice to the contract negotiations. $\square$ This photograph doesn't do justice to the beauty of the mountains. <b>2.</b> to eat or drink a great deal. (Informal.) $\square$ Bill always does justice to the evening meal. $\square$ The guests didn't do justice to the roast pig. There were nearly ten pounds of it left over.
<b>done to a turn</b> cooked just right. $\Box$ Yummy! This meat is done to a turn. $\Box$ I like it done to a turn, not too well done and not too raw.
<b>donkey's ages</b> AND <b>donkey's years</b> a very long time. (Informal.)  ☐ The woman hasn't been seen for donkey's ages. ☐ We haven't had a holiday in donkey's years.
donkey's years See donkey's ages.
<b>donkey-work</b> hard or boring work. (Informal.) $\square$ His wife picks flowers, but he does all the donkey-work in the garden. $\square$ I don't only baby-sit. I do all the donkey-work around the house.
<b>do one's bit</b> to do one's share of the work; to do whatever one can do to help. $\Box$ <i>Everybody must do their bit to help get things under control.</i> $\Box$ <i>I always try to do my bit. How can I help this time?</i>
<b>dose of one's own medicine</b> the same kind of, usually bad, treatment which one gives to other people. (Often with <i>get</i> or <i>have</i> .) $\square$ Sally is never very friendly. Someone is going to give her a dose of her own medicine someday and ignore her. $\square$ The thief didn't like getting a dose of his own medicine when his car was stolen.
<b>do someone down</b> to do something to someone's disadvantage. $\Box$ He really did me down when he applied for the same job. $\Box$ Don't expect Mr. Black to help you. He enjoys doing people down.
<b>do someone good</b> to benefit someone. $\Box$ A nice hot bath really does me good. $\Box$ It would do you good to lose some weight.
<b>do someone proud</b> to treat someone generously. (Informal.) $\square$ What a good hotel. The conference has done us proud. $\square$ He certainly did his daughter proud. The wedding reception cost a fortune.
<b>do someone's heart good</b> to make someone feel good emotionally. (Informal.) $\Box$ It does my heart good to hear you talk that way.

<b>do the trick</b> to do exactly what needs to be done; to be satisfactory for a purpose. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Push the car just a little more to the left. There, that does the trick.</i> $\square$ <i>If you give me two pounds, I'll have enough to do the trick.</i>
<b>double Dutch</b> language or speech that is difficult or impossible to understand. □ <i>This book on English grammar is written in double Dutch. I can't understand a word.</i> □ <i>Try to find a lecturer who speaks slowly, not one who speaks double Dutch.</i>
<b>doubting Thomas</b> someone who will not easily believe something without strong proof or evidence. (From the biblical account of the apostle Thomas, who would not believe that Christ had risen from the grave until he had touched Him.) $\square$ <i>Mary won't believe that I have a dog until she sees him. She's such a doubting Thomas.</i> $\square$ <i>This school is full of doubting Thomases. They want to see his new bike with their own eyes.</i>
<b>down at heel</b> shabby; run-down; [of a person] poorly dressed. □ <i>The tramp was really down at heel.</i> □ <i>Tom's house needs paint. It looks down at heel.</i> Also: <b>down-at-heel</b> □ <i>Look at that down-at-heel tramp.</i>
<b>down in the mouth</b> sad-faced; depressed and unsmiling. $\square$ <i>Ever since the party was cancelled, Barbara has been looking down in the mouth.</i> $\square$ <i>Bob has been down in the mouth since his girlfriend left.</i>
<b>down on one's luck</b> without any money; unlucky. (Euphemistic for poor or penniless.) □ Can you lend me twenty pounds? I've been down on my luck lately. □ The gambler had to get a job because he had been down on his luck and didn't earn enough money to live on.
<b>down to earth</b> practical; realistic; not theoretical; not fanciful. □ Her ideas for the boutique are always very down to earth. □ Those philosophers are anything but down to earth. Also: <b>down-to-earth</b> □ She's far too dreamy. We want a more down-to-earth person.
<b>drag one's feet</b> to act very slowly, often deliberately. □ The government are dragging their feet on this bill because it will lose votes. □ If the planning department hadn't dragged their feet, the building would have been built by now.
<b>draw a blank</b> to get no response; to find nothing. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I</i> asked him about Tom's financial problems, and I just drew a blank. $\Box$ We looked in the files for an hour, but we drew a blank.

draw a line between something and something else to separate two things; to distinguish or differentiate between two things. (The a can be replaced with the.) $\square$ It's necessary to draw a line between bumping into people and striking them. $\square$ It's very hard to draw the line between slamming a door and just closing it loudly.
<b>draw a red herring</b> to introduce information which diverts attention from the main issue. (See also red herring.) $\square$ The accountant drew several red herrings to prevent people from discovering that he had embezzled the money. $\square$ The government, as always, will draw a red herring whenever there is a monetary crisis.
<b>draw blood</b> to hit or bite (a person or an animal) and make a wound that bleeds. □ <i>The dog chased me and bit me hard, but it didn't draw blood.</i> □ <i>The boxer landed just one punch and drew blood immediately.</i>
<b>dream come true</b> a wish or a dream which has become a reality. □ Going to Hawaii is like having a dream come true. □ Having you for a friend is a dream come true.
<b>dressed (up) to the nines</b> dressed in one's best clothes. (Informal. Very high on a scale of one to ten.) $\square$ <i>The applicants for the job were all dressed up to the nines.</i> $\square$ <i>The wedding party were dressed to the nines.</i>
<b>dressing down</b> a scolding. $\square$ After that dressing down I won't be late again. $\square$ The boss gave Fred a real dressing down for breaking the machine.
<b>drive a hard bargain</b> to work hard to negotiate prices or agreements in one's own favour. $\Box$ All right, sir, you drive a hard bargain. I'll sell you this car for £12,450. $\Box$ You drive a hard bargain, Jane, but I'll sign the contract.
<b>drive someone up the wall</b> to annoy or irritate someone. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Stop whistling that tune. You're driving me up the wall.</i> $\square$ <i>All his talk about moving to London nearly drove me up the wall.</i>
<b>drop a bombshell</b> to announce shocking or startling news. (Informal.) $\square$ They really dropped a bombshell when they announced that the president had cancer. $\square$ Friday is a good day to drop a bombshell like that. It gives the business world the week-end to recover.

moved forward, the weaker ones dropped back. $\square$ She was winning the race at first, but soon dropped back.
<b>drop in one's tracks</b> to stop or collapse from exhaustion; to die suddenly. $\Box$ <i>If I keep working this way, I'll drop in my tracks.</i> $\Box$ <i>Uncle Bob was working in the garden and dropped in his tracks. We are all sorry that he's dead.</i>
<b>drop someone</b> to stop being friends with someone, especially with one's boyfriend or girlfriend. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Bob finally dropped Jane. I don't know what he saw in her.</i> $\square$ <i>I'm surprised that she didn't drop him first.</i>
<b>drown one's sorrows</b> to try to forget one's problems by drinking a lot of alcohol. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Bill is in the bar drowning his sorrows.</i> $\square$ <i>Jane is at home drowning her sorrows after losing her job.</i>
<b>dry run</b> an attempt; a rehearsal. □ We had better have a dry run for the official ceremony tomorrow. □ The children will need a dry run before their procession in the pageant

**drop back** to go back or remain back; to fall behind.  $\square$  *As the crowd* 



<b>eager beaver</b> someone who is very enthusiastic; someone who works very hard. □ New volunteers are always eager beavers. □ The young assistant gets to work very early. She's a real eager beaver.
<b>eagle eye</b> careful attention; an intently watchful eye. (From the sharp eyesight of the eagle.) $\Box$ The pupils wrote their essays under the eagle eye of the headmaster. $\Box$ The umpire kept his eagle eye on the ball.
<b>early bird</b> someone who gets up or arrives early or starts something very promptly, especially someone who gains an advantage of some kind by so doing. $\Box$ The Smith family are early birds. They caught the first ferry. $\Box$ I was an early bird and got the best selection of flowers.
<b>eat humble pie</b> to act very humbly, especially when one has been shown to be wrong; to accept humiliation. $\Box$ <i>I think I'm right, but</i> if I'm wrong, I'll eat humble pie. $\Box$ You think you're so smart. I hope you have to eat humble pie.
<b>eat like a bird</b> to eat only small amounts of food; to peck at one's food. $\Box$ <i>Jane is very slim because she eats like a bird.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bill is trying to lose weight by eating like a bird.</i>
<b>eat like a horse</b> to eat large amounts of food. (Informal.) $\square$ No wonder he's so fat. He eats like a horse. $\square$ John works like a horse and eats like a horse, so he never gets fat.
<b>eat one's hat</b> a phrase telling the kind of thing that one would do if a very unlikely event were actually to happen. $\Box$ I'll eat my hat if you get a rise. $\Box$ He said he'd eat his hat if she got elected.
<b>eat one's heart out 1.</b> to be very sad (about someone or something). $\square$ <i>Bill spent a lot of time eating his heart out after his divorce.</i> $\square$ <i>Sally ate her heart out when she had to sell her house.</i> <b>2.</b> to be envious (of someone or something). (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Do you like my new</i>

watch? Well, eat your heart out. It was the last one in the shop. $\square$ Eat your heart out, Jane! I've got a new girlfriend now.
<b>eat one's words</b> to have to take back one's statements; to confess that one's predictions were wrong. $\square$ You shouldn't say that to me. I'll make you eat your words. $\square$ John was wrong about the election and had to eat his words.
<b>eat out of someone's hands</b> to do what someone else wants; to obey someone eagerly. (Often with have.) $\square$ Just wait! I'll have everyone eating out of my hands. They'll do whatever I ask. $\square$ The treasurer has everyone eating out of his hands. $\square$ A lot of people are eating out of his hands.
<b>eat someone out of house and home</b> to eat a lot of food (in someone's home); to bring someone to the point of financial ruin by eating all the food in the person's house. (Informal.) □ <i>Billy has a huge appetite. He almost eats us out of house and home.</i> □ <i>When the young people come home from college, they always eat us out of house and home.</i>
<b>either feast or famine</b> either too much (of something) or not enough (of something). (Also without either.) $\square$ This month is very dry, and last month it rained almost every day. Our weather is either feast or famine. $\square$ Sometimes we are busy, and sometimes we have nothing to do. It's feast or famine.
<b>elbow-grease</b> physical exertion; hard work. (The "grease" may be the sweat that exertion produces.) $\square$ <i>It'll take some elbow-grease to clean this car.</i> $\square$ <i>Expensive polishes are all very well, but this floor needs elbow-grease.</i>
<b>eleventh-hour decision</b> a decision made at the last possible minute. $\square$ <i>Eleventh-hour decisions are seldom satisfactory.</i> $\square$ <i>The treasurer's eleventh-hour decision was made in a great hurry, but it turned out to be correct.</i>
<b>enough is as good as a feast</b> a saying that means one should be satisfied if one has enough of something to meet one's needs, and one should not seek more than one needs. $\Box$ We have enough money to live on, and enough is as good as a feast. $\Box$ I cannot understand why they want a larger house. Enough is as good as a feast.
<b>enter the lists</b> to begin to take part in a contest or argument.   He had decided not to stand for Parliament, but outgoed the lists at

the last minute. $\Box$ The family disagreement had almost been resolved when the grandfather entered the lists.
<b>escape someone's notice</b> to go unnoticed; not to have been noticed. (Usually a way to point out that someone has failed to see or respond to something.) $\Box$ <i>I suppose my earlier request escaped your notice, so I'm writing again.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'm sorry. Your letter escaped my notice.</i>
everything but the kitchen sink almost everything one can think
of. $\square$ When Sally went off to college, she took everything but the kitchen sink. $\square$ When you take a baby on holiday, you have to pack everything but the kitchen sink.
<b>everything from A to Z</b> almost everything one can think of. $\square$ She knows everything from A to Z about decorating. $\square$ The biology exam covered everything from A to Z.
<b>every time one turns around</b> frequently; at every turn; with annoying frequency. $\square$ Somebody asks me for money every time I turn around. $\square$ Something goes wrong with Bill's car every time he turns around.
<b>(every) Tom, Dick, and Harry</b> everyone without discrimination; ordinary people. (Not necessarily males.) □ The golf club is very exclusive. They don't let any Tom, Dick, or Harry join. □ Mary's sending out very few invitations. She doesn't want every Tom, Dick, and Harry turning up.
<b>expecting (a child)</b> pregnant. (A euphemism.) $\square$ <i>Tommy's mother is expecting a child.</i> $\square$ <i>Oh, I didn't know she was expecting.</i>
expense is no object See money is no object.
<b>extend one's sympathy (to someone)</b> to express sympathy to someone. (A very polite and formal way to tell someone that you are sorry about a death in the family.) $\Box$ <i>Please permit me to extend my sympathy to you and your children. I'm very sorry to hear of the death of your husband.</i> $\Box$ <i>Let's extend our sympathy to Bill Jones, whose father died this week.</i>
<b>eyeball to eyeball</b> person to person; face to face. (Informal.) $\square$ The discussions will have to be eyeball to eyeball to be effective. $\square$ Telephone conversations are a waste of time. We need to talk eyeball to eyeball.



<b>face the music</b> to receive punishment; to accept the unpleasant results of one's actions. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Mary broke a dining-room window and had to face the music when her father got home.</i> $\square$ <i>After failing a maths test, Tom had to go home and face the music.</i>
<b>face value</b> outward appearance; what something first appears to be. (From the value printed on the "face" of a coin or banknote.) □ Don't just accept her offer at face value. Think of the implications. □ Joan tends to take people at face value, and so she is always getting hurt.
<b>fair crack of the whip</b> a fair share of something; a fair opportunity of doing something. □ He doesn't want to do all the overtime. He only wants a fair crack of the whip. □ They were supposed to share the driving equally, but James refused to give Ann a fair crack of the whip.
fair do's fair and just treatment [done to someone]. (Informal.) □ It's hardly fair do's to treat her like that. □ It's not a question of fair do's. He treats everyone in the same way. Also: Fair do's! Be fair!; Be reasonable! □ Fair do's! You said you would lend me your bike if I took your books home. □ I know I said I'd baby-sit tonight, but fair do's—I hate to work late.
<b>fair game</b> someone or something that it is quite permissible to attack. $\Box$ <i>I don't like seeing articles exposing people's private lives, but politicians are fair game.</i> $\Box$ <i>Journalists always regard film-stars as fair game.</i>
<b>fall about</b> to laugh heartily. (Informal.) $\square$ We fell about at the antics of the clown. $\square$ The audience were falling about during the last act of

the comedy.

<b>fall apart at the seams</b> to break into pieces; to fall apart. □ <i>This old car is about ready to fall apart at the seams.</i> □ <i>The plan won't succeed. It's falling apart at the seams already.</i>
<b>fall between two stools</b> to come somewhere between two possibilities and so fail to meet the requirements of either. □ <i>The material is not suitable for an academic book, and it is not suitable for a popular one either. It falls between two stools.</i> □ <i>He tries to be both teacher and friend, but falls between two stools.</i>
<b>fall by the wayside</b> to give up and quit before the end (of something); not to succeed. (As if one became exhausted and couldn't finish a foot-race.) $\square$ <i>John fell by the wayside and didn't finish college.</i> $\square$ <i>Many people start out to train for a career in medicine, but some of them fall by the wayside.</i>
<b>fall down on the job</b> to fail to do something properly; to fail to do one's job adequately. (Informal.) $\Box$ The team kept losing because the coach was falling down on the job. $\Box$ Tom was sacked because he fell down on the job.
<b>fall foul of someone or something</b> to do something that annoys or offends someone or something; to do something that is contrary to the rules. $\Box$ <i>He has fallen foul of the police more than once.</i> $\Box$ <i>The political activists fell foul of the authorities.</i> $\Box$ <i>I hope I don't fall foul of your sister. She doesn't like me.</i> $\Box$ <i>John fell foul of the law.</i>
<b>fall from grace</b> to cease to be held in favour, especially because of some wrong or foolish action. $\Box$ <i>He was the teacher's prize pupil until he fell from grace by failing the history exam.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mary was the favourite grandchild until she fell from grace by running away from home.</i>
<b>fall into line</b> to conform. $\Box$ <i>If you are going to work here, you will have to fall into line.</i> $\Box$ <i>He likes to do as he pleases. He hates having to fall into line.</i>
<b>fancy someone's chances</b> to have confidence in someone's [including one's own] ability to be successful. (Informal.) $\square$ We all think she will refuse to go out with him, but he certainly fancies his chances. $\square$ The other contestants are so talented that I don't fancy his chances at all.
<b>far cry from something</b> a thing which is very different from something else. □ What you did was a far cry from what you said you were

going to do. $\square$ The song they played was a far cry from what I call music.
<b>feast one's eyes (on someone or something)</b> to look at someone or something with pleasure, envy, or admiration. $\Box$ <i>Just feast your eyes on that beautiful juicy steak!</i> $\Box$ <i>Yes, feast your eyes. You won't see one like that again for a long time.</i>
<b>feather in one's cap</b> an honour; something of which one can be proud. □ <i>Getting a new client was really a feather in my cap.</i> □ <i>It was certainly a feather in the journalist's cap to get an interview with the president.</i>
<b>feather one's (own) nest</b> to use power and prestige selfishly to provide for oneself, often immorally or illegally. □ <i>The mayor seemed</i> to be helping people, but was really feathering her own nest. □ <i>The building contractor used a lot of public money to feather his nest.</i>
<b>feel fit</b> to feel well and healthy. $\Box$ <i>If you want to feel fit, you must eat the proper food and get enough rest.</i> $\Box$ <i>I hope I still feel fit when I get old.</i>
<b>feel it beneath one (to do something)</b> to feel that one would be humbling oneself or reducing one's status to do something. $\Box$ <i>Tom feels it beneath him to scrub the floor.</i> $\Box$ <i>Ann feels it beneath her to carry her own luggage.</i> $\Box$ <i>I would do it, but I feel it beneath me.</i>
<b>feel like a million dollars</b> to feel well and healthy, both physically and mentally. $\Box$ A quick swim in the morning makes me feel like a million dollars. $\Box$ What a beautiful day! It makes you feel like a million dollars.
<b>feel like a new person</b> to feel refreshed and renewed, especially after getting well or getting dressed up. $\Box$ <i>I bought a new suit, and now I feel like a new person.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bob felt like a new person when he got out of the hospital.</i>
<b>feel something in one's bones</b> to sense something; to have an intuition about something. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>The train will be late. I feel it in my bones.</i> $\Box$ <i>I failed the test. I feel it in my bones.</i>
<b>fiddle while Rome burns</b> to do nothing or something trivial while something disastrous happens. (From a legend that the emperor

Nero played the lyre while Rome was burning.)  $\Box$  *The Opposition doesn't seem to be doing anything to stop this terrible parliamentary* 

bill. It's fiddling while Rome burns. $\square$ The doctor should have sent for an ambulance right away instead of examining her. He was just fiddling while Rome burned.
<b>fighting chance</b> a good possibility of success, especially if every effort is made. $\Box$ <i>They have at least a fighting chance of winning the race.</i> $\Box$ <i>The patient could die, but he has a fighting chance since the operation.</i>
<b>fight shy of something</b> to avoid something; to keep from doing something. $\Box$ <i>She fought shy of borrowing money from her father, but had to in the end.</i> $\Box$ <i>He's always fought shy of marrying.</i>
fill dead men's shoes See step into dead men's shoes.
<b>fill someone's shoes</b> to take the place of some other person and perform satisfactorily in that role. (As if you were wearing the other person's shoes.) $\Box$ <i>I don't know how we'll be able to do without you. No one can fill your shoes.</i> $\Box$ <i>It'll be difficult to fill Jane's shoes. She did her job very well.</i>
<b>fill the bill</b> to be exactly the thing that is needed. $\Box$ <i>Ah, this steak</i> is great. It really fills the bill. $\Box$ This new pair of shoes fills the bill nicely.
<b>find it in one's heart to do something</b> to have the courage or compassion to do something; to persuade oneself to do something. □ She couldn't find it in her heart to refuse to come home to him. □ Could you really find it in your heart to send her away?
<b>find one's feet</b> to become used to a new situation or experience.   ☐ She was lonely at first when she left home, but she is finding her feet now. ☐ It takes time to learn the office routine, but you will gradually find your feet.
<b>find one's own level</b> to find the position or rank to which one is best suited. (As water "seeks its own level.") $\square$ You cannot force junior staff to be ambitious. They will all find their own level. $\square$ The new pupil is happier in the lower class. It was just a question of letting her find her own level.
<b>find one's tongue</b> to be able to talk. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Tom was speechless for a moment. Then he found his tongue.</i> $\square$ <i>Ann was unable to find</i>

find time to catch one's breath See get time to catch one's breath.

her tongue. She sat there in silence.

isfactory situation. $\square$ The dog has eaten the steak we were going to have for dinner. This is a fine kettle of fish! $\square$ This is a pretty kettle of fish. It's below freezing outside, and the boiler won't work.
<b>fine state of affairs</b> an unpleasant state of affairs. $\Box$ This is a fine state of affairs, and it's all your fault. $\Box$ What a fine state of affairs you've got us into.
<b>fish for compliments</b> to try to get someone to pay you a compliment. (Informal.) $\square$ When she showed me her new dress, I could tell that she was fishing for a compliment. $\square$ Tom was certainly fishing for compliments when he modelled his new haircut for his friends.
<b>fish in troubled waters</b> to involve oneself in a difficult, confused, or dangerous situation, especially with a view to gaining an advantage. □ Frank is fishing in troubled waters by buying more shares in that firm. They are supposed to be in financial difficulties. □ The firm could make more money by selling armaments abroad, but they would be fishing in troubled waters.
<b>fit for a king</b> splendid; of a very high standard. $\square$ What a delicious meal. It was fit for a king. $\square$ Our room at the hotel was fit for a king.
<b>fit someone in(to something)</b> to succeed with difficulty in putting someone into a schedule. $\Box$ <i>The doctor is busy, but I can try to fit you into the appointment book.</i> $\Box$ <i>Yes, here's a free appointment. I can fit you in.</i>
<b>fix someone up (with something)</b> to arrange to provide someone with something. (Informal.) $\square$ We fixed John up with a room for the night. $\square$ The usher fixed us up with seats at the front of the theatre. $\square$ We thanked the usher for fixing us up.
<b>flash in the pan</b> something that draws a lot of attention for a very brief time. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>I'm afraid that my success as a painter was just a flash in the pan.</i> $\square$ <i>Tom had hoped to be a singer, but his career was only a flash in the pan.</i>
<b>flea in one's ear</b> a severe scolding. (Informal.) $\Box$ I got a flea in my ear when I tried to give Pat some advice. $\Box$ Margaret was only trying to help the old lady, but she came away with a flea in her ear.
<b>flesh and blood 1.</b> a living human body, especially with reference to its natural limitations; a human being. $\Box$ <i>This cold weather is more</i>

fine kettle of fish and pretty kettle of fish a real mess; an unsat-

than flesh and blood can stand. $\square$ Carrying £300 is beyond mere flesh and blood. <b>2.</b> one's own relations; one's own kin. $\square$ That's no way to treat one's own flesh and blood. $\square$ I want to leave my money to my own flesh and blood.
<b>flight of fancy</b> an idea or suggestion that is out of touch with reality or possibility. □ What is the point in indulging in flights of fancy about foreign holidays when you cannot even afford the rent? □ We are tired of her flights of fancy about marrying a millionaire.
<b>flog a dead horse</b> to try to continue discussing or arousing interest in something that already has been fully discussed or that is no longer of interest. □ Stop arguing! You have won your point. You are just flogging a dead horse. □ There's no point in putting job-sharing on the agenda. We've already voted against it four times. Why flog a dead horse?
<b>fly a kite</b> to spread rumours or suggestions about something, such as a new project, in order to find out people's attitudes to it. □ <i>The government is flying a kite with these stories of a new airport.</i> □ <i>No official proposal has been made about redundancies. The management is flying a kite by dropping hints.</i>
<b>fly-by-night</b> irresponsible; untrustworthy. (Refers to a person who sneaks away secretly in the night.) □ <i>The carpenter we employed was a fly-by-night worker who did a very bad job of work.</i> □ <i>You shouldn't deal with a fly-by-night merchant.</i>
<b>flying visit</b> a very short, often unexpected visit. $\square$ She paid us a flying visit before leaving town. $\square$ Very few people saw her in the office. It was just a flying visit.
<b>fly in the face of someone or something</b> to disregard, defy, or show disrespect for someone or something. $\Box$ <i>John loves to fly in the face of tradition.</i> $\Box$ <i>Ann made it a practice to fly in the face of standard procedures.</i>
<b>fly in the ointment</b> a small, unpleasant matter which spoils something; a drawback. □ We enjoyed the play, but the fly in the ointment was not being able to find our car afterwards. □ It sounds like a good idea, but there must be a fly in the ointment somewhere.
<b>foam at the mouth</b> to be very angry. (Informal. Related to a "mad dog"—a dog with rabies—which foams at the mouth.) □ <i>Bob was</i>

<b>follow one's nose 1.</b> to go straight ahead, the direction in which one's nose is pointing. (Informal.) □ The town that you want is straight ahead on this motorway. Just follow your nose. □ The chief's office is right around the corner. Turn left and follow your nose. <b>2.</b> to follow a smell to its source. (Informal.) □ The kitchen is at the back of the building. Just follow your nose. □ There was a bad smell in the basement—probably a dead mouse. I followed my nose until I found it.
<b>follow suit</b> to follow in the same pattern; to follow someone else's example. (From card-games.) $\square$ <i>Mary went to work for a bank, and Jane followed suit. Now they are both head cashiers.</i> $\square$ <i>The Smiths went out to dinner, but the Browns didn't follow suit. They ate at home.</i>
<b>food for thought</b> something to think about. $\Box$ <i>I don't like your idea very much, but it's food for thought.</i> $\Box$ <i>Your lecture was very good. It contained much food for thought.</i>
<b>fool's paradise</b> a condition of apparent happiness that is based on false assumptions and will not last. (Treated as a place grammatically.) $\square$ They think they can live on love alone, but they are living in a fool's paradise. $\square$ The inhabitants of the island feel politically secure, but they are living in a fool's paradise. They could be invaded at any time.
<b>fools rush in (where angels fear to tread)</b> people with little experience or knowledge often get involved in difficult or delicate situations which wiser people would avoid. □ <i>I wouldn't ask Jean about her divorce, but Kate did. Fools rush in, as they say.</i> □ <i>Only the newest member of the committee questioned the chairman's decision. Fools rush in where angels fear to tread.</i>
<b>foot the bill</b> to pay the bill; to pay (for something). □ <i>Let's go out and eat. I'll foot the bill.</i> □ <i>If the insurance firm goes bankrupt, don't worry. The government will foot the bill.</i>
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furious—foaming at the mouth. I've never seen anyone so angry.  $\square$  Bill

follow one's heart to act according to one's feelings; to obey one's sympathetic or compassionate inclinations.  $\Box$  *I couldn't decide what* to do, so I just followed my heart.  $\Box$  I trust that you will follow your

foamed at the mouth in sheer rage.

heart in this matter.

<b>forbidden fruit</b> someone or something that one finds attractive or desirable partly because the person or thing is unobtainable. (From the fruit in the garden of Eden that was forbidden to Adam by God.) □ <i>Jim is in love with his sister-in-law only because she's forbidden fruit.</i> □ <i>The boy watches that programme only when his parents are out. It's forbidden fruit.</i>
<b>force someone's hand</b> to force one to do something that one is unwilling to do or sooner than one wants to do it. (Refers to a handful of cards in card-playing.) $\square$ We didn't know what she was doing until Tom forced her hand. $\square$ The committee didn't want to reveal their plans so soon, but we forced their hand.
<b>for days on end</b> for many days without a break. $\square$ We kept on travelling for days on end. $\square$ Doctor, I've had this pain for days on end.
<b>forget oneself</b> to forget one's manners or training. (Said in formal situations in reference to bad table manners or bad taste.) □ Sorry, Mother, I forgot myself. I didn't mean to use a swear-word. □ John, we are going out to dinner tonight. Please don't forget yourself and gulp down your food.
<b>forgive and forget</b> to forgive someone (for something) and forget that it ever happened. $\Box$ <i>I'm sorry we quarrelled, John. Let's forgive and forget. What do you say?</i> $\Box$ <i>It was nothing. We'll just have to forgive and forget.</i>
for sale See on sale.
<b>for the record</b> so that (one's own version of) the facts will be known; so there will be a record of a particular fact. □ <i>I'd like to say</i> —for the record—that at no time have I ever accepted a bribe from anyone. □ For the record, I've never been able to get anything done around city hall without bribing someone.
<b>foul one's own nest</b> to harm one's own interests; to bring disadvantage upon oneself. □ He tried to discredit a fellow MP with the prime minister, but just succeeded in fouling his own nest. □ The boss really dislikes Mary. She certainly fouled her own nest when she spread those rumours about him.
<b>foul play</b> illegal activity; a criminal act. $\Box$ <i>The police investigating the death suspect foul play</i> $\Box$ <i>Foul play cannot be ruled out.</i>

be so relaxed? $\square$ Now, take it easy. Just act free and easy. No one will know you're nervous.
<b>(fresh fields and) pastures new</b> new places; new activities. (From a line in Milton's poem $Lycidas$ .) $\Box$ $I$ used to like living here, but it fresh fields and pastures new for me now. $\Box$ Peter has decided to leave teaching. He's looking for fresh fields and pastures new. $\Box$ $I$ t's all verwell to seek pastures new, but think of the unemployment situation.
<b>from pillar to post</b> from one place to another or to a series of other places. $\square$ <i>My father was in the army, and we moved from pillar to post year after year.</i> $\square$ <i>I went from pillar to post trying to find a telephone</i>
<b>from rags to riches</b> from poverty to wealth. $\Box$ The princess use to be quite poor. She certainly moved from rags to riches when she married. $\Box$ When I inherited the money, I went from rags to riches.
<b>from stem to stern</b> from one end to another. (Refers to the from and back ends of a ship. Also used literally in reference to ships. $\Box$ <i>Now, I have to clean the house from stem to stern.</i> $\Box$ <i>I polished me car carefully from stem to stern.</i>
<b>from the word go</b> from the beginning. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I knew about the problem from the word go.</i> $\Box$ <i>She was doing badly in the class from the word go.</i>
<b>from the year dot</b> AND <b>since the year dot</b> for a very long time since very far back in time. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Mr. Jones worked ther from the year dot.</i> $\square$ <i>I've known Mike since the year dot.</i>
<b>full of oneself</b> conceited; self-important. $\square$ <i>Mary's very unpopular because she's so full of herself.</i> $\square$ <i>She doesn't care about other people's feelings. She's too full of herself.</i>
<b>full of the devil</b> always making mischief. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Tom is lot of fun, but he's certainly full of the devil.</i> $\square$ <i>I've never seen a chill get into so much mischief. He's really full of the devil.</i>
<b>full steam ahead</b> forward at the greatest speed possible; with a much energy and enthusiasm as possible. (From an instruction gives on a steamship.) $\square$ It will have to be full steam ahead for everybod if the factory gets this order. $\square$ It's going to be full steam ahead for me this year. I take my final exams.

free and easy casual.  $\Box$  John is so free and easy. How can anyone

fun and games 1. playing around; someone's lively behaviour
(Informal.)   All right, Bill, the fun and games are over. It's time to
get down to work. $\square$ I'm tired of your fun and games. Go away and
read a book. <b>2.</b> difficulties; trouble.   — There will be fun and game.
when her father sees the broken window. $\Box$ There will be fun and game.
if the children are home late.



game at which two can play a manner of competing which two

competitors can use; a strategy that competing sides can both use $\square$ The mayor shouted at the town council, "Politics is a game at which two can play." $\square$ "Flattery is a game at which two can play," said John as he returned Mary's compliment. Also: <b>two can play at that game</b> two people can compete, using the same strategy. $\square$ I'm sorry you're being so hard to deal with. Two can play at that game.
<b>generous to a fault</b> too generous. $\square$ My favourite uncle is generous to a fault. $\square$ Sally—always generous to a fault—gave away her sandwiches.
<b>get a black eye</b> to get a bruise near the eye from being struck (Note: <i>Get</i> can be replaced with <i>have</i> . See the variations in the examples. <i>Get</i> usually means to become, to acquire, or to cause. <i>Have</i> usually means to possess, to be, or to have resulted in.) $\Box$ <i>I got a black eye from walking into a door.</i> $\Box$ <i>I have a black eye where John hit me</i> also: <b>give someone a black eye</b> to hit someone near the eye so that a dark bruise appears. $\Box$ <i>John became angry and gave me a black eye</i> .
<b>get above oneself</b> to think or behave as though one is better or more important than one is. $\Box$ <i>John has been getting a bit above himself since he was promoted. He never goes for a drink with his old colleagues.</i> $\Box$ <i>There was no need for her to get above herself just because she married a wealthy man.</i>
<b>get a clean bill of health</b> [for someone] to be pronounced healthy by a doctor. (Also with <i>have</i> . See the note at get a black eye. From the fact that ships were given a clean bill of health before sailing only

after the absence of infectious disease was certified.)  $\square$  Sally got a clean bill of health from the doctor.  $\square$  Now that Sally has a clean bill of health, she can go back to work. Also: give someone a clean

<b>bill of health</b> [for a doctor] to pronounce someone well and healthy. □ <i>The doctor gave Sally a clean bill of health</i> .
<b>get a good run for one's money</b> to receive what one deserves, expects, or wants; to be well compensated for effort, money, etc., spent. (Informal. Also with have.) $\Box$ If Bill gets a good run for his money, he will be satisfied. $\Box$ Even if she does get the sack now, she's had a good run for her money. She's been there for years.
<b>get a lucky break</b> to have good fortune; to receive a bit of luck. (Informal. Also with <i>have</i> . See the note at <b>get a black</b> eye.) $\square$ <i>Mary really got a lucky break when she got that job.</i> $\square$ <i>After losing three times, John finally had a lucky break</i> .
<b>get a lump in one's throat</b> to have the feeling of something in one's throat—as if one were going to cry; to become emotional or sentimental. (Also with <i>have</i> . See the note at <b>get</b> a <b>black eye</b> .) $\square$ Whenever they play the national anthem, I get a lump in my throat. $\square$ I have a lump in my throat because my friends are going away.
<b>get a slap on the wrist</b> to get a light punishment (for doing something wrong). (Informal.) $\square$ <i>He created quite a disturbance, but he only got a slap on the wrist.</i> $\square$ <i>I thought I'd just get a slap on the wrist for speeding, but I got fined</i> £200.
<b>get a start</b> to receive training or a big opportunity in beginning one's career. □ She got a start in show business in Manchester. □ She got a start in modelling when she was only four. Also: <b>give someone a start</b> to give one training or a big opportunity in beginning one's career. □ My career began when my father gave me a start in his act.
<b>get a tongue-lashing</b> to receive a severe scolding. $\Box$ <i>I really got a tongue-lashing when I got home.</i> $\Box$ <i>She got a terrible tongue-lashing from her mother.</i> Also: <b>give someone a tongue-lashing</b> to give someone a severe scolding. $\Box$ <i>I gave Bill a real tongue-lashing when he got home late.</i>
<b>get away (from it all)</b> to get away from one's work or daily routine; to go on a holiday. $\Box$ <i>I just love the summer when I can take time off and get away from it all.</i> $\Box$ <i>Yes, that's the best time to get away.</i>
<b>get a word in (edgeways)</b> to succeed in saying something when other people are talking and one is being ignored. (Often in the neg-

ative.)  $\square$  It was such an exciting conversation that I could hardly get

a word in edgeways. $\square$ Mary talks so fast that nobody can get a word in edgeways.
<b>get back on one's feet</b> to become independent again; to become able to move around again. (Note the variations with <i>own</i> and <i>two</i> in the examples.) $\square$ He was sick for a while, but now he's getting back on his feet. $\square$ My parents helped a lot when I lost my job. I'm glad I'm back on my own feet now. $\square$ It feels great to be back on my own two feet again.
<b>get butterflies in one's stomach</b> to get a nervous feeling in one's stomach. (Informal. Also with have. See the note at get a black eye.) □ Whenever I have to go on stage, I get butterflies in my stomach. □ She always has butterflies in her stomach before a test. Also: <b>give one butterflies in one's stomach</b> to cause someone to have a nervous stomach. □ Exams give me butterflies in my stomach.
<b>get by (on a shoe-string)</b> to manage to live (on very little money). $\Box$ For the last two years, we have had to get by on a shoe-string. $\Box$ With so little money, it's hard to get by.
<b>get carried away</b> to be overcome by emotion or enthusiasm (in one's thinking or actions). $\square$ <i>Calm down, Jane. Don't get carried away.</i> $\square$ <i>Here, Bill. Take this money and go to the sweet-shop, but don't get carried away.</i>
<b>get cold feet</b> to become timid or frightened. (Also with have. See the note at get a black eye.) $\Box$ I usually get cold feet when I have to speak in public. $\Box$ John got cold feet and wouldn't run in the race. $\Box$ I can't give my speech now. I have cold feet.
<b>get credit (for something)</b> to receive praise or recognition for one's role in something. (Especially with a lot of, much, etc., as in the examples.) $\square$ Mary should get a lot of credit for the team's success. $\square$ Each of the team captains should get credit. Also: <b>give someone credit (for something)</b> to praise or recognize someone for doing something. $\square$ The coach gave Mary a lot of credit. $\square$ The director gave John much credit for his fine performance.
<b>get down to brass tacks</b> to begin to talk about important things. (Informal.) $\square$ Let's get down to brass tacks. We've wasted too much time chatting. $\square$ Don't you think that it's about time to get down to brass tacks?

<b>get down to business</b> to begin to get serious; to begin to negotiate or conduct business. $\Box$ All right, everyone. Let's get down to business. There has been enough playing around. $\Box$ When the president and vice-president arrive, we can get down to business.
<b>get in someone's hair</b> to bother or irritate someone. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>Billy is always getting in his mother's hair.</i> $\Box$ <i>I wish you'd stop getting in my hair.</i>
<b>get into full swing</b> to move into the peak of activity; to start moving fast or efficiently. (Informal.) $\square$ In the summer months, things really get into full swing around here. $\square$ We go skiing in the mountains each winter. Things get into full swing there in November.
<b>get into the swing of things</b> to join in the routine or the activities. (Informal.) □ <i>Come on, Bill. Try to get into the swing of things.</i> □ <i>John just couldn't seem to get into the swing of things.</i>
<b>get nowhere fast</b> not to make progress; to get nowhere. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I can't seem to make any progress. No matter what I do, I'm just getting nowhere fast.</i> $\Box$ <i>Come on. Go faster! We're getting nowhere fast.</i>
<b>get off lightly</b> to receive very little punishment (for doing something wrong). □ <i>It was a serious crime, but Mary got off lightly.</i> □ <i>Billy's punishment was very light. Considering what he did, he got off lightly.</i>
<b>get off to a flying start</b> to have a very successful beginning to something. $\square$ The new business got off to a flying start with those export orders. $\square$ We shall need a large donation from the local council if the charity is to get off to a flying start.
<b>get one's come-uppance</b> to get a reprimand; to get the punishment one deserves. $\square$ <i>Tom is always insulting people, but he finally got his come-uppance. Bill hit him.</i> $\square$ <i>I hope I don't get my come-uppance like that.</i>
<b>get one's fill of someone or something</b> to receive enough of someone or something. (Also with have. See the note at <b>get a black</b> eye.) $\square$ You'll soon get your fill of Tom. He can be quite a pest. $\square$ I can never get my fill of shrimps. I love them. $\square$ Three weeks of visiting grandchildren is enough. I've had my fill of them.

<b>get one's fingers burned</b> to have a bad experience. (Also used literally.) $\Box$ <i>I tried that once before and got my fingers burned. I won't try it again.</i> $\Box$ <i>If you buy shares and get your fingers burned, you then tend to leave your money in the bank.</i>
<b>get one's foot in the door</b> to achieve a favourable position (for further action); to take the first step in a process. (People selling things from door to door used to block the door with a foot, so it could not be closed on them. Also with have. See the note at get a black eye.) $\Box$ I think I could get the position if I could only get my foot in the door. $\Box$ It pays to get your foot in the door. Try to get an appointment with the managing director. $\Box$ I have a better chance now that I have my foot in the door.
<b>get one's just deserts</b> to get what one deserves. $\Box$ <i>I feel better now that Jane got her just deserts. She really insulted me.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bill got back exactly the treatment which he gave out. He got his just deserts.</i>
<b>get one's money's worth</b> to get everything that has been paid for; to get the best quality for the money paid. □ Weigh that pack of meat before you buy it. Be sure you're getting your money's worth. □ The show was so bad we felt we hadn't got our money's worth.
<b>get one's nose out of someone's business</b> to stop interfering in someone else's business; to mind one's own business. (Informal.) □ Go away! Get your nose out of my business! □ Bob just can't seem to get his nose out of other people's business. Also: <b>keep one's nose out of someone's business</b> to refrain from interfering in some-
one else's business. $\Box$ Let John have his privacy, and keep your nose out of my business, too!
<b>1</b> / <b>1</b> /

this problem.

<b>get on the good side of someone</b> to get into someone's favour.  □ You had better behave properly if you want to get on the good side of Mary. □ If you want to get on the good side of your teacher, you must do your homework. Also: <b>keep on the good side of someone</b> to stay in someone's favour. □ You have to work hard to keep on the good side of the manager.
<b>get out of the wrong side of the bed</b> to get up in the morning in a bad mood. $\square$ What's wrong with you? Did you get out of the wrong side of the bed today? $\square$ Excuse me for being cross. I got out of the wrong side of the bed.
<b>get someone off the hook</b> to free someone from an obligation. (Informal.) $\Box$ Thanks for getting me off the hook. I didn't want to attend that meeting. $\Box$ I couldn't get Tom off the hook by myself. Also: <b>get off the hook</b> to get free from an obligation. $\Box$ She did everything she could to get off the hook. $\Box$ I couldn't get off the hook by myself.
<b>get someone's number</b> to find out about a person; to learn the key to understanding a person. (Informal. Also with <i>have</i> . See the note at get a black eye.) $\Box$ <i>I'm going to get your number if I can. You're a real puzzle.</i> $\Box$ <i>I've got Tom's number. He's ambitious.</i>
<b>get something off one's chest</b> to tell something that has been bothering you. (Also with have. See the note at <b>get</b> a <b>black eye</b> .) $\Box$ I have to get this off my chest. I broke your window with a stone. $\Box$ I knew I'd feel better when I had that off my chest.
<b>get something out of one's system</b> to be rid of the desire to do something; to do something that you have been wanting to do so that you are not bothered by wanting to do it any more. $\Box$ I bought a new car. I've been wanting to for a long time. I'm glad I finally got that out of my system. $\Box$ I can't get it out of my system! I want to go back to university and get a degree.
<b>get something under one's belt</b> (Informal. Also with have. See the note at get a black eye.) <b>1.</b> to eat or drink something. $\Box$ <i>I'd feel a lot better if I had a cool drink under my belt.</i> $\Box$ <i>Come in out of the cold and get a nice warm meal under your belt.</i> <b>2.</b> to learn something well; to assimilate some information; to get work done. $\Box$ <i>I have to study tonight. I have to get a lot of algebra under my belt.</i> $\Box$ <i>I have to get all these reports under my belt hefore I go home.</i>

1	get the ball rolling See start the ball rolling.
]	<b>get the brush-off</b> to be ignored or sent away; to be rejected. (Informal.) $\square$ Don't talk to Tom. You'll just get the brush-off. $\square$ I went up to her and asked for a date, but I got the brush-off.
j 6	<b>get the hang of something</b> to learn how to do something; to learn how something works. (Informal. Also with <i>have</i> . See the note at get a black eye.) $\square$ As soon as I get the hang of this computer, I'll be able to work faster. $\square$ Now that I have the hang of starting the car in cold weather, I won't have to get up so early.
	<b>get the last laugh</b> to laugh at or ridicule someone who has laughed at or ridiculed you; to put someone in the same bad position that you were once in. (Also with have. See the note at get a black eye.) $\Box$ John laughed when I got a D on the final exam. I got the last laugh though. He failed the course. $\Box$ Mr. Smith said I was foolish when I bought an old building. I had the last laugh when I sold it a month later for twice what I paid for it.
1	get the runaround to receive a series of excuses, delays, and referrals. (Informal.) \(\sum You'll\) get the runaround if you ask to see the manager. \(\sum I\) hate it when I get the runaround. Also: give someone the runaround to give someone a series of excuses, delays, and referrals. \(\sum If\) you ask to see the manager, they'll give you the runaround
1	<b>get the shock of one's life</b> to receive a serious (emotional) shock (Also with have. See the note at <b>get a black eye.</b> ) $\Box$ I opened the telegram and got the shock of my life. $\Box$ I had the shock of my life when I won £5,000.
[	<b>get the show on the road</b> to get (something) started. (Informal.) $\Box$ Hurry up! Let's get the show on the road. $\Box$ If you don't get the show on the road now, we'll never finish today.
İ	get time to catch one's breath AND find time to catch one's breath to find enough time to relax or behave normally. (See also catch one's breath.) □ When things slow down around here, I'll get time to catch my breath. □ Sally was so busy she couldn't find time to catch her breath.
	<b>getting on (in years)</b> growing older. $\Box$ <i>Grandfather is getting or in years.</i> $\Box$ <i>Yes, he's really getting on.</i>

<b>get to one's feet</b> to stand up, sometimes in order to address the audience. $\Box$ On a signal from the director, the singers got to their feet. $\Box$ I was so weak, I could hardly get to my feet.
<b>get to the bottom of something</b> to get an understanding of the causes of something. $\square$ We must get to the bottom of this problem immediately. $\square$ There is clearly something wrong here, and I want to get to the bottom of it.
<b>get under someone's skin</b> to bother or irritate someone. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>John is so annoying. He really gets under my skin.</i> $\square$ <i>I know he's a nuisance, but don't let him get under your skin.</i>
<b>get what is coming to one</b> to get what one deserves, usually something bad. $\Box$ <i>If you cheat, you'll get into trouble. You'll get what's coming to you.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bill got what was coming to him when Ann left him.</i> Also: <b>give one what is coming to one</b> to give one what one deserves. $\Box$ <i>Jim gave Bill what was coming to him.</i>
<b>get wind of something</b> to hear about something; to receive information about something. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I just got wind of the job vacancy and have applied.</i> $\Box$ <i>Wait until the treasurer gets wind of this. Somebody is going to get in trouble.</i>
<b>gild the lily</b> to add ornament or decoration to something which is pleasing in its original state; to attempt to improve something which is already fine the way it is. (Often refers to flattery or exaggeration.) $\square$ Your house has lovely brickwork. Don't paint it. That would be gilding the lily. $\square$ Oh, Sally. You're beautiful the way you are. You don't need make-up. You would be gilding the lily.
<b>give a good account of oneself</b> to do (something) well or thoroughly. $\Box$ <i>John gave a good account of himself when he gave his speech last night.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mary was not hungry, and she didn't give a good account of herself at dinner.</i>
<b>give as good as one gets</b> to give as much as one receives. $\square$ <i>John can hold his own in a fight. He can give as good as he gets.</i> $\square$ <i>Sally usually wins a formal debate. She gives as good as she gets.</i>
<b>give credit where credit is due</b> to give credit to someone who deserves it; to acknowledge or thank someone who deserves it. □ We must give credit where credit is due. Thank you very much, Sally. □ Let's give credit where credit is due. Mary is the one who wrote the report, not lane.

<b>give ground</b> to retreat (literally or figuratively). $\square$ When I argue with Mary, she never gives ground. $\square$ I approached the barking dog, but it wouldn't give ground.
<b>give it to someone straight</b> to tell something to someone clearly and directly. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Come on, give it to me straight. I want to know exactly what happened.</i> $\square$ <i>Quit wasting time, and tell me. Give it to me straight!</i>
<b>give of oneself</b> to be generous with one's time and concern. $\square$ <i>Tom is very good with children because he gives of himself.</i> $\square$ <i>If you want to have more friends, you have to learn to give of yourself.</i>
<b>give one one's marching orders</b> to sack someone; to dismiss someone from employment. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Tom has proved unsatisfactory. I decided to give him his marching orders.</i> $\square$ <i>We might even give Sally her marching orders, too.</i>
<b>give oneself airs</b> to act in a conceited or superior way. □ Sally is always giving herself airs. You'd think she had royal blood. □ Come on, John. Don't behave so haughtily. Stop giving yourself airs.
<b>give one's right arm (for someone or something)</b> to be willing to give something of great value for someone or something. $\Box$ <i>I'd give my right arm for a nice cool drink.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'd give my right arm to be there.</i> $\Box$ <i>Tom really admires John. Tom would give his right arm for John.</i>
<b>give someone a piece of one's mind</b> to reprimand or scold someone; to tell someone off. $\Box$ <i>I've had enough from John. I'm going to give him a piece of my mind.</i> $\Box$ <i>Sally, stop it, or I'll give you a piece of my mind.</i>
<b>give someone or something a wide berth</b> to keep a reasonable distance from someone or something. (Originally referred to sailing ships.) $\square$ <i>The dog we are approaching is very bad-tempered. Better give it a wide berth.</i> $\square$ <i>Give Mary a wide berth. She's in a very bad mood.</i>
<b>give someone pause for thought</b> to cause someone to stop and think. $\Box$ When I see a golden sunrise, it gives me pause for thought. $\Box$ Witnessing an accident is likely to give all of us pause for thought.
give someone the shirt off one's back to be very generous or solicitous towards someone. □ Tom really likes Bill. He'd give Bill

the shirt off his back. $\square$ John is so friendly that he'd give anyone the shirt off his back.
<b>give someone tit for tat</b> to give someone something equal to what one has received; to exchange a series of things, one by one, with someone. (Informal.) $\Box$ They took my car after I took theirs. It was tit for tat. $\Box$ He punched me, so I punched him. Every time he hit me, I hit him. I just gave him tit for tat.
<b>give something a lick and a promise</b> to do something poorly—quickly and carelessly. (Informal.) □ John! You didn't clean your room! You just gave it a lick and a promise. □ This time, Tom, comb your hair. It looks as if you just gave it a lick and a promise.
<b>give something a miss</b> not to go to something; not to bother with something; to leave something alone. (Informal.) $\square$ Betty decided to give the fair a miss this year. $\square$ I regretted having to give Monday's lecture a miss, but I was just too busy to attend.
<b>give something one's best shot</b> to give a task one's best effort. (Informal. Often with $it$ .) $\Box$ I gave the project my best shot. $\Box$ Sure, try it. Give it your best shot!
give the devil her due See give the devil his due.
give the devil his due AND give the devil her due to give your foe proper credit (for something). (This usually refers to a person who has acted in an evil way—like the devil.) □ She's generally impossible, but I have to give the devil her due. She's always honest. □ John may squander money, but give the devil his due. He makes sure his family are well taken care of.
<b>give the game away</b> to reveal a plan or strategy. (Informal.) $\square$ Now, all of you have to keep quiet. Please don't give the game away. $\square$ If you keep giving out hints, you'll give the game away.
<b>give up the ghost 1.</b> to die; to release one's spirit. (Considered formal or humorous.) $\square$ The old man sighed, rolled over, and gave up the ghost. $\square$ I'm too young to give up the ghost. <b>2.</b> to quit; to cease trying. $\square$ Don't give up the ghost. Keep trying! $\square$ The runner gave up the ghost and failed to complete the race.
<b>give voice to something</b> to express a feeling or an opinion in words; to speak out about something. □ <i>The bird gave voice to its</i>

joy in the golden sunshine. $\square$ All the people gave voice to their anger with the government.
<b>glut on the market</b> something on the market in great abundance. □ <i>Right now, small computers are a glut on the market.</i> □ <i>Some years ago, small transistor radios were a glut on the market.</i>
<b>glutton for punishment</b> someone who seems to like doing or seeking out difficult, unpleasant, or badly paid tasks. $\Box$ <i>If you work for this charity, you'll have to be a glutton for punishment and work long hours for nothing.</i> $\Box$ <i>Jane must be a real glutton for punishment. She's typing Bill's manuscript free of charge and he doesn't even thank her.</i>
<b>go against the grain</b> to go against the natural direction or inclination. $\square$ You can't expect me to help you cheat. That goes against the grain. $\square$ Would it go against the grain for you to lend her money?
<b>go back on one's word</b> to break a promise which one has made □ <i>I hate to go back on my word, but I won't pay you £100 after all.</i> □ <i>Going back on your word makes you a liar.</i>
<b>go begging</b> to be unwanted or unused. (As if a thing were begging for an owner or a user.) $\square$ There is still food left. A whole lobster is going begging. Please eat some more. $\square$ There are many excellent books in the library just going begging because people don't know they are there.
<b>go broke</b> to run out of money and other assets. □ This company is going to go broke if you don't stop spending money foolishly. □ I made some bad investments last year, and it looks as though I may go broke this year.
<b>go by the board</b> to get ruined or lost. (This is a nautical expression meaning to fall or be washed overboard.) $\Box$ I hate to see good food go by the board. Please eat up so we won't have to throw it out. $\Box$ Your plan has gone by the board. The entire project has been cancelled.
<b>go down fighting</b> to continue the struggle until one is completely defeated. $\Box$ <i>I won't give up easily. I'll go down fighting.</i> $\Box$ <i>Sally, who is very determined, went down fighting.</i>
<b>go downhill</b> [for something] to decline and grow worse and worse (Also used literally.) $\square$ <i>This industry is going downhill. We lose money every year.</i> $\square$ <i>As one gets older, one tends to go downhill.</i>

<b>go down in history</b> to be remembered as historically important.  □ Wellington went down in history as a famous general. □ This is the greatest affair of the century. I bet it'll go down in history.
<b>go down like a lead balloon</b> to fail, especially to fail to be funny. $\Box$ Your joke went down like a lead balloon. $\Box$ If that play was supposed to be a comedy, it went down like a lead balloon.
<b>go Dutch</b> to share the cost of a meal or some other event with someone. $\Box$ <i>I'll go out and eat with you if we can go Dutch.</i> $\Box$ <i>It's getting expensive to have Sally for a friend. She never wants to go Dutch.</i>
<b>goes without saying</b> [something] is so obvious that it need not be said. $\Box$ <i>It goes without saying that you must keep the place clean.</i> $\Box$ <i>Of course. That goes without saying.</i>
<b>go for someone or something</b> to attack someone or something; to move or lunge towards someone or something. $\Box$ <i>The dog went for the visitor and almost bit him.</i> $\Box$ <i>He went for the door and tried to break it down.</i>
<b>go from bad to worse</b> to progress from a bad state to a worse state. $\Box$ This is a terrible day. Things are going from bad to worse. $\Box$ My cold is awful. It went from bad to worse in just an hour.
<b>go haywire</b> to go wrong; to malfunction; to break down. (Informal.) $\square$ We were all organized, but our plans suddenly went haywire. $\square$ There we were, driving along, when the engine went haywire. It was two hours before the breakdown lorry came.
<b>go in for something</b> to take part in something; to enjoy (doing) something. $\Box$ <i>John doesn't go in for sports.</i> $\Box$ <i>None of them seems to go in for swimming.</i>
<b>going great guns</b> going energetically or fast. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>I'm over my cold and going great guns.</i> $\square$ <i>Business is great. We are going great guns selling icecream.</i>
<b>go in one ear and out the other</b> [for something] to be heard and then forgotten. (Informal.) $\square$ Everything I say to you seems to go in one ear and out the other. Why don't you pay attention? $\square$ I can't concentrate. Things people say to me just go in one ear and out the other.

<b>good enough for someone or something</b> adequate or fine for someone or something. $\square$ <i>This seat is good enough for me. I don't want to move.</i> $\square$ <i>That table isn't good enough for my office.</i>
<b>good-for-nothing</b> a worthless person. $\Box$ <i>Tell that good-for-nothing to go home at once.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bob can't get a job. He's such a good-for-nothing.</i>
<b>good riddance (to bad rubbish)</b> [it is] good to be rid (of worthless persons or things). □ <i>She slammed the door behind me and said,</i> "Good riddance to bad rubbish!" □ "Good riddance to you, madam," thought I.
<b>go off at a tangent</b> to go off suddenly in another direction; suddenly to change one's line of thought, course of action, etc. (A reference to geometry. Plural: <b>go off at tangents</b> .) □ Please stick to one subject and don't go off at a tangent. □ If Mary would settle down and deal with one subject she would be all right, but she keeps going off at tangents.
<b>go off at half cock</b> to proceed without proper preparation; to speak (about something) without adequate knowledge. (Informal.) □ Their plans are always going off at half cock. □ Get your facts straight before you make your presentation. There is nothing worse than going off at half cock.
<b>go off the deep end</b> to become angry or hysterical; to lose one's temper. (Informal. Refers to going into a swimming-pool at the deep end—rather than the shallow end.) $\square$ Her father went off the deep end when she came in late. $\square$ The teacher went off the deep end when she saw his work.
<b>go over someone's head</b> [for the intellectual content of something] to be too difficult for someone to understand. $\square$ <i>All that talk about computers went over my head.</i> $\square$ <i>I hope my lecture didn't go over the pupils' heads.</i>
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**go it alone** to do something by oneself. (Informal.)  $\square$  *Do you need help, or will you go it alone?*  $\square$  *I think I need a little more experience* 

**go like clockwork** to progress with regularity and dependability. 

☐ The building project is progressing nicely. Everything is going like clockwork. 

☐ The elaborate pageant was a great success. It went like

before I go it alone.

clockwork from start to finish.

go over something with a fine-tooth comb and go through something with a fine-tooth comb; search something with a fine-tooth comb to search through something very carefully. (As if one were searching for something very tiny which is lost in some kind of fibre.) $\Box$ I can't find my calculus book. I went over the whole place with a fine-tooth comb. $\Box$ I searched this place with a fine-tooth comb and didn't find my ring.
<b>go round in circles</b> to keep going over the same ideas or repeating the same actions, often resulting in confusion, without reaching a satisfactory decision or conclusion. $\square$ We're just going round in circles discussing the problems of the fête. We need to consult someone else to get a new point of view. $\square$ Fred's trying to find out what's happened, but he's going round in circles. No one will tell him anything useful.
<b>go sky-high</b> to go very high. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Prices go sky-high whenever there is inflation.</i> $\square$ <i>Oh, it's so hot. The temperature went sky-high about midday.</i>
<b>go so far as to say something</b> to put something into words; to risk saying something. $\Box$ <i>I think that Bob is dishonest, but I wouldn't go so far as to say he's a thief.</i> $\Box$ <i>Red meat may be harmful in some cases, but I can't go so far as to say it causes cancer.</i>
<b>go the distance</b> AND <b>stay the distance</b> to do the whole amount; to play the entire game; to run the whole race. (Informal. Originally sports use.) □ <i>That horse runs fast. I hope it can go the distance.</i> □ <i>This is going to be a long, hard project. I hope I can go the distance.</i> □ <i>Jim changes jobs a lot. He never stays the distance.</i>
<b>go the whole hog</b> to do everything possible; to be extravagant. (Informal.) $\square$ Let's go the whole hog. Order steak and lobster. $\square$ Show some restraint. Don't go the whole hog and leave yourself penniless.
<b>go through something with a fine-tooth comb</b> See go over something with a fine-tooth comb.
<b>go through the motions</b> to make a feeble effort to do something; to pretend to do something. $\square$ <i>Jane isn't doing her best. She's just going through the motions.</i> $\square$ <i>Bill was supposed to be raking the garden, but he was just going through the motions.</i>
<b>go through the proper channels</b> to proceed by consulting the proper persons or offices. $\Box$ <i>If you want an answer to your question,</i>

you'll have to go through the proper channels. $\square$ Your application will have to go through the proper channels.
<b>go to Davy Jones's locker</b> to go to the bottom of the sea; to drown. (Thought of as a nautical expression.) $\square$ <i>My uncle was a sailor. He went to Davy Jones's locker during a terrible storm.</i> $\square$ <i>My camera fell overboard and went to Davy Jones's locker.</i>
<b>go to hell</b> AND <b>go to the devil</b> to go away and stop bothering (someone). (Informal. Use caution with both phrases, and especially with hell.) $\Box$ He told her to go to hell, that he didn't want her. $\Box$ Leave me alone! Go to the devil!
<b>go to rack and ruin</b> to become ruined or destroyed, especially due to neglect. □ <i>That lovely old house on the corner is going to go to rack and ruin.</i> □ <i>My lawn is going to rack and ruin.</i>
go to seed See run to seed.
<b>go to someone's head</b> to make someone conceited; to make someone overly proud. $\square$ <i>You did a fine job, but don't let it go to your head.</i> $\square$ <i>He let his success go to his head, and soon he became a complete failure.</i>
go to the devil See go to hell.
<b>go to the limit</b> to do as much as is possible to do. $\square$ <i>Okay, we can't afford it, but we'll go to the limit.</i> $\square$ <i>How far shall I go? Shall I go to the limit?</i>
go to the loo See go to the toilet.
<b>go to the toilet</b> AND <b>go to the loo</b> to eliminate bodily wastes through defecation or urination. ( <i>Loo</i> is an informal word meaning "toilet.") $\Box$ The child needed to go to the toilet. $\Box$ After drinking so much, he had to go to the loo.
<b>go to the wall</b> to be defeated; to fail in business. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>During the recession, many small companies went to the wall.</i> $\square$ <i>The company went to the wall because of that contract. Now it's broke and the employees are redundant</i>

**go to town** to make a great effort; to work with energy or enthusiasm. (Informal.)  $\Box$  *They really went to town on cleaning the house. It's spotless.*  $\Box$  *You've really gone to town with the food for the party.* 

<b>go to waste</b> to be wasted; to be unused (and therefore thrown away). $\square$ Eat your potatoes! Don't let them go to waste. $\square$ He never practises on the piano. It's sad to see talent going to waste.
<b>grasp the nettle</b> to tackle a difficult or unpleasant task with firmness and determination. □ We must grasp the nettle and do something about our overspending. □ The education committee is reluctant to grasp the nettle of lack of textbooks.
<b>Greek to me</b> See all Greek to me.
green about the gills See pale around the gills.
green around the gills See pale around the gills.
<b>green with envy</b> envious; jealous. $\square$ When Sally saw me with Tomshe turned green with envy. She likes him a lot. $\square$ I feel green with envy whenever I see you in your new car.
<b>grin and bear it</b> to endure something unpleasant with good humour. $\Box$ There is nothing you can do but grin and bear it. $\Box$ I hate having to work for rude people. I suppose I have to grin and bear it.
<b>grind to a halt</b> to slow to a stop. $\square$ By the end of the day, the factory had ground to a halt. $\square$ The train ground to a halt, and we got out to stretch our legs.
<b>grist to the mill</b> something which can be put to good use or which can bring advantage or profit. (Grist was corn brought to a mill to be ground and so kept the mill operating.) $\square$ Some of the jobs that we are offered are more interesting than others, but all is grist to the mill. $\square$ The firm is having to sell rather ugly souvenirs, but they are grist to the mill and keep the firm in business.
<b>grit one's teeth</b> to grind one's teeth together in anger or determination; to show determination. $\Box$ <i>I was so angry that all I could do was stand there and grit my teeth.</i> $\Box$ <i>All through the race, Sally was gritting her teeth. She was really determined.</i>
<b>grow on someone</b> [for something] to become commonplace to a person. (The <i>someone</i> is usually <i>one</i> , <i>someone</i> , a person, etc., not a specific person.) $\square$ That music is strange, but it grows on you. $\square$ I didn't think I could ever get used to this town, but after a while it grows on one.



hail-fellow-well-met friendly to everyone; falsely friendly to every-

one. (Usually said of males.) $\square$ Yes, he's friendly, sort of hail-fellow-well-met. $\square$ He's not a very sincere person. Hail-fellow-well-met—you know the type. $\square$ He's one of those hail-fellow-well-met people that you don't quite trust.
<b>hail from somewhere</b> [for someone] to come originally from somewhere. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I'm from Edinburgh. Where do you hail from?</i> $\Box$ <i>I hail from the Southwest.</i>
<b>hair of the dog (that bit one)</b> an alcoholic drink taken when one has a hangover. (Informal.) $\square$ Oh, I have a terrible hangover. I need a hair of the dog. $\square$ That's some hangover you've got there, Bob. Here, drink this. It's a hair of the dog that bit you.
<b>hale and hearty</b> well and healthy. $\square$ <i>Doesn't Ann look hale and hearty after the baby's birth?</i> $\square$ <i>I don't feel hale and hearty. I'm really tired.</i>
<b>hand in glove (with someone)</b> very close to someone. $\Box$ <i>John is really hand in glove with Sally, although they pretend to be on different sides.</i> $\Box$ <i>The teacher and the headmaster work hand in glove.</i>
<b>hand it to someone</b> give credit to someone, often with some reluctance. (Informal. Often with <i>have to</i> or <i>must</i> .) $\Box$ <i>I must hand it to you. You did a fine job.</i> $\Box$ <i>We must hand it to Sally. She helped us a lot.</i>
<b>handle someone with kid gloves</b> to be very careful with a sensitive or touchy person. $\square$ <i>Bill has become so sensitive. You really have to handle him with kid gloves.</i> $\square$ <i>You don't have to handle me with kid gloves. I can take what you have to tell me.</i>
hand-me-down something, such as an article of used clothing,

which has been "handed down," or given, to someone because another person no longer needs it. (Informal.)  $\square$  Why do I always

have to wear my brother's hand-me-downs? I want some new clothes. $\Box$ This is a nice shirt. It doesn't look like a hand-me-down at all.
<b>hand over fist</b> [for money and merchandise to be exchanged] very rapidly. □ What a busy day. We took in money hand over fist. □ They were buying things hand over fist.
<b>hand over hand</b> [moving] one hand after the other (again and again). $\square$ Sally pulled in the rope hand over hand. $\square$ The man climbed the rope hand over hand.
hang by a hair AND hang by a thread to be in an uncertain position; to depend on something very insubstantial. (Informal.) □ Your whole argument is hanging by a thread. □ John hasn't yet failed geometry, but his fate is hanging by a hair.
hang by a thread See hang by a hair.
<b>hang fire</b> to delay or wait; to be delayed. $\Box$ <i>I think we should hang fire and wait for other information.</i> $\Box$ <i>Our plans have to hang fire until we get planning permission.</i>
<b>hang in the balance</b> to be in an undecided state; to be between two equal possibilities. □ <i>The prisoner stood before the judge, his life hanging in the balance.</i> □ <i>The fate of the entire project is hanging in the balance.</i>
hang on by an eyebrow AND hang on by one's eyebrows to be just hanging on or just surviving. □ He hasn't yet failed, but he is just hanging on by an eyebrow. □ The manager is just about to get sacked. She is hanging on by her eyebrows.
hang on by one's eyebrows See hang on by an eyebrow.
<b>hang one's hat up somewhere</b> to take up residence somewhere. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>George loves London. He's decided to buy a flat and hang his hat up there.</i> $\square$ <i>Bill moves from place to place and never hangs his hat up anywhere.</i>
<b>hang on someone's every word</b> to listen carefully and obsequiously to everything someone says. □ <i>He gave a great lecture. We hung on his every word.</i> □ <i>Look at the way John hangs on Mary's every word. He must be in love with her.</i>
hang on to someone's coat-tails to gain good fortune or success through another person's success, rather than through one's own

efforts. $\square$ Bill isn't very creative, so he hangs on to John's coat-tails. $\square$ Some people just have to hang on to somebody else's coat-tails.
<b>Hang on to your hat!</b> AND <b>Hold on to your hat!</b> Prepare for a sudden surprise or shock. (Informal.) □ Are you ready to hear the final score? Hang on to your hat! We won ten–nil! □ Guess who got married. Hold on to your hat!
<b>hard-and-fast rule</b> a strict rule. $\square$ It's a hard-and-fast rule that you must be home by midnight. $\square$ You should have your project completed by the end of the month, but it's not a hard-and-fast rule.
<b>hard cash</b> cash, not cheques or credit. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>I want to be paid in hard cash, and I want to be paid now!</i> $\square$ <i>No plastic money for me. I want hard cash.</i>
<b>hardly have time to breathe</b> to be very busy. $\square$ <i>This was such a busy day. I hardly had time to breathe.</i> $\square$ <i>They made him work so hard that he hardly had time to breathe.</i>
<b>hard on someone's heels</b> following someone very closely. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I ran as fast as I could, but the dog was still hard on my heels.</i> $\Box$ <i>Here comes Sally, and John is hard on her heels.</i>
<b>hard on the heels of something</b> soon after something. (Informal.) $\Box$ There was a rainstorm hard on the heels of the high winds. $\Box$ They had a child hard on the heels of getting married.
hark(en) back to something (Harken is an old form of hark, which is an old word meaning "listen.") 1. to have originated as something; to have started out as something. □ The word icebox harks back to the old-fashioned refrigerators which were cooled by ice. □ Our modern breakfast cereals hark back to the porridge and gruel of our ancestors. 2. to remind one of something. □ Seeing a horse and buggy in the park harks back to the time when horses drew milk wagons. □ Sally says it harkens back to the time when everything was delivered by horse-drawn wagon.
<b>hate someone's guts</b> to hate someone very much. (Informal.) $\square$ Oh, Bob is terrible. I hate his guts! $\square$ You may hate my guts for saying so, but I think you're getting grey hairs.
<b>haul someone over the coals</b> to give someone a severe scolding.   ☐ My mother hauled me over the coals for coming in late last night.  ☐ The manager hauled me over the coals for being late again.

<b>have a bee in one's bonnet</b> to have an idea or a thought remain in one's mind; to have an obsession. $\Box$ <i>She has a bee in her bonnet about table manners.</i> $\Box$ <i>I had a bee in my bonnet about swimming. I couldn't stop wanting to go swimming.</i>
<b>have a big mouth</b> to be a gossiper; to be a person who tells secrets. (Informal.) $\square$ Mary has a big mouth. She told Bob what I was getting him for his birthday. $\square$ You shouldn't say things like that about people all the time. Everyone will say you have a big mouth.
<b>have a bone to pick (with someone)</b> to have a matter to discuss with someone; to have something to argue about with someone. $\Box$ <i>Look, Bill. I've got a bone to pick with you. Where is the money you owe me?</i> $\Box$ <i>I had a bone to pick with her, but she was so sweet that I forgot about it.</i> $\Box$ <i>Ted and Alice have a bone to pick.</i>
<b>have a brush with something</b> to have a brief contact with something; to have a brief experience of something, especially with the law. (Sometimes a <i>close</i> brush.) $\square$ <i>Ann had a close brush with the law. She was nearly arrested for speeding.</i> $\square$ <i>When I was younger, I had a brush with death in a car accident, but I recovered.</i>
<b>have a case (against someone)</b> to have much evidence which can be used against someone in court. ( <i>Have</i> can be replaced with <i>build</i> , gather, assemble, etc.) $\square$ Do the police have a case against John? $\square$ No, they don't have a case. $\square$ They are trying to build a case against him. $\square$ My solicitor is busy assembling a case against the other driver.
have a chip on one's shoulder to feel resentful; to bear resentment. □ What are you angry about? You always seem to have a chip on your shoulder. □ John has had a chip on his shoulder about the police ever since he got his speeding ticket.
<b>have a down on someone</b> to treat someone in an unfair or hostile way; to have hostile feelings towards someone; to resent and oppose someone. $\Box$ That teacher's had a down on me ever since I was expelled from another school. $\Box$ The supervisor has a down on anyone who refuses to work overtime.
<b>have a familiar ring</b> [for a story or an explanation] to sound familiar. $\square$ Your excuse has a familiar ring. Have you done this before? $\square$ This exam paper has a familiar ring. I think it has been copied.
<b>have a foot in both camps</b> to have an interest in or to support each of two opposing groups of people. $\Box$ <i>The shop steward had been</i>

promised promotion and so had a foot in both camps during the strike—workers and management. $\square$ Mr. Smith has a foot in both camps in the parents/teachers dispute. He teaches maths, but he has a son at the school.
<b>have a go (at something)</b> to give something a try. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>I've never fished before, but I'd like to have a go at it.</i> $\square$ <i>Great, have a go now. Take my fishing rod and give it a try.</i>
<b>have a good command of something</b> to know something well. $\Box$ <i>Bill has a good command of French.</i> $\Box$ <i>Jane has a good command of economic theory.</i>
have a good head on one's shoulders to have common sense; to be sensible and intelligent. □ Mary doesn't do well in school, but she's got a good head on her shoulders. □ John has a good head on his shoulders and can be depended on to give good advice.
<b>have a heart</b> to be compassionate; to be generous and forgiving. $\Box$ Oh, have a heart! Give me some help! $\Box$ If Ann had a heart, she'd have made us feel more welcome.
<b>have a heart of gold</b> to be generous, sincere, and friendly. $\square$ <i>Mary is such a lovely person. She has a heart of gold.</i> $\square$ <i>You think Tom stole your watch? Impossible! He has a heart of gold.</i>
<b>have a heart of stone</b> to be cold and unfriendly. $\square$ Sally has a heart of stone. She never even smiles. $\square$ The villain in the play had a heart of stone. He was an ideal villain.
<b>have a heart-to-heart (talk)</b> to have a sincere and intimate talk. $\Box$ <i>I had a heart-to-heart talk with my father before I went off to college.</i> $\Box$ <i>I have a problem, John. Let's sit down and have a heart-to-heart.</i>
<b>have a lot going for one</b> to have many things working to one's benefit. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>Jane is so lucky. She has a lot going for her.</i> $\Box$ <i>He's made a mess of his life, even though he had a lot going for him.</i>
<b>have a low boiling-point</b> to get angry easily. (Informal.) $\square$ Be nice to John. He's upset and has a low boiling-point. $\square$ Mr. Jones certainly has a low boiling-point. I hardly said anything, and he got angry.
<b>have an axe to grind</b> to have something to complain about or discuss with someone. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Tom, I need to talk to you. I have an axe to grind.</i> $\square$ <i>Bill and Bob went into the other room to discuss the matter. They each had an axe to grind.</i>

<b>have a near miss</b> nearly to crash or collide. $\Box$ <i>The planes—flying much too close—had a near miss.</i> $\Box$ <i>I had a near miss while driving over here.</i>
have an itching palm See have an itchy palm.
have an itchy palm AND have an itching palm to be in need of a tip; to tend to ask for tips. (Informal. As if placing money in the palm would stop its itching. Note the variations in the examples.) □ All the waiters at that restaurant have itchy palms. □ The taxi-driver was troubled by an itching palm. Since he refused to carry my bags, I gave him nothing.
<b>have another think coming</b> to have to rethink something because one was wrong the first time. (Informal.) $\square$ She's quite wrong. She's got another think coming if she wants to walk in here like that. $\square$ You've got another think coming if you think you can treat me like that!
<b>have an out</b> to have an excuse; to have a (literal or figurative) means of escape or avoiding something. (Informal.) $\Box$ He's very clever. No matter what happens, he always has an out. $\Box$ I agreed to go to the party, but now I don't want to go. I wish I had an out.
<b>have ants in one's pants</b> to become restless; to fidget. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Sit still! Have you got ants in your pants?</i> $\square$ <i>The children have ants in their pants. It's time to go home.</i>
<b>have a penchant for doing something</b> to have a taste, desire, or inclination for doing something. $\Box$ <i>John has a penchant for eating fattening foods.</i> $\Box$ <i>Ann has a penchant for buying clothes.</i>
<b>have a price on one's head</b> to be wanted by the authorities, who have offered a reward for one's capture. (Informal.) $\square$ We captured a thief who had a price on his head, and the police gave us the reward. $\square$ The crook was so mean, he turned in his own brother, who had a price on his head.
have a say (in something) AND have a voice (in something) to have a part in making a decision. □ I'd like to have a say in choosing the carpet. □ John wanted to have a voice in deciding on the result also. □ He says he seldom gets to have a say.
<b>have a snowball's chance in hell</b> to have no chance at all. (A snowball would melt in hell. Use <i>hell</i> with caution.) $\Box$ <i>He has a snow-</i>

chance in hell of passing the test. $\square$ You don't have a snowball's chance in hell of her agreeing to marry you.
<b>have a soft spot for someone or something</b> to be fond of someone or something. $\Box$ <i>John has a soft spot for Mary.</i> $\Box$ <i>I have a soft spot for the countryside.</i>
<b>have a sweet tooth</b> to have the desire to eat many sweet foods—especially candy and pastries. $\Box$ <i>I have a sweet tooth, and if I don't watch it, I'll really get fat.</i> $\Box$ <i>John eats sweets all the time. He must have a sweet tooth.</i>
have a thin time (of it) to experience a difficult or unfortunate time, especially because of a shortage of money. □ Jack had a thin time of it when he was a student. He didn't have enough to eat. □ The Browns had a thin time of it when the children were small and Mr. Brown was poorly paid.
have a voice (in something) See have a say (in something).
<b>have a word with someone</b> to speak to someone, usually privately. □ <i>The manager asked to have a word with me when I was not busy.</i> □ <i>John, could I have a word with you? We need to discuss something.</i>
<b>have bats in one's belfry</b> to be slightly crazy. $\square$ <i>Poor old Tom has bats in his belfry.</i> $\square$ <i>Don't act so silly, John. People will think you have bats in your belfry.</i>
<b>have been through the mill</b> to have been badly treated; to have suffered hardship or difficulties. (Informal.) $\Box$ This has been a rough day. I've really been through the mill. $\Box$ She's quite well now, but she's been really through the mill with her illness.
<b>have clean hands</b> to be guiltless. □ Don't look at me. I have clean hands. □ The police took him in, but let him go again because he had clean hands.
<b>have egg on one's face</b> to be embarrassed because of an error which is obvious to everyone. (Informal.) $\square$ Bob has egg on his face because he wore jeans to the affair and everyone else wore formal clothing. $\square$ John was completely wrong about the weather for the picnic. It snowed! Now he has egg on his face.
have eyes in the back of one's head to seem to be able to sense what is going on beyond one's vision. □ My teacher seems to have

eyes in the back of her head. $\square$ My teacher doesn't need to have eyes in the back of his head. He watches us very carefully.
<b>have feet of clay</b> to have a defect of character. $\square$ All human beings have feet of clay. No one is perfect. $\square$ Sally prided herself on her complete honesty. She was nearly fifty before she learned that she, too, had feet of clay.
<b>have green fingers</b> to have the ability to grow plants well. $\Box$ <i>Just look at Mr. Simpson's garden. He has green fingers.</i> $\Box$ <i>My mother has green fingers when it comes to house-plants.</i>
<b>have half a mind to do something</b> to have almost decided to do something, especially something unpleasant. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I have half a mind to go off and leave you here.</i> $\Box$ <i>The cook had half a mind to serve cold chicken.</i>
<b>have (high) hopes of something</b> to be expecting something. $\square$ <i>I have hopes of getting there early.</i> $\square$ <i>We have high hopes that John and Mary will have a girl.</i>
<b>have it both ways</b> to have both of two seemingly incompatible things. (See also want it both ways.) □ <i>John wants the security of marriage and the freedom of being single. He wants to have it both ways.</i> □ <i>John thinks he can have it both ways—the wisdom of age and the vigour of youth.</i>
<b>have money to burn</b> to have lots of money; to have more money than one needs. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>Look at the way Tom buys things. You'd think he had money to burn.</i> $\Box$ <i>If I had money to burn, I'd just put it in the bank.</i>
<b>have no business doing something</b> to be wrong to do something; to be extremely unwise to do something. $\square$ <i>You have no business bursting in on me like that!</i> $\square$ <i>You have no business spending money like that!</i>
<b>have none of something</b> to tolerate or endure no amount of something. $\Box$ <i>I'll have none of your talk about leaving school.</i> $\Box$ <i>We'll have none of your gossip.</i>
have no staying-power to lack endurance; not to be able to last.  ☐ Sally can swim fast for a short distance, but she has no staying-power.  ☐ That horse can race fairly well, but it has no staying-power.

<b>have one's back to the wall</b> to be in a defensive position; to be in (financial) difficulties. (Informal.) $\Box$ He'll have to give in. He has his back to the wall. $\Box$ How can I bargain when I've got my back to the wall?
have one's ear to the ground AND keep one's ear to the ground to listen carefully, hoping to get advance warning of something. $\Box$ John had his ear to the ground, hoping to find out about new ideas in computers. $\Box$ Keep your ear to the ground for news of possible jobs.
have one's feet on the ground AND keep one's feet on the ground to be or remain realistic or practical. □ Sally will have no trouble keeping her feet on the ground even when she is famous. □ They are ambitious but have their feet firmly on the ground.
<b>have one's finger in the pie</b> to be involved in something. $\Box$ <i>I like to have my finger in the pie so I can make sure things go my way.</i> $\Box$ <i>As long as John has his finger in the pie, things will happen slowly.</i>
have one's hand in the till to be stealing money from a company or an organization. (Informal. The till is a cash box or drawer.) □ Mr. Jones had his hand in the till for years before he was caught. □ It think that the new shop assistant has her hand in the till. There is cash missing every morning.
<b>have one's head in the clouds</b> to be unaware of what is going on. □ "Bob, do you have your head in the clouds?" said the teacher. □ She walks around all day with her head in the clouds. She must be in love.
<b>have one's heart in one's boots</b> to be very depressed; to have little or no hope. □ My heart's in my boots when I think of going back to work. □ Jack's heart was in his boots when he thought of leaving home.
<b>have one's nose in a book</b> to be reading a book; to read books all the time. (Informal.) $\square$ Bob has his nose in a book every time I see him. $\square$ His nose is always in a book. He never gets any exercise.
have one's nose in the air AND keep one's nose in the air to be conceited or aloof. $\Box$ Mary always seems to have her nose in the air $\Box$ She keeps her nose in the air and never notices him

have one's wits about one to concentrate; to have one's mind working. □ You have to have your wits about you when you are dealing with John. □ She had to have her wits about her when living in the city. Also: keep one's wits about one to keep one's mind operating, especially in a time of stress. □ If Jane hadn't kept her wits about her during the fire, things would have been much worse.
have one's work cut out (for one) to have a large and difficult task prepared for one. □ They sure have their work cut out for them, and it's going to be hard. □ There is a lot for Bob to do. He has his work cut out. Also: one's work is cut out (for one) one's task is prepared for one; one has a lot of work to do. □ This is a big job. My work is certainly cut out for me.
<b>have other fish to fry</b> to have other things to do; to have more important things to do. (Informal. Other can be replaced by bigger, better, more important, etc.) $\Box$ I don't have time for your problems. I have other fish to fry. $\Box$ I won't waste time on your question. I have bigger fish to fry.
<b>have seen better days</b> to be worn or worn out. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>This coat has seen better days. I need a new one.</i> $\square$ <i>Oh, my old legs ache. I've seen better days, but everyone has to grow old.</i>
<b>have someone in one's pocket</b> to have control over someone. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>Don't worry about the mayor. She'll co-operate. I've got her in my pocket.</i> $\Box$ <i>John will do just what I tell him. I've got him and his brother in my pocket.</i>
<b>have someone on a string</b> to have someone waiting for one's decision or actions. (Informal.) $\square$ Sally has John on a string. He has asked her to marry him, but she hasn't replied yet. $\square$ Yes, it sounds as if she has him on a string. Also: <b>keep someone on a string</b> to keep someone waiting for a decision. $\square$ Sally kept John on a string for weeks while she made up her mind. $\square$ Please don't keep me on a string waiting for a final decision.
<b>have someone or something on 1.</b> [with someone] to kid or deceive someone. (Informal.) $\square$ You can't be serious. You're having me on! $\square$ Bob is such a joker. He's always having someone on. <b>2.</b> [with something] to have plans for a particular time. (Note the variation with anything in the examples.) $\square$ I can't get to your party. I have something on. $\square$ I have something on almost every Saturday. $\square$ Mary rarely has anything on during the week.

<b>have someone's hide</b> to scold or punish someone. (Informal. Refers to skinning an animal.) $\Box$ <i>If you ever do that again, I'll have your hide.</i> $\Box$ <i>He said he'd have my hide if I entered his garage again.</i>
<b>have someone under one's thumb</b> to have control over someone; to dominate someone. $\Box$ <i>His wife has him under her thumb.</i> $\Box$ <i>The younger child has the whole family under his thumb.</i>
<b>have something at one's fingertips</b> to have all the knowledge or information one needs; to know something very well, so the knowledge is readily available and can be remembered quickly. □ He has lots of gardening hints at his fingertips. □ They have all the tourist information at their fingertips.
<b>have something coming to one</b> to deserve punishment for something. (Informal. See also get what is coming to one.) $\square$ <i>Bill broke a window, so he has a reprimand coming to him.</i> $\square$ <i>You've got a lot of criticism coming to you.</i>
<b>have something hanging over one's head</b> to have something bothering or worrying one; to have a deadline worrying one. (Informal. Also used literally.) $\Box$ <i>I keep worrying about being declared redundant. I hate to have something like that hanging over my head.</i> $\Box$ <i>I have a history essay hanging over my head. I must write it tonight because it's due tomorrow.</i>
<b>have something in hand</b> to be prepared to take action on something. $\Box$ <i>I have the matter in hand.</i> $\Box$ <i>The management has your complaint in hand.</i>
<b>have something in mind</b> to be thinking of something; to have an idea or image (of something) in one's mind. $\Box$ <i>I have something in mind for dinner.</i> $\Box$ <i>Do you have something in mind for your mother's birthday?</i>
<b>have something in stock</b> to have merchandise available and ready for sale. $\Box$ <i>Do you have extra-large sizes in stock?</i> $\Box$ <i>Of course, we have all sizes and colours in stock.</i>
<b>have something in store (for someone)</b> to have something planned for one's future. $\Box$ <i>Tom has a large inheritance in store for him when his uncle dies.</i> $\Box$ <i>I wish I had something like that in store.</i>

<b>have something on file</b> to have a written record of something in storage. $\Box$ <i>I'm certain I have your letter on file. I'll check again.</i> $\Box$ <i>We have your application on file somewhere.</i>
<b>have something on one's hands</b> to be burdened with something. $\Box$ <i>I run a record shop. I sometimes have a large number of unwanted records on my hands.</i> $\Box$ <i>I have too much time on my hands.</i>
<b>have something on the brain</b> to be obsessed with something. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>They have good manners on the brain.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mary has money on the brain. She wants to earn as much as possible.</i>
<b>have something out (with someone)</b> to clear the air; to settle a disagreement or a complaint. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>John has been angry with Mary for a week. He finally had it out with her today.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'm glad we are having this out today.</i>
<b>have something up one's sleeve</b> to have a secret or surprise plan or solution (to a problem). (Refers to cheating at cards by having a card hidden up one's sleeve.) $\Box$ <i>He hasn't lost yet. He has something up his sleeve.</i> $\Box$ <i>The manager has something up her sleeve. She'll surprise us with it later.</i>
have the courage of one's convictions to have enough courage and determination to carry out one's aims. □ It's fine to have noble goals in life and to believe in great things. If you don't have the courage of your convictions, you'll never succeed. □ Others don't trust him, but I do. I have the courage of my convictions.
<b>have the Midas touch</b> to have the ability to be successful, especially the ability to make money easily. (From the name of a legendary king whose touch turned everything to gold.) □ Bob is a merchant banker and really has the Midas touch. □ The poverty-stricken boy turned out to have the Midas touch and was a millionaire by the time he was twenty-five.
<b>have the right of way</b> to possess the legal right to occupy a particular space or proceed before others on a public roadway. $\Box$ I had a traffic accident yesterday, but it wasn't my fault. I had the right of way. $\Box$ Don't pull out on to a motorway if you don't have the right of way.
<b>have the time of one's life</b> to have a very good or entertaining time; to have the most exciting time in one's life. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>What</i>

winter and had the time of our lives.
<b>have the wherewithal (to do something)</b> to have the means to do something, especially money. $\Box$ <i>He has good ideas, but he doesn't have the wherewithal to carry them out.</i> $\Box$ <i>I could do a lot if only I had the wherewithal.</i>
<b>have to live with something</b> to have to endure something. $\square$ I have a slight limp in the leg that I broke last year. The doctor says I'll have to live with it. $\square$ We don't like the new carpet in the living-room, but we'll have to live with it.
<b>have too many irons in the fire</b> to be doing too many things at once. $\Box$ <i>Tom had too many irons in the fire and missed some important deadlines.</i> $\Box$ <i>It's better if you don't have too many irons in the fire.</i>
<b>have turned the corner</b> to have passed a critical point in a process. $\Box$ <i>The patient has turned the corner. She should begin to show improvement now.</i> $\Box$ <i>The project has turned the corner. The rest should be easy.</i>
<b>have what it takes</b> to have the courage, stamina, or ability (to do something). □ <i>Bill has what it takes. He can swim for miles.</i> □ <i>Tom won't succeed. He doesn't have what it takes.</i>
<b>head and shoulders above someone or something</b> clearly superior to someone. (Often with <i>stand</i> , as in the example.) $\Box$ <i>This wine is head and shoulders above that one.</i> $\Box$ <i>John stands head and shoulders above the others.</i>
<b>head over heels in love (with someone)</b> very much in love with someone. $\Box$ <i>John is head over heels in love with Mary.</i> $\Box$ <i>They are head over heels in love with each other.</i> $\Box$ <i>They are head over heels in love.</i>
<b>heads will roll</b> some people will get into trouble. (Informal. From the use of the guillotine to execute people.) □ When company's end-of-year results are known, heads will roll. □ Heads will roll when the headmaster sees the damaged classroom.
<b>heavy going</b> difficult to do, understand, or make progress with. (Informal.) □ <i>Jim finds maths heavy going</i> . □ <i>Talking to Mary is heavy going. She has nothing to say.</i>

<b>hell for leather</b> moving or behaving recklessly. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>They took off after the horse thief, riding hell for leather.</i> $\Box$ <i>They ran hell for leather for the train.</i>
<b>help oneself</b> to take whatever one wants or needs. $\square$ <i>Please have some sweets. Help yourself.</i> $\square$ <i>When you go to a cafeteria, you help yourself to the food.</i> $\square$ <i>Bill helped himself to dessert.</i>
<b>hem and haw</b> AND <b>hum and haw</b> to be uncertain about something; to be evasive; to say "ah" and "eh" when speaking—avoiding saying something meaningful. □ Stop hemming and hawing. I want an answer. □ Don't just hem and haw. Speak up. We want to hear what you think. □ Stop humming and hawing and say whether you are coming or not. □ Jean hummed and hawed for a long time before deciding to marry Henry.
<b>here's to someone or something</b> an expression used as a toast, wishing the best to someone or something. □ <i>Here's to Jim and Mary!</i> May they be very happy! □ Here's to your new job!
<b>hide one's face in shame</b> to cover one's face because of shame or embarrassment. □ <i>Mary was so embarrassed. She could only hide her face in shame.</i> □ <i>When Tom broke Ann's crystal vase, he wanted to hide his face in shame.</i>
<b>hide one's light under a bushel</b> to conceal one's good ideas or talents. (A biblical theme.) □ Jane has some good ideas, but she doesn't speak very often. She hides her light under a bushel. □ Don't hide your light under a bushel. Share your gifts with other people.
<b>high and mighty</b> proud and powerful. (Informal. Especially with be or act.) □ Why does the doctor always have to act so high and mighty? □ If Sally didn't act so high and mighty, she'd have more friends. □ Don't be so high and mighty!
<b>high-flyer</b> a person who is ambitious or who is very likely to be successful. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>Jack was one of the high-flyers of our university year and he is now in the Foreign Office.</i> $\Box$ <i>Tom is a high-flyer and has applied for the post of managing director.</i>
<b>hit a snag</b> to run into a problem. (Informal.) $\square$ We've hit a snag with the building project. $\square$ I stopped working on the project when I hit a snag.

**hitch a lift** See thumb a lift.

someone. (Informal.) $\square$ Look how John hit it off with Mary. $\square$ Yes, they really hit it off.
<b>hit rock bottom</b> to reach the lowest or worst point. (Informal.) □ Our profits have hit rock bottom. This is our worst year ever. □ After my life hit rock bottom, I gradually began to feel much better. I knew that if there was going to be any change, it would be for the better.
<b>hit (someone) below the belt</b> to do something unfair or unsporting to someone. (Informal. From boxing, where a blow below the belt line is not permitted. Also used literally.) □ <i>You really hit me below the belt when you told my sister about my health problems.</i> □ <i>In business</i> , <i>Bill is difficult to deal with. He hits below the belt.</i>
hit someone (right) between the eyes to become completely apparent; to surprise or impress someone. (Informal. Also with right, as in the examples. Also used literally.) □ Suddenly, it hit me right between the eyes. John and Mary were in love. □ Then—as he was talking—the exact nature of the evil plan hit me between the eyes.
<b>hit the bull's-eye 1.</b> to hit the centre area of a circular target. $\Box$ The archer hit the bull's-eye three times in a row. $\Box$ I didn't hit the bull's-eye even once. <b>2.</b> to achieve the goal perfectly. (Informal.) $\Box$ Your idea really hit the bull's-eye. Thank you! $\Box$ Jill has a lot of insight. She hit the bull's-eye in her choice of flowers for my mother.
<b>Hobson's choice</b> the choice between taking what is offered and getting nothing at all. (From the name of a stable owner in the seventeenth century who offered customers the hire of the horse nearest the door.) □ We didn't really want that holiday cottage, but it was a case of Hobson's choice. We booked very late and there was nothing else left. □ If you want a yellow car, it's Hobson's choice. The garage has only one.
<b>hold forth</b> to speak, usually at length. (Informal.) $\Box$ The guide held forth about the city. $\Box$ I've never seen anyone who could hold forth so long. $\Box$ The professor held forth about economic theory for nearly an hour.
<b>hold no brief for someone or something</b> not to care about someone or something; not to support someone or something; to dislike someone or something. $\Box$ <i>I hold no brief for people who cheat the company.</i> $\Box$ <i>My father says he holds no brief for the new plans.</i>

<b>hold one's fire 1.</b> to refrain from shooting (a gun, etc.). $\Box$ <i>The sergeant told the soldiers to hold their fire.</i> $\Box$ <i>Please hold your fire until I get out of the way.</i> <b>2.</b> to postpone one's criticism or commentary. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>Now, now, hold your fire until I've had a chance to explain.</i> $\Box$ <i>Hold your fire, Bill. You're too quick to complain.</i>
<b>hold one's own 1.</b> to do as well as anyone else. $\Box$ <i>I can hold my own in a running race any day.</i> $\Box$ <i>She was unable to hold her own, and she had to leave.</i> <b>2.</b> [for someone] to remain in a stable physical condition. $\Box$ <i>Mary is still seriously ill, but she is holding her own.</i> $\Box$ <i>We thought Jim was holding his own after the accident, but he died suddenly.</i>
<b>hold one's peace</b> to remain silent. $\square$ Bill was unable to hold his peace any longer. "Don't do it!" he cried. $\square$ Quiet, John. Hold your peace for a little while longer.
<b>hold one's tongue</b> to refrain from speaking; to refrain from saying something unpleasant. $\Box$ <i>I felt like scolding her, but I held my tongue.</i> $\Box$ <i>Hold your tongue, John. You can't talk to me that way.</i>
Hold on to your hat! See Hang on to your hat!
<b>hold out the olive branch</b> to offer to end a dispute and be friendly; to offer reconciliation. (The olive branch is a symbol of peace and reconciliation. A biblical reference.) $\square$ <i>Jill was the first to hold out the olive branch after our argument.</i> $\square$ <i>I always try to hold out the olive branch to someone I have hurt. Life is too short for a person to bear grudges for very long.</i>
<b>hold true</b> [for something] to be true; [for something] to remain true. $\Box$ <i>Does this rule hold true all the time?</i> $\Box$ <i>Yes, it holds true no matter what.</i>
<b>hold water</b> to be able to be proved; to be correct or true. (Usually negative.) $\square$ <i>Jack's story doesn't hold water. It sounds too unlikely.</i> $\square$ <i>I don't think the police's theory will hold water. The suspect has an alibi.</i>
<b>hole-and-corner</b> AND <b>hole-in-the-corner</b> secretive; secret and dishonourable. □ Jane is tired of the hole-and-corner affair with Tom. She wants him to marry her. □ The wedding was a hole-in-the-corner occasion because the bride's parents refused to have anything to do with it.

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hole-in-the-corner See hole-and-corner.

<b>holier-than-thou</b> excessively pious; acting as though one is more virtuous than other people. □ <i>Jack always adopts a holier-than-thou attitude to other people, but people say he has been in prison.</i> □ <i>Jane used to be holier-than-thou, but she is marrying Tom, who is a crook.</i>
<b>home and dry</b> having been successful in one's aims. $\Box$ There is the cottage we are looking for. We are home and dry. $\Box$ We need £100 to reach our target. Then we are home and dry.
<b>hope against hope</b> to have hope even when the situation appears to be hopeless. $\square$ <i>We hope against hope that she'll see the right thing to do and do it.</i> $\square$ <i>There is little point in hoping against hope, except that it makes you feel better.</i>
horse of a different colour See horse of another colour.
horse of another colour and horse of a different colour another matter altogether. $\Box$ I was talking about trees, not bushes. Bushes are a horse of another colour. $\Box$ Gambling is not the same as investing in the shares market. It's a horse of a different colour.
<b>horse-play</b> physically active and frivolous play. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Stop</i> that horse-play and get to work. $\square$ I won't tolerate horse-play in my living-room.
<b>horse sense</b> common sense; practical thinking. $\Box$ <i>Jack is no scholar but he has a lot of horse sense.</i> $\Box$ <i>Horse sense tells me I should not be involved in that project.</i>
<b>hot and bothered</b> excited; anxious. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Now don't get hot and bothered. Take it easy.</i> $\square$ <i>John is hot and bothered about the tax rate increase.</i>
<b>hot on something</b> enthusiastic about something; very much interested in something; knowledgeable about something. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Meg's hot on animal rights.</i> $\square$ <i>Jean is hot on modern ballet just now.</i>
<b>hot under the collar</b> very angry. (Informal.) $\Box$ The solicitor was really hot under the collar when you told him you lost the contract. $\Box$ I get hot under the collar every time I think about it.
<b>house-proud</b> extremely or excessively concerned about the appearance of one's house. $\square$ Mrs. Smith is so house-proud that she makes her guests take their shoes off at the front door. $\square$ Mrs. Brown keeps plastic covers over her chairs. She's much too house-proud.

<b>hue and cry</b> a loud public protest or opposition hue and cry when the council wanted to build hout field.   The decision to close the local school started	ses in the playing-
hum and haw See hem and haw.	a real mae ama er y.
<b>hush-money</b> money paid as a bribe to persuade s silent and not reveal certain information. (Inform	

**nush-money** money paid as a bribe to persuade someone to remain silent and not reveal certain information. (Informal.)  $\square$  *Bob gave his younger sister hush-money so that she wouldn't tell Jane that he had gone to the cinema with Sue.*  $\square$  *The crooks paid Fred hush-money to keep their whereabouts secret.* 



<b>ill at ease</b> uneasy; anxious. $\Box$ I feel ill at ease about the interview. $\Box$ You look ill at ease. Do relax.
<b>ill-gotten gains</b> money or other possessions acquired in a dishonest or illegal fashion. □ <i>Fred cheated at cards and is now living on his ill-gotten gains.</i> □ <i>Mary is also enjoying her ill-gotten gains. She deceived an old lady into leaving money to her in her will.</i>
<b>in a bad mood</b> sad; depressed; cross; with low spirits. $\square$ He's in a bad mood. He may shout at you. $\square$ Please try to cheer me up. I'm in a bad mood.
<b>in a bad way</b> in a critical or bad state. (Can refer to health, finances, mood, etc.) $\square$ <i>Mr. Smith is in a bad way. He may have to go to hospital.</i> $\square$ <i>My bank account is in a bad way. It needs some help from a millionaire.</i> $\square$ <i>My life is in a bad way, and I'm depressed about it.</i>
<b>in a dead heat</b> [finishing a race] at exactly the same time; tied. $\Box$ The two horses finished the race in a dead heat. $\Box$ They ended the contest in a dead heat.
<b>in a fix</b> in a bad situation. (Informal. <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\Box$ <i>I really got myself into a fix. I owe a lot of money on my car.</i> $\Box$ <i>John is in a fix because he lost his wallet.</i> $\Box$ <i>John certainly has got into a fix.</i>
<b>in a flash</b> quickly; immediately. $\Box$ <i>I'll be there in a flash</i> . $\Box$ <i>It happened in a flash. Suddenly my wallet was gone.</i>
<b>in a huff</b> in an angry or offended manner or state. (Informal. <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\Box$ He heard what we had to say, then left in a huff. $\Box$ She came in a huff and ordered us to bring her something to eat. $\Box$ She gets into a huff very easily.

<b>in a jam</b> in a tight or difficult situation. ( <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> to show movement towards or into the state described by <i>a jam</i> . Especially <i>get into</i> .) $\Box$ <i>I'm in a jam. I owe a lot of money.</i> $\Box$ <i>Whenever I get into a jam, I ask my supervisor for help.</i>
<b>in a jiffy</b> very fast; very soon. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Just wait a minute. I'll be there in a jiffy.</i> $\square$ <i>I'll be finished in a jiffy.</i>
<b>in all one's born days</b> ever; in all one's life. $\Box$ <i>I've never been so angry in all my born days.</i> $\Box$ <i>Have you ever heard such a thing in all your born days?</i>
<b>in all probability</b> very likely; almost certainly. $\square$ <i>He'll be here on time in all probability.</i> $\square$ <i>In all probability, they'll finish the work today.</i>
<b>in a mad rush</b> in a hurry. $\Box$ <i>I ran around all day today in a mad rush looking for a present for Bill.</i> $\Box$ <i>Why are you always in such a mad rush?</i>
<b>in a nutshell</b> in a few words; briefly; concisely. $\Box$ <i>I don't have time for the whole explanation. Please give it to me in a nutshell.</i> $\Box$ <i>Well, in a nutshell, we have to work late.</i>
in a (pretty) pickle in a mess; in trouble. (Informal. <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below.)  □ <i>John has got himself into a pickle. He has two dates for the party.</i> □ <i>Now we are in a pretty pickle. We are out of petrol.</i>
<b>in a quandary</b> uncertain about what to do; confused. ( <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\square$ Mary was in a quandary about which college to go to. $\square$ I couldn't decide what to do. I was in such a quandary. $\square$ I got myself into a quandary about where to go on holiday.
in arrears overdue; late, especially in reference to bills and money.   ☐ This bill is three months in arrears. It must be paid immediately. ☐ I was in arrears on my car payments, so the bank threatened to take my car away.
<b>in a sense</b> in a way. $\square$ <i>In a sense, cars make life better.</i> $\square$ <i>But, in a sense, they also make life worse.</i>
<b>in a split second</b> in an instant. $\Box$ <i>The lightning struck, and in a split second the house burst into flames.</i> $\Box$ <i>Just wait. I'll be there in a split</i>

second.

<b>in a stage whisper</b> in a loud whisper which everyone can hear. $\square$ <i>John said in a stage whisper, "This play is boring."</i> $\square$ <i>"When do we eat?" asked Billy in a stage whisper.</i>
<b>in a stew (about someone or something)</b> upset or bothered about someone or something. (Informal. <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\Box$ <i>I'm in such a stew about my dog. She ran away last night.</i> $\Box$ <i>Now, now. Don't be in a stew. She'll be back when she gets hungry.</i> $\Box$ <i>I hate to get into a stew worrying about my children.</i>
<b>in a (tight) spot</b> caught in a problem; in a jam. (Informal. <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\Box$ Look, John, I'm in a tight spot. Can you lend me £20? $\Box$ I'm in a spot too. I need £300. $\Box$ He's always getting into a tight spot financially.
<b>in at the kill</b> present at the end of some activity, usually an activity with negative results. (Literally, present when a hunted animal is put to death. Informal when used about any other activity.) $\Box$ <i>I</i> went to the final hearing on the proposed ring-road. I knew it would be shouted down strongly, and I wanted to be in at the kill. $\Box$ The judge will sentence the criminal today, and I'm going to be in at the kill.
<b>in black and white</b> official, in writing or printing. (Said of something, such as an agreement or a statement, which has been recorded in writing. <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\Box$ <i>I have it in black and white that I'm entitled to three weeks' holiday each year.</i> $\Box$ <i>It says right here in black and white that oak trees produce acorns.</i> $\Box$ <i>Please put the agreement into black and white.</i>
<b>in broad daylight</b> publicly visible in the daytime. □ <i>The thief stole the car in broad daylight</i> . □ <i>There they were, selling drugs in broad daylight</i> .
<b>inch along (something)</b> to move slowly along something little by little. $\Box$ <i>The cat inched along the carpet towards the mouse.</i> $\Box$ <i>Traffic was inching along.</i>
<b>in clover</b> with good fortune; in a very good situation, especially financially. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>If I get this contract, I'll be in clover for</i>

the rest of my life.  $\square$  I have very little money saved, so when I retire I

won't exactly be in clover.

in deep water in a dangerous or vulnerable situation; in a serious situation; in trouble. (As if one were swimming in or had fallen into water which is over one's head. In can be replaced with into. See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\Box$ John is having trouble with his wife. He's in deep water. $\Box$ Bill is in deep water in the algebra class. He's almost failing. $\Box$ He really got himself into deep water when he ran away from school.	
in dribs and drabs in small irregular quantities. (In can be replaced with by.) $\Box$ The cheques for the charity are coming in in dribs and drabs. $\Box$ The members of the orchestra arrived by dribs and drabs.	
<b>in fear and trembling</b> with anxiety or fear; with dread. $\Box$ <i>In fear and trembling, I went into the room to take the exam.</i> $\Box$ <i>The witness left the courtroom in fear and trembling.</i>	
<b>in fine feather</b> in good humour; in good health. ( <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\square$ <i>Hello, John. You appear to be in fine feather.</i> $\square$ <i>Of course I'm in fine feather. I get lots of sleep.</i> $\square$ <i>Good food and lots of sleep put me into fine feather.</i>	
in force in a very large group. □ The entire group arrived in force. □ The mosquitoes will attack in force this evening.	
in full swing in progress; operating or running without restraint. (Informal. In can be replaced with into. See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) □ We can't leave now! The party is in full swing. □ Our programme to help the starving people is in full swing. You should see results soon. □ Just wait until our project gets into full swing.	
<b>in high gear</b> (In can be replaced with into. See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) <b>1.</b> [for a machine, such as a car] to be set in its highest gear, giving the greatest speed. $\square$ When my car is in high gear, it goes very fast. $\square$ You can't start out in high gear. You must work up through the low ones. $\square$ You don't go into high gear soon enough. <b>2.</b> very fast and active. (Informal.) $\square$ When Jane is in high gear, she's a superb athlete. $\square$ When Jane changed into high gear, I knew she'd win the race.	
<b>in (just) a second</b> in a very short period of time. $\Box$ I'll be there in a second. $\Box$ I'll be with you in just a second. I'm on the telephone.	
in league (with someone) in co-operation with someone; in a conspiracy with someone. □ The mayor is in league with the Coun-	

in league for years.
in leaps and bounds See by leaps and bounds.
<b>in less than no time</b> very quickly. $\Box$ I'll be there in less than no time. $\Box$ Don't worry. This won't take long. It'll be over in less than no time.
<b>in lieu of something</b> in place of something; instead of something. (The word <i>lieu</i> occurs only in this phrase.) □ <i>They gave me roast beef in lieu of steak.</i> □ <i>We gave money to charity in lieu of sending flowers to the funeral.</i>
<b>in luck</b> fortunate; lucky. $\square$ You want a red one? You're in luck. There is one red one left. $\square$ I had an accident, but I was in luck. It was not serious.
<b>in mint condition</b> in perfect condition. (Refers to the perfect state of a coin which has just been minted. <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\Box$ <i>This is a fine car. It runs well and is in mint condition.</i> $\Box$ <i>We found a first edition in mint condition and decided to buy it.</i> $\Box$ <i>We put our house into mint condition before we sold it.</i>
<b>in name only</b> nominally; not actual, only by terminology. □ <i>The president is head of the country in name only.</i> □ <i>Mr. Smith is the managing director of the Smith Company in name only. Mrs. Smith handles all the business affairs.</i>
<b>in no mood to do something</b> not to feel like doing something; to wish not to do something. □ <i>I'm in no mood to cook dinner tonight</i> . □ <i>Mother is in no mood to put up with our arguing</i> .
in one ear and out the other [for something to be] ignored; [for something to be] unheard or unheeded. (Informal. <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See the explanation at in a jam and the examples below.) □ Everything I say to you goes into one ear and out the other! □ Bill just doesn't pay attention. Everything is in one ear and out the other.
in one's birthday suit See in the altogether.

in one's blood See in the blood.

<b>in one's book</b> in one's opinion. (Informal.) $\square$ He's okay in my book. $\square$ In my book, this is the best that money can buy.
<b>in one's cups</b> drunk. □ She doesn't make much sense when she's in her cups. □ The speaker—who was in his cups—could hardly be understood.
<b>in one's mind's eye</b> in one's mind. (Refers to visualizing something in one's mind.) $\square$ <i>In my mind's eye, I can see trouble ahead.</i> $\square$ <i>In her mind's eye, she could see a beautiful building beside the river. She decided to design such a building.</i>
<b>in one's opinion</b> according to one's belief or judgement. $\square$ <i>In my opinion, that is a very ugly picture.</i> $\square$ <i>That isn't a good idea in my opinion.</i>
<b>in one's (own) backyard</b> (figuratively) very close to one. (Informal.) $\Box$ That kind of thing is quite rare. Imagine it happening right in your backyard. $\Box$ You always think of something like that happening to someone else. You never expect to find it in your own backyard.
<b>in one's own time</b> not while one is at work. $\square$ <i>My employer made me write the report in my own time. That's not fair.</i> $\square$ <i>Please make your personal telephone calls in your own time.</i>
<b>in one's right mind</b> sane; rational and sensible. (Often in the negative. See also out of one's mind.) $\Box$ That was a stupid thing to do. You're not in your right mind. $\Box$ You can't be in your right mind! That sounds crazy!
<b>in one's second childhood</b> being interested in things or people which normally interest children. $\square$ <i>My father bought himself a toy train, and my mother said he was in his second childhood.</i> $\square$ <i>Whenever I go to the river and throw stones, I feel as though I'm in my second childhood.</i>
<b>in one's spare time</b> in one's leisure time; in the time not reserved for doing something else. $\Box$ <i>I write novels in my spare time.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'll try to paint the house in my spare time.</i>
in other words said in another, simpler way. □ Cease! Desist! In other words, stop! □ Our cash flow is negative, and our assets are

worthless. In other words, we are broke.

<b>in over one's head</b> with more difficulties than one can manage. (Informal.) $\square$ Calculus is very hard for me. I'm in over my head. $\square$ Ann is too busy. She's really in over her head.
<b>in part</b> partly; to a lesser degree or extent. $\Box$ <i>I was not there, in part because of my disagreement about the purpose of the meeting, but I also had a previous appointment.</i> $\Box$ <i>I hope to win, in part because I want the prize money.</i>
<b>in place</b> in the proper place or location. $\Box$ <i>Everything was in place for the ceremony.</i> $\Box$ <i>It's good to see everything in place again.</i>
<b>in plain English</b> in simple, clear, and straightforward language. ( <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\Box$ <i>That's too confusing. Please say it again in plain English.</i> $\Box$ <i>Tell me again in plain English.</i> $\Box$ <i>Please put it into plain English.</i>
<b>in progress</b> happening now; taking place at this time. □ <i>You can't go into that room. There is a meeting in progress.</i> □ <i>Please tell me about the work you have in progress.</i>
<b>in Queer Street</b> in a difficult situation, especially because of lack of money. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>We're in Queer Street. We've no money to pay the rent.</i> $\square$ <i>No wonder Jack's in Queer Street. He spends more than he earns.</i>
<b>in rags</b> in worn-out and torn clothing. $\Box$ <i>The beggars were in rags</i> . $\Box$ <i>I think the new casual fashions make you look as though you're in rags</i> .
<b>in seventh heaven</b> in a very happy state. $\square$ <i>Ann was really in seventh heaven when she got a car of her own.</i> $\square$ <i>I'd be in seventh heaven if I had a million pounds.</i>
<b>(in) single file</b> queued up, one behind the other; in a queue that is one person or one thing wide. (In can be replaced with into. See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\Box$ Have you ever seen ducks walking in single file? $\Box$ No, do they usually walk single file? $\Box$ Please march in single file. $\Box$ Please get into single file.
<b>in stock</b> readily available, as with goods in a shop. $\Box$ <i>I'm sorry, I don't have that in stock. I'll have to order it for you.</i> $\Box$ <i>We have all our Christmas merchandise in stock now.</i>
instrumental in doing something playing an important part in

doing something. 

☐ John was instrumental in getting the contract to

**in the doldrums** sluggish; inactive; in low spirits.  $\square$  He's usually in the doldrums in the winter.  $\square$  I had some bad news yesterday which put me in the doldrums.

**in the family** restricted to one's own family, as with private or embarrassing information. (Especially with keep.)  $\square$  Don't tell anyone else about the bankruptcy. Please keep it in the family.  $\square$  He told only his brother because he wanted it to remain in the family.

trouble.

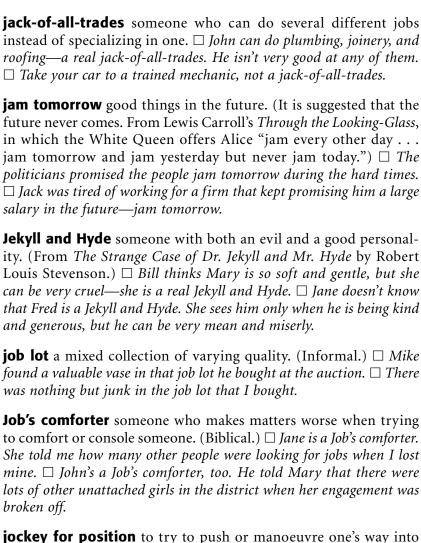
<b>in the family way</b> pregnant. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I've heard that Mrs. Smith is in the family way.</i> $\Box$ <i>Our daughter is in the family way.</i>
<b>in the flesh</b> really present; in person. $\Box$ <i>I've heard that the Queen will be here in the flesh.</i> $\Box$ <i>Is she really here? In the flesh?</i> $\Box$ <i>The old man wanted to see the Pope in the flesh.</i>
<b>in the lap of luxury</b> in luxurious surroundings. $\Box$ <i>John lives in the lap of luxury because his family is very wealthy.</i> $\Box$ <i>When I retire, I'd like to live in the lap of luxury.</i>
<b>in the light of something</b> because of certain knowledge; considering something. (As if knowledge or information shed light on something.) $\Box$ <i>In the light of what you have told us, I think we must abandon the project.</i> $\Box$ <i>In the light of the shop assistant's rudeness, we didn't return to that shop.</i>
<b>in the limelight</b> at the centre of attention. ( <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below. <i>Limelight</i> is an obsolete form of <i>spotlight</i> , and the word occurs only in this phrase.) $\Box$ <i>John will do almost anything to get himself into the limelight</i> . $\Box$ <i>All elected officials spend a lot of time in the limelight</i> .
<b>in the line of duty</b> as part of one's expected (military, police, or other) duties. $\square$ When soldiers fight people in a war, it's in the line of duty. $\square$ Police officers have to do things they may not like in the line of duty.
<b>in the long run</b> over a long period of time; ultimately. $\square$ <i>We'd be better off in the long run buying a car instead of hiring one.</i> $\square$ <i>In the long run, we'd be happier in the South.</i>
<b>in the market (for something)</b> wanting to buy something. $\Box$ <i>I'm</i> in the market for a video recorder. $\Box$ If you have a boat for sale, we're in the market.
<b>in the middle of nowhere</b> in a very remote place. (Informal. <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\square$ <i>We found a nice place to eat, but it's out in the middle of nowhere.</i> $\square$ <i>To get to my house, you have to drive into the middle of nowhere.</i>
<b>in the money</b> wealthy. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>John is really in the money.</i> He's worth millions. $\square$ If I am ever in the money, I'll be generous to others.

<b>in the near future</b> in the time immediately ahead. $\Box$ <i>I don't plan to go to Florida in the near future.</i> $\Box$ <i>What do you intend to do in the near future?</i>
<b>in the nick of time</b> just in time; at the last possible instant; just before it is too late. $\Box$ <i>The doctor arrived in the nick of time. The patient's life was saved.</i> $\Box$ <i>I reached the airport in the nick of time.</i>
<b>in the offing</b> happening at some time in the future. $\square$ <i>There is a big investigation in the offing, but I don't know when.</i> $\square$ <i>It's hard to tell what's in the offing if you don't keep track of things.</i>
in the peak of condition See in the pink (of condition).
in the pink (of condition) AND in the peak of condition in very good health; in very good condition, physically and emotionally. (Informal. <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\Box$ <i>The garden is lovely. All the flowers are in the pink of condition.</i> $\Box$ <i>Jane has to exercise hard to get into the peak of condition.</i> $\Box$ <i>She's been ill, but she's in the pink now.</i>
<b>in the public eye</b> publicly; visible to all; conspicuous. ( <i>In</i> can be replaced with <i>into</i> . See comment at in a jam and the examples below.) $\Box$ <i>Elected officials find themselves constantly in the public eye.</i> $\Box$ <i>The mayor made it a practice to get into the public eye as much as possible.</i>
in the raw See in the altogether.
<b>in the same boat</b> in the same situation; having the same problem. □ "I'm broke. Can you lend me twenty pounds?" "Sorry. I'm in the same boat." □ Jane and Mary are both in the same boat. They both have been called to the boss's office.
<b>in the same breath</b> [stated or said] almost at the same time. $\Box$ He told me I was lazy, but then in the same breath he said I was doing a good job of work. $\Box$ The teacher said that the pupils were working hard and, in the same breath, that they were not working hard enough.
<b>in the soup</b> in a bad situation. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Now I'm really in the soup. I broke Mrs. Franklin's window.</i> $\square$ <i>The child's always in the soup. He attracts trouble.</i>
in the swim (of things) fully involved in or participating in events

or happenings. (The *in* can be replaced with *into*. See the explanation at in a jam and the examples below.)  $\Box$  *I've been ill, but soon* 

I'll be back in the swim of things. $\square$ He can't wait to grow up and get into the swim of things. $\square$ Mary loves to be in the swim socially.
<b>in the wind</b> about to happen. (Also used literally.) $\square$ There are some major changes in the wind. Expect these changes to happen soon. $\square$ There is something in the wind. We'll find out what it is soon.
<b>in thing (to do)</b> the fashionable thing to do. (Informal. In this phrase, the word <i>in</i> is always stressed.) $\square$ <i>Eating low-fat food is the in thing to do.</i> $\square$ <i>Bob is very old-fashioned. He never does the in thing.</i>
<b>in this day and age</b> presently; currently; nowadays. $\square$ You don't expect people to be polite in this day and age. $\square$ Young people don't care for their parents in this day and age.
<b>into the bargain</b> in addition to what was agreed on. $\square$ <i>I bought a car, and they threw a trailer into the bargain.</i> $\square$ <i>When I bought the house, I asked the seller to include the furniture into the bargain.</i>
<b>in turn 1.</b> one at a time in sequence. $\Box$ <i>Each of us can read the book in turn.</i> $\Box$ <i>We cut the hair of every child in turn.</i> <b>2.</b> in return (for doing something). $\Box$ <i>I took Sally out to lunch, and she took me out in turn.</i> $\Box$ <i>They invited us to their house in turn.</i>
<b>in two shakes of a lamb's tail</b> in a very short time. $\square$ <i>Jane returned in two shakes of a lamb's tail.</i> $\square$ <i>Fred was able to solve the problem in two shakes of a lamb's tail.</i>
<b>in vain</b> for no purpose; with no success. $\Box$ They rushed her to the hospital, but they did it in vain. $\Box$ We tried in vain to get her there on time. $\Box$ They tried and tried, but their efforts were in vain.
<b>iron hand in a velvet glove</b> a strong, ruthless type of control that gives the appearance of being gentle and liberal. $\Box$ In that family, it is a case of the iron hand in a velvet glove. The father looks gentle and loving, but he is a tyrant. $\Box$ It is a case of the iron hand in a velvet glove in that country. The president pretends to be liberal, but his people have little freedom.





an advantageous position at the expense of others.  $\square$  *All the staff in that firm are jockeying for position. They all want the manager's job.* 

☐ It is unpleasant working for a firm where people are always jockeying for position.
<b>johnny-come-lately</b> someone who joins in (something) after it is under way. $\square$ <i>Don't pay any attention to Sally. She's just a johnny-come-lately and doesn't know what she's talking about.</i> $\square$ <i>We've been here for thirty years. Why should some johnny-come-lately tell us what to do?</i>
<b>joking apart</b> being serious for a moment; in all seriousness. $\Box$ <i>I</i> know <i>I</i> laugh at him but, joking apart, he's a very clever scientist. $\Box$ <i>I</i> know <i>I</i> threatened to leave and go round the world, but, joking apart, <i>I</i> need a holiday.
<b>jolly someone along</b> to keep someone happy and satisfied in order to obtain compliance with one's wishes. $\Box$ <i>If you jolly Jim along, he will help you with the garden.</i> $\Box$ <i>You'll have to jolly Bert along if you want his help. If he's in a bad mood, he'll refuse.</i>
jump at the chance (to do something) AND leap at the chance (to do something); jump at the opportunity (to do something); leap at the opportunity (to do something) to take advantage of a chance to do something. (To do something can be replaced with of doing something.) $\Box$ John jumped at the chance to go to England. $\Box$ I don't know why I didn't jump at the opportunity myself. $\Box$ I should have leapt at the chance.
<b>jump at the opportunity (to do something)</b> See jump at the chance (to do something).
<b>jump down someone's throat</b> AND <b>jump on someone</b> to scold someone severely. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>If I disagree with them, my parents will jump down my throat.</i> $\Box$ <i>Don't jump on me! I didn't do it!</i>
<b>jumping-off point</b> a point or place from which to begin a venture. □ The local library is a good jumping-off point for your research. □ The office job in that firm would be a good jumping-off point for a job in advertising.
jump on someone See jump down someone's throat.
<b>jump out of one's skin</b> to react strongly to shock or surprise. (Informal. Usually with <i>nearly, almost</i> , etc.) $\square$ <i>Oh! You really scared</i>

me. I nearly jumped out of my skin.  $\square$  Bill was so startled he almost

jumped out of his skin.

<b>jump the gun 1.</b> to start before the starting signal, as in a race. (Informal. Originally used in sports contests which are started by firing a gun.) $\square$ We all had to start the race again because Jane jumped the gun. $\square$ When we took the test, Tom jumped the gun and started early. <b>2.</b> to start before the starting time. (Figurative on sense 1.) $\square$ You jumped the gun with your proposal. $\square$ We jumped the gun and turned in our application early.
<b>just the job</b> exactly what is required. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Those pills were just the job for Jean's headache.</i> $\square$ <i>That jacket was just the job for wet weather.</i>
<b>just what the doctor ordered</b> exactly what is required, especially for health or comfort. $\Box$ <i>That meal was delicious, Bob. Just what the doctor ordered.</i> $\Box$ <i>A glass of cold water would be just what the doctor ordered.</i>



<b>keen on someone or something</b> enthusiastic about someone or something. $\Box$ <i>I'm not too keen on going to London.</i> $\Box$ <i>Sally is fairly keen on getting a new job.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mary isn't keen on her new assignment.</i>
<b>keep a civil tongue (in one's head)</b> to speak decently and politely. □ <i>Please, John. Don't talk like that. Keep a civil tongue in your head.</i> □ <i>John seems unable to keep a civil tongue.</i>
<b>keep an eye out (for someone or something)</b> to watch for the arrival or appearance of someone or something. (The <i>an</i> can be replaced by <i>one's</i> .) $\square$ <i>Please keep an eye out for the bus.</i> $\square$ <i>Keep an eye out for rain.</i> $\square$ <i>Okay. I'll keep my eye out.</i>
<b>keep a stiff upper lip</b> to be cool and unmoved by unsettling events. $\Box$ <i>John always keeps a stiff upper lip.</i> $\Box$ <i>Now, Billy, don't cry. Keep a stiff upper lip.</i>
<b>keep a straight face</b> to make one's face stay free from laughter or smiling. $\Box$ <i>It's hard to keep a straight face when someone tells a funny joke.</i> $\Box$ <i>I knew it was John who played the trick. He couldn't keep a straight face.</i>
<b>keep a weather eye open</b> to watch for something (to happen); to be on the alert (for something); to be on guard. $\square$ <i>Some trouble is brewing. Keep a weather eye open.</i> $\square$ <i>Try to be more alert. Learn to keep a weather eye open.</i>
<b>keep body and soul together</b> to feed, clothe, and house oneself. $\Box$ <i>I hardly have enough money to keep body and soul together.</i> $\Box$ <i>How the old man was able to keep body and soul together is beyond me.</i>
<b>keep house</b> to manage a household. $\Box$ <i>I hate to keep house. I'd rather live in a tent than keep house.</i> $\Box$ <i>My grandmother kept house for nearly</i>

sixty years.

<b>keep in with someone</b> to remain friendly with a person, especially a person who might be useful. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>Jack keeps in with Jane because he likes to borrow her car.</i> $\Box$ <i>The children keep in with Peter because his father has a sweet-shop.</i>
<b>keep late hours</b> to stay up or stay out until very late. $\Box$ <i>I'm always tired because I keep late hours.</i> $\Box$ <i>If I didn't keep late hours, I wouldn't sleep so late in the morning.</i>
<b>keep one's cards close to one's chest</b> See play one's cards close to one's chest.
<b>keep one's chin up</b> to keep one's spirits high; to act brave and confident. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Keep your chin up, John. Things will get better.</i> $\square$ <i>Just keep your chin up and tell the judge exactly what happened.</i>
<b>keep one's distance (from someone or something)</b> to maintain a respectful or cautious distance from someone or something. (The distance can be figurative or literal.) $\square$ <i>Keep your distance from John. He's in a bad mood.</i> $\square$ <i>Keep your distance from the fire.</i> $\square$ <i>Okay. I'll tell Sally to keep her distance, too.</i>
keep one's ear to the ground See have one's ear to the ground.
<b>keep oneself to oneself</b> to remain private; not to mix with other people very much. □ We never see our neighbours. They keep themselves to themselves. □ Jean used to go out a lot, but she has kept herself to herself since her husband died.
<b>keep one's eye on the ball</b> to remain alert to the events occurring around one. (Informal.) $\Box$ If you want to get along in this office, you're going to have to keep your eye on the ball. $\Box$ Bill would do better in his classes if he would just keep his eye on the ball.
<b>keep one's feet on the ground</b> See have one's feet on the ground.
<b>keep one's hand in (something)</b> to retain one's control of something. $\Box$ <i>I want to keep my hand in the business.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mrs. Johnson has retired from the library, but she still wants to keep her hand in. She works part-time.</i>
<b>keep one's head above water</b> to stay ahead of one's problems; to keep up with one's work or responsibilities. (Also used literally. Also with <i>have</i> .) $\Box$ <i>I can't seem to keep my head above water. Work</i>

just keeps piling up.  $\square$  Now that I have more space to work in, I can

easily keep my head above water.

<b>keep one's mouth shut (about someone or something)</b> to keep quiet about someone or something; to keep a secret about someone or something. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>They told me to keep my mouth shut about the problem or I'd be in big trouble.</i> $\Box$ <i>I think I'll keep my mouth shut.</i>
keep one's nose in the air See have one's nose in the air.
<b>keep one's nose to the grindstone</b> to keep busy doing one's work. (Also with have and get, as in the examples.) $\Box$ The manager told me to keep my nose to the grindstone or be sacked. $\Box$ I've had my nose to the grindstone ever since I started working here. $\Box$ If the other people in this office would get their noses to the grindstone, more work would get done.
<b>keep one's own counsel</b> to keep one's thoughts and plans to oneself; not to tell other people about one's thoughts and plans. □ <i>Jane is very quiet. She tends to keep her own counsel.</i> □ <i>I advise you to keep your own counsel.</i>
<b>keep one's side of the bargain</b> to do one's part as agreed; to attend to one's responsibilities as agreed. □ <i>Tom has to learn to cooperate. He must keep his side of the bargain.</i> □ <i>If you don't keep your side of the bargain, the whole project will fail.</i>
<b>keep one's wits about one</b> See under have one's wits about one.
<b>keep one's word</b> to uphold one's promise. $\Box$ <i>I told her I'd be there to collect her, and I intend to keep my word.</i> $\Box$ <i>Keeping one's word is necessary in the legal profession.</i>
<b>keep someone in line</b> to make certain that someone behaves properly. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>It's very hard to keep Bill in line. He's sort of rowdy.</i> $\Box$ <i>The teacher had to struggle to keep the class in line.</i>
<b>keep someone in stitches</b> to cause someone to laugh loud and hard, over and over. (Informal. Also with <i>have</i> . See the examples.) □ The comedian kept us in stitches for nearly an hour. □ The teacher kept the class in stitches, but the pupils didn't learn anything. □ The clown had the crowd in stitches.
<b>keep someone on a string</b> See under have someone on a string.

**keep someone on tenterhooks** to keep someone anxious or in suspense. (Also with *have*. See the examples.)  $\square$  *Please tell me now*.

Don't keep me on tenterhooks any longer! $\square$ Now that we have her on tenterhooks, shall we let her worry, or shall we tell her?
<b>keep someone posted</b> to keep someone informed (of what is happening); to keep someone up to date. $\Box$ <i>If the price of corn goes up, I need to know. Please keep me posted.</i> $\Box$ <i>Keep her posted about the patient's condition.</i>
<b>keep something under one's hat</b> to keep something a secret; to keep something in one's mind (only). (Informal. If the secret stays under your hat, it stays in your mind.) $\square$ <i>Keep this under your hat, but I'm getting married.</i> $\square$ <i>I'm getting married, but keep it under your hat.</i>
<b>keep something under wraps</b> to keep something concealed (until some future time). $\square$ <i>We kept the plan under wraps until after the election.</i> $\square$ <i>The car company kept the new model under wraps until most of the old models had been sold.</i>
<b>keep the ball rolling</b> See under start the ball rolling.
<b>keep the home fires burning</b> to keep things going at one's home or other central location. $\square$ <i>My uncle kept the home fires burning when my sister and I went to school.</i> $\square$ <i>The manager stays at the office and keeps the home fires burning while I'm out selling our products.</i>
<b>keep the lid on something</b> to restrain something; to keep something quiet or under control. (Informal.) $\Box$ The politician worked hard to keep the lid on the scandal. $\Box$ Try to keep the lid on the situation. Don't let it get out of hand.
<b>keep the wolf from the door</b> to maintain oneself at a minimal level; to keep from starving, freezing, etc. $\Box$ <i>I don't make a lot of money, just enough to keep the wolf from the door.</i> $\Box$ <i>We have a small amount of money saved, hardly enough to keep the wolf from the door.</i>
<b>kick oneself (for doing something)</b> to regret doing something. (Informal.) $\Box$ I could just kick myself for going off and not locking the car door. Now the car's been stolen. $\Box$ James felt like kicking himself when he missed the train.
<b>kick one's heels</b> to be kept waiting for someone or something; to have nothing to do. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>They left me kicking my heels while they had lunch.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mary is just kicking her heels until the university reopens.</i>

<b>kick up a fuss</b> AND <b>kick up a row</b> to become a nuisance; to misbehave and disturb (someone). (Informal. <i>Row</i> rhymes with <i>cow</i> .) □ <i>The customer kicked up such a fuss about the food that the manager came to apologize.</i> □ <i>I kicked up such a row that they kicked me out</i> .
kick up a row See kick up a fuss.
<b>kick up one's heels</b> to act in a frisky way; to be lively and have fun. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I like to go to an old-fashioned dance and really kick up my heels.</i> $\Box$ <i>For an old man, your uncle is really kicking up his heels by going on a cruise.</i>
<b>kids' stuff</b> a very easy task. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Climbing that hill is kids' stuff.</i> $\square$ <i>Driving an automatic car is kids' stuff.</i>
<b>kill the fatted calf</b> to prepare an elaborate banquet (in someone's honour). (From the biblical story recounting the return of the prodigal son.) □ When Bob got back from college, his parents killed the fatted calf and threw a great party. □ Sorry this meal isn't much, John. We didn't have time to kill the fatted calf.
<b>kill time</b> to waste time. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Stop killing time. Get to work!</i> $\square$ <i>We went over to the record shop just to kill time.</i>
<b>kiss of death</b> an act that puts an end to someone or something. (Informal.) □ <i>The mayor's veto was the kiss of death for the new law.</i> □ <i>Fainting on stage was the kiss of death for my acting career.</i>
<b>knit one's brow</b> to wrinkle one's brow, especially by frowning. □ The woman knitted her brow and asked us what we wanted from her. □ While he read his book, John knitted his brow occasionally. He must not have agreed with what he was reading.
<b>knock about (somewhere)</b> AND <b>knock around (somewhere)</b> to travel around; to act as a vagabond. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I'd like to take off a year and knock about Europe.</i> $\Box$ <i>If you're going to knock around, you should do it when you're young.</i>
knock around (somewhere) See knock about (somewhere).
<b>knock people's heads together</b> to scold some people; to get some people to do what they are supposed to be doing. (Informal.) $\square$ If you children don't quieten down and go to sleep, I'm going to come up there and knock your heads together. $\square$ The government is in a mess. We need to go down to London and knock the ministers' heads together.

<b>knock someone cold 1.</b> to knock someone out. (Informal.) $\square$ The blow knocked the boxer cold. $\square$ The attacker knocked the old man cold. <b>2.</b> to stun someone; to shock someone. $\square$ The news of his death knocked me cold. $\square$ Pat was knocked cold by the imprisonment of her son.
<b>knock someone dead</b> to put on a stunning performance or display for someone. (Informal. <i>Someone</i> is often replaced by 'em from them.) □ This band is going to do great tonight. We're going to knock them dead. □ "See how your sister is all dressed up!" said Bill. "She's going to knock 'em dead."
<b>knock someone down with a feather</b> to push over a person who is stunned, surprised, or awed by something extraordinary. □ <i>I was so surprised, you could have knocked me down with a feather.</i> □ <i>When she heard the news, you could have knocked her down with a feather.</i>
<b>know all the tricks of the trade</b> to possess the skills and knowledge necessary to do something. (Also without <i>all</i> .) $\square$ <i>Tom can repair car engines. He knows the tricks of the trade.</i> $\square$ <i>If I knew all the tricks of the trade, I could be a better plumber.</i>
<b>know a thing or two (about someone or something)</b> to be well informed about someone or something; to know something, often something unpleasant, about someone or something. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I know a thing or two about cars.</i> $\Box$ <i>I know a thing or two about Mary that would really shock you.</i>
min'y min womin romy shock you.
<b>know one's ABC</b> to know the alphabet; to know the most basic things (about something). (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Bill can't do it. He doesn't even know his ABC.</i> $\square$ <i>You can't expect to write novels when you don't know your ABC.</i>
<b>know one's ABC</b> to know the alphabet; to know the most basic things (about something). (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Bill can't do it. He doesn't even know his ABC.</i> $\square$ <i>You can't expect to write novels when you don't</i>



<b>labour of love</b> a task which is either unpaid or poorly paid and which one does simply for one's own satisfaction or pleasure or to please someone whom one likes or loves. □ Jane made no money out of the biography she wrote. She was writing about the life of a friend, and the book was a labour of love. □ Mary hates knitting, but she made a sweater for her boyfriend. What a labour of love!
<b>lady-killer</b> a man who likes to flirt and make love to women, and who is popular with them. □ <i>Fred used to be a real lady-killer, but now women laugh at him.</i> □ <i>Jack's wife doesn't know that he's a lady-killer who goes out with other women.</i>
<b>lag behind (someone or something)</b> to fall behind someone or something; to linger behind someone or something. □ <i>John always lags behind the person marching in front of him.</i> □ " <i>Don't lag behind!</i> " shouted the leader.
<b>lame duck</b> someone or something that is helpless, useless, or inefficient. □ <i>Jack is always having to help his brother, who is a lame duck.</i> □ <i>The best firms will survive, but the lame ducks will not.</i>
<b>land a blow (somewhere)</b> to strike someone or something with the hand or fist. □ <i>Bill landed a blow on Tom's chin.</i> □ <i>When Bill wasn't looking, Tom landed a blow.</i>
<b>land of Nod</b> sleep. (Humorous. From the fact that people sometimes nod when they are falling asleep. This is a pun, because the land of Nod is also the name of a place referred to in the Bible.) $\Box$ The baby is in the land of Nod. $\Box$ Look at the clock! It's time we were all in the land of Nod.
land on both feet See land on one's feet.

**land on one's feet** AND **land on both feet** to recover satisfactorily from a trying situation or a setback. (Informal.)  $\square$  *Her first year* 

was terrible, but she landed on both feet. $\Box$ It's going to be a hard day. I only hope I land on my feet.
<b>last but not least</b> last in sequence, but not last in importance. (Often said in introductions.) □ The speaker said, "And now, last but not least, I'd like to present Bill Smith, who will give us some final words." □ And last but not least, here is the owner of the firm.
<b>last-ditch effort</b> a final effort; the last possible attempt. $\Box$ <i>I made one last-ditch effort to get her to stay.</i> $\Box$ <i>It was a last-ditch effort. I didn't expect it to work.</i>
<b>late in life</b> when one is old. $\square$ She injured her hip running. She's taken to exercising rather late in life. $\square$ Isn't it rather late in life to buy a house?
<b>late in the day</b> far on in a project or activity; too late in a project or activity for action, decisions, etc., to be taken. $\Box$ <i>It was a bit late in the day for him to apologize.</i> $\Box$ <i>It's late in the day to change the plans.</i>
<b>laugh something out of court</b> to dismiss something as ridiculous.   ☐ The committee laughed the suggestion out of court. ☐ Jack's request for a large salary increase was laughed out of court.
<b>laugh up one's sleeve</b> to laugh secretly; to laugh quietly to one-self. (Informal.) $\Box$ Jane looked very serious, but I knew she was laughing up her sleeve. $\Box$ They pretended to admire her singing voice, but they were laughing up their sleeves at her. She screeches.
<b>law unto oneself</b> one who makes one's own laws or rules; one who sets one's own standards of behaviour. $\square$ <i>You can't get Bill to follow the rules. He's a law unto himself.</i> $\square$ <i>Jane is a law unto herself. She's totally unwilling to co-operate.</i>
<b>lay about one</b> to strike at people and things in all directions around one; to hit everyone and everything near one. $\square$ When the police tried to capture the robber, he laid about him wildly. $\square$ In trying to escape, the prisoner laid about him and injured several people.
<b>lay down the law 1.</b> to state firmly what the rules are (for something). $\Box$ Before the meeting, the managing director laid down the law. We all knew exactly what to do. $\Box$ The way she laid down the law means that I'll remember her rules. <b>2.</b> to express one's opinions with force. $\Box$ When the teacher caught us, he really laid down the law. $\Box$ Poor Bob. He really got it when his mother laid down the law.

<b>lay something on the line</b> to speak very firmly and directly about something. □ <i>She was very angry. She laid it on the line, and we had no doubt about what she meant.</i> □ <i>All right, you lot! I'm going to lay it on the line. Don't ever do that again if you know what's good for you.</i>
lay the table See set the table.
<b>lead a dog's life</b> to lead a miserable life. □ Poor Jane really leads a dog's life. □ I've been working so hard. I'm tired of leading a dog's life.
<b>lead someone by the nose</b> to force someone to go somewhere (with you); to lead someone by coercion. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>John had to lead Tom by the nose to get him to the opera.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'll go, but you'll have to lead me by the nose.</i>
<b>lead someone (on) a merry chase</b> AND <b>lead someone (on) a merry dance</b> to lead someone in a purposeless pursuit. □ What a waste of time. You really led me on a merry chase. □ Jane led Bill a merry dance trying to find an antique lamp.
<b>lead someone (on) a merry dance</b> See lead someone (on) a merry chase.
<b>lead someone to believe something</b> to imply something to someone; to cause someone to believe something untrue, without lying. □ But you led me to believe that this watch was guaranteed! □ Did you lead her to believe that she was employed as a cook?
<b>lead someone to do something</b> to cause someone to do something. $\Box$ <i>This agent led me to purchase a worthless piece of land.</i> $\Box$ <i>My illness led me to resign.</i>
<b>lead someone up the garden path</b> to deceive someone. $\square$ <i>Now, be honest with me. Don't lead me up the garden path.</i> $\square$ <i>That swindler really led her up the garden path.</i>
<b>leap at the chance (to do something)</b> See jump at the chance (to do something).
<b>leap at the opportunity (to do something)</b> See jump at the chance (to do something).
<b>learn something by heart</b> to learn something so well that it can be written or recited without thinking; to memorize something. $\Box$ <i>The director told me to learn my speech by heart.</i> $\Box$ <i>I had to go over</i>

<b>by heart</b> to know something perfectly; to have memorized something perfectly. $\Box$ <i>I know my speech by heart</i> . $\Box$ <i>I went over and over it until I knew it by heart</i> .
<b>learn something by rote</b> to learn something without giving any thought to what is being learned. $\Box$ <i>I learned history by rote, and then I couldn't pass the examination, which required me to think.</i> $\Box$ <i>If you learn things by rote, you'll never understand them.</i>
<b>learn the ropes</b> to learn how to do something; to learn how to work something. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I'll be able to do my job very well as soon as I learn the ropes.</i> $\Box$ <i>John is very slow to learn the ropes.</i>
<b>leave a bad taste in someone's mouth</b> [for something] to leave a bad feeling or memory with someone. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>The whole business about the missing money left a bad taste in his mouth.</i> $\Box$ <i>It was a very nice affair, but something about it left a bad taste in my mouth.</i>
<b>leave no stone unturned</b> to search in all possible places. (As if one might find something under a rock.) $\square$ <i>Don't worry. We'll find your stolen car. We'll leave no stone unturned.</i> $\square$ <i>In searching for a nice place to live, we left no stone unturned.</i>
leave oneself wide open for something AND leave oneself wide open to something to invite criticism or joking about oneself; to fail to protect oneself from criticism or ridicule. $\square$ Yes, that was a harsh remark, Jane, but you left yourself wide open to it. $\square$ I can't complain about your joke. I left myself wide open for it.
<b>leave oneself wide open to something</b> See leave oneself wide open for something.
<b>leave someone holding the baby</b> to leave someone with the responsibility for something, especially something difficult or unpleasant, often when it was originally someone else's responsibility. (Informal. Note passive use in the examples.) □ We all promised to look after the house when the owner was away, but I was left holding the baby on my own. □ It was her brother who promised to finish the work, and it was he who then left her holding the baby.
<b>leave someone in the lurch</b> to leave someone waiting on or anticipating your actions. $\square$ <i>Where were you, John? You really left me in</i>

it many times before I learned it by heart. ALSO: know something

the lurch. $\Box$ I didn't mean to leave you in the lurch. I thought we had cancelled our meeting.
leave well alone See let well alone.
<b>leave word (with someone)</b> to leave a message with someone (who will pass the message on to someone else). $\Box$ <i>If you decide to go to the convention, please leave word with my secretary.</i> $\Box$ <i>Leave word before you go.</i> $\Box$ <i>I left word with your brother. Didn't he give you the message?</i>
<b>left, right, and centre</b> everywhere; to an excessive extent. (Informal.) □ <i>John lent money left, right, and centre.</i> □ <i>Mary spent he money on clothes, left, right, and centre.</i>
<b>lend (someone) a hand</b> to give someone some help, not necessarily with the hands. □ <i>Could you lend me a hand with this piano I need to move it across the room.</i> □ <i>Could you lend a hand with thi maths problem?</i> □ <i>I'd be happy to lend a hand.</i>
<b>less than pleased</b> displeased. $\square$ We were less than pleased to learn of your comments. $\square$ Bill was less than pleased at the outcome of the election.
let down one's hair See let one's hair down.
<b>let off steam</b> AND <b>blow off steam</b> to release excess energy of anger. (Informal.) □ Whenever John gets a little angry, he blows of steam by jogging. □ Don't worry about John. He's just letting off steam He won't sack you.
<b>let one's hair down</b> AND <b>let down one's hair</b> to become less formal and more intimate, and to begin to speak frankly. (Informal. $\Box$ Come on, Jane, let your hair down and tell me all about it. $\Box$ I have a problem. Do you mind if I let down my hair?
<b>let someone have it</b> to strike someone or attack someone verbally (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I really let Tom have it. I told him he had better not do that again if he knows what's good for him.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bob let John have it—right on the chin.</i>
<b>let someone off (the hook)</b> to release someone from a responsibility. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Please let me off the hook for Saturday. I have other plans.</i> $\square$ <i>Okay, I'll let you off.</i>

<b>let something ride</b> to allow something to continue or remain as it is. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>It isn't the best plan, but we'll let it ride.</i> $\Box$ <i>I disagree with you, but I'll let it ride.</i>
<b>let something slide</b> to neglect something. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>John let his lessons slide</i> . $\square$ <i>Jane doesn't let her work slide</i> .
<b>let something slip (out)</b> to tell a secret by accident. $\Box$ <i>I didn't let it slip out on purpose. It was an accident.</i> $\Box$ <i>John let the plans slip when he was talking to Bill.</i>
<b>let the cat out of the bag</b> AND <b>spill the beans</b> to reveal a secret or a surprise by accident. (Informal.) $\square$ When Bill glanced at the door, he let the cat out of the bag. We knew then that he was expecting someone to arrive. $\square$ We are planning a surprise party for Jane. Don't let the cat out of the bag. $\square$ It's a secret. Try not to spill the beans.
<b>let the chance slip by</b> to lose the opportunity (to do something). $\square$ When I was younger, I wanted to become a doctor, but I let the chance slip by. $\square$ Don't let the chance slip by. $\square$ Do it now!
<b>let the grass grow under one's feet</b> to do nothing; to stand still.  □ <i>Mary doesn't let the grass grow under her feet. She's always busy.</i> □ <i>Bob is too lazy. He's letting the grass grow under his feet.</i>
<b>let well alone</b> AND <b>leave well alone</b> to leave things as they are (and not try to improve them). □ There isn't much more you can accomplish here. Why don't you just let well alone? □ This is as good as I can do. I'll stop and leave well alone.
<b>lick one's lips</b> to show eagerness or pleasure about a future event. (Informal. From the habit of people licking their lips when they are about to enjoy eating something.) $\Box$ The children licked their lips at the sight of the cake. $\Box$ The author's readers were licking their lips in anticipation of her new novel. $\Box$ The journalist was licking his lips when he went off to interview the disgraced politician.
lick something into shape AND whip something into shape to put something into good condition, usually with difficulty. (Informal.) $\Box$ I have to lick this report into shape this morning. $\Box$ Let's all lend a hand and whip this house into shape. It's a mess.
<b>lie down on the job</b> to do one's job poorly or not at all. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Tom was sacked because he was lying down on the job.</i> $\square$ <i>The</i>

,
<b>lie through one's teeth</b> to lie boldly. (Informal.) $\Box$ I knew she was lying through her teeth, but I didn't want to say so just then. $\Box$ I'm not lying through my teeth! I never do!
<b>life (and soul) of the party</b> the type of person who is lively and helps make a party fun and exciting. $\square$ <i>Bill is always the life and soul of the party. Be sure to invite him.</i> $\square$ <i>Bob isn't exactly the life of the party, but he's polite.</i>
<b>like a bolt out of the blue</b> suddenly and without warning. (Refers to a bolt of lightning coming out of a clear blue sky.) $\square$ <i>The news came to us like a bolt out of the blue.</i> $\square$ <i>Like a bolt out of the blue, the managing director came and sacked us all.</i>
<b>like a fish out of water</b> awkward; in a foreign or unaccustomed environment. $\Box$ <i>At a formal dance, John is like a fish out of water.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mary was like a fish out of water at the bowling tournament.</i>
<b>like a sitting duck</b> AND <b>like sitting ducks</b> unguarded; unsuspecting and unaware. □ He was waiting there like a sitting duck—a perfect target for a mugger. □ The soldiers were standing at the top of the hill like sitting ducks. It's a wonder they weren't all killed.
<b>like looking for a needle in a haystack</b> engaged in a hopeless search. $\square$ Trying to find a white dog in the snow is like looking for a needle in a haystack. $\square$ I tried to find my lost contact lens on the beach, but it was like looking for a needle in a haystack.
<b>like one of the family</b> as if someone (or a pet) were a member of one's family. (Informal.) $\square$ We treat our dog like one of the family. $\square$ We are very happy to have you stay with us, Bill. I hope you don't mind if we treat you like one of the family.
like sitting ducks See like a sitting duck.
<b>likes of someone</b> the type of person that someone is; anyone like someone. (Informal. Almost always in a negative sense.) $\Box$ <i>I</i> don't like Bob. I wouldn't do anything for the likes of him. $\Box$ Nobody wants the likes of him around.
<b>like water off a duck's back</b> without any apparent effect. $\square$ <i>Insults</i> rolled off John like water off a duck's back $\square$ There's no point in scald-

ing the children. It's like water off a duck's back.

telephonist was not answering the phone. She was lying down on the

<b>lion's share (of something)</b> the larger share of something. $\Box$ The elder boy always takes the lion's share of the food. $\Box$ Jim was supposed to divide the cake in two equal pieces, but he took the lion's share.
<b>listen to reason</b> to yield to a reasonable argument; to take the reasonable course. □ <i>Please listen to reason, and don't do something you'll regret.</i> □ <i>She got into trouble because she wouldn't listen to reason and was always late.</i>
<b>live and let live</b> not to interfere with other people's business or preferences. $\Box$ <i>I don't care what they do! Live and let live, I always say.</i> $\Box$ <i>Your parents are strict. Mine prefer to live and let live.</i>
<b>live by one's wits</b> to survive by being clever. $\square$ When you're in the kind of business I'm in, you have to live by your wits. $\square$ John was orphaned at the age of ten and grew up living by his wits.
<b>live from hand to mouth</b> to live in poor circumstances; to be able to get only what one needs for the present and not save for the future. (Informal.) $\square$ When both my parents were out of work, we lived from hand to mouth. $\square$ We lived from hand to mouth during the war. Things were very difficult.
<b>live in an ivory tower</b> to be aloof or separated from the realities of living. ( <i>Live</i> can be replaced by certain other expressions meaning to dwell or spend time, as in the examples.) $\Box$ If you didn't spend so much time in your ivory tower, you'd know what people really think! $\Box$ Many professors are said to live in ivory towers. They don't know what the real world is like.
<b>live off the fat of the land</b> to live in a very affluent or luxurious way. (Biblical.) $\Box$ If I had a million pounds, I'd invest it and live off the fat of the land. $\Box$ Jean married a wealthy man and lived off the fat of the land.
<b>live on borrowed time</b> to live longer than circumstances warrant; to live longer than expected; to remain in a situation longer than circumstances warrant. □ <i>John has a terminal disease. He's living on borrowed time.</i> □ <i>The student's living on borrowed time.</i> If he doesn't pass this exam, he will be asked to go.
<b>load off one's mind</b> relief from something which has been worrying one. (Informal.) $\square$ It will be a load off Jane's mind when her mother leaves hospital. $\square$ You aren't going to like what I'm going to say, but it will be a load off my mind.

one. (Informal.) $\square$ Let's settle this peacefully. I don't want to lock horns with your lawyer. $\square$ The judge doesn't want to lock horns either.
<b>lock, stock, and barrel</b> everything. $\square$ We had to move everything out of the house—lock, stock, and barrel. $\square$ We lost everything—lock, stock, and barrel—in the fire.
<b>look as if butter wouldn't melt in one's mouth</b> to appear to be very innocent, respectable, honest, etc. □ Sally looks as if butter wouldn't melt in her mouth, but she is going out with a married man. □ The child looks as though butter wouldn't melt in his mouth, but he bullies the other children.
<b>look daggers at someone</b> to give someone an unpleasant or nasty look. □ <i>Tom must have been angry with Ann from the way he was looking daggers at her.</i> □ <i>Don't you dare look daggers at me! I haven't done anything.</i>
<b>look forward to something</b> to anticipate something with pleasure. $\Box$ <i>I'm really looking forward to your visit next week.</i> $\Box$ <i>We all look forward to your new book on gardening.</i>
<b>look like a million dollars</b> to look very good. $\square$ Oh, Sally, you look like a million dollars. $\square$ Your new hair-do looks like a million dollars.
<b>look like the cat that swallowed the canary</b> AND <b>look like the cat that swallowed the cream</b> to appear self-satisfied, as if one had just had a great success. □ After the meeting John looked like the cat that swallowed the canary. I knew he must have been a success. □ What happened? You look like the cat that swallowed the canary. □ Jean must have won. She looks like the cat that swallowed the cream.
<b>look like the cat that swallowed the cream</b> See look like the cat that swallowed the canary.
<b>look the other way</b> to ignore (something) on purpose. $\Box$ <i>John could have prevented the problem, but he looked the other way.</i> $\Box$ <i>By looking the other way, he actually made the problem worse.</i>
<b>look to one's laurels</b> to take care not to lower or diminish one's reputation or position, especially in relation to that of someone else

potentially better.  $\square$  With the arrival of the new member of the football team, James will have to look to his laurels to remain the highest

lock horns (with someone) to get into an argument with some-

**lost on someone** having no effect on someone; wasted on someone. (Informal.) □ *The joke was lost on Jean. She didn't understand* 

**lost in thought** busy thinking.  $\Box$  *I'm sorry, I didn't hear what you said. I was lost in thought.*  $\Box$  *Bill—lost in thought as always—went* 

talking about? 

You made the speaker lose her train of thought.

into the wrong room.

it. $\Box$ The humour of the situation was lost on Mary. She was too upseto see it.
<b>love at first sight</b> love established when two people first see on another. $\Box$ <i>Bill was standing at the door when Ann opened it. It wa love at first sight.</i> $\Box$ <i>It was love at first sight when they met, but it didn last long.</i>
<b>lovely weather for ducks</b> rainy weather. $\square$ It's raining and it's lovely weather for ducks. $\square$ I don't like this weather, but it's lovely weather for ducks.
<b>lower one's sights</b> to set one's goals or aims lower. $\square$ <i>Even thoug you get frustrated, don't lower your sights.</i> $\square$ <i>I shouldn't lower my sight If I work hard, I can do what I want.</i>
<b>lower one's voice</b> to speak more softly. $\square$ Please lower your voice or you'll disturb the people who are working. $\square$ He wouldn't lower havoice, so everyone heard what he said.
<b>lucky dip</b> a situation in which one is given no choice in what on is given, what happens, etc. (From the name of a fairground side show in which children choose a parcel at random from a tub obran.) $\Box$ The allocation of jobs is a lucky dip. You can't choose. Which coach you go back to school on is a lucky dip.



<b>maiden speech</b> a first public speech, especially a British Member of Parliament's first speech to the House of Commons. □ <i>The new MP makes his maiden speech tonight</i> . □ <i>Our professor made her maiden speech to the conference yesterday</i> .	
<b>maiden voyage</b> the first voyage of a ship or boat. $\Box$ <i>The liner sank on its maiden voyage.</i> $\Box$ <i>Jim is taking his yacht on its maiden voyage.</i>	
<b>make a beeline for someone or something</b> to head straight towards someone or something. (Informal.) $\square$ Billy came into the kitchen and made a beeline for the biscuits. $\square$ After the game, we all made a beeline for John, who was serving cold drinks.	
<b>make a clean breast of something</b> to confess something. $\square$ <i>You'll feel better if you make a clean breast of it. Now tell us what happened.</i> $\square$ <i>I was forced to make a clean breast of the whole affair.</i>	
<b>make a clean sweep</b> to do something completely or thoroughly, with no exceptions. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>The managing director decided to sack everybody, so he made a clean sweep.</i> $\Box$ <i>The council decided to make a clean sweep and repair all the roads in the district.</i>	
<b>make a comeback</b> to return to one's former (successful) career. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>After ten years in retirement, the singer made a comeback.</i> $\square$ <i>You're never too old to make a comeback.</i>	
make a face See pull a face.	
<b>make a go of it</b> to make something work out all right. (Informal.) $\Box$ It's a tough situation, but Ann is trying to make a go of it. $\Box$ We don't like living here, but we have to make a go of it.	
make a great show of something to make something obvious; to do something in a showy fashion. □ Ann made a great show of wiping up the drink that John spilled. □ Jane displayed her irritation	

<b>make a mountain out of a molehill</b> to make a major issue out of a minor one; to exaggerate the importance of something. □ <i>Come on, don't make a mountain out of a molehill. It's not that important.</i> □ <i>Mary is always making mountains out of molehills.</i>
<b>make a name for oneself</b> to make oneself famous; to become famous. $\square$ <i>Sally wants to work hard and make a name for herself.</i> $\square$ <i>It's hard to make a name for oneself without a lot of talent and hard work.</i>
<b>make an example of someone</b> to punish someone as a public warning to others. □ The judge decided to make an example of John, so he fined him the full amount. □ The teacher made an example of Mary, who disturbed the class constantly with her whispering. She sent Mary out of the room.
<b>make a pitch for someone or something</b> to say something in support of someone or something; to attempt to promote or advance someone or something. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Bill is making a pitch for his friend's new product again.</i> $\square$ <i>The theatrical agent came in and made a pitch for her client.</i>
<b>make a point of (doing) something</b> to make an effort to do something. $\Box$ <i>Please make a point of posting this letter. It's very important.</i> $\Box$ <i>The hostess made a point of thanking me for bringing flowers.</i>
<b>make (both) ends meet</b> to manage to live on a small amount of money. $\Box$ <i>It's hard these days to make ends meet.</i> $\Box$ <i>I have to work overtime to make both ends meet.</i>
<b>make cracks (about someone or something)</b> to ridicule or make jokes about someone or something. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Please stop making cracks about my haircut. It's the new style.</i> $\square$ <i>Some people can't help making cracks. They are just rude.</i>
<b>make do (with someone or something)</b> to do as well as possible with someone or something. $\Box$ You'll have to make do with less money next year. The economy is very weak. $\Box$ We'll have to make do with John even though he's a slow worker. $\Box$ Yes, we'll have to make do.

at our late arrival by making a great show of serving the overcooked

<b>make eyes at someone</b> to flirt with someone. $\Box$ <i>Tom spent all afternoon making eyes at Ann.</i> $\Box$ <i>How could they sit there in class making eyes at each other?</i>
<b>make fun of someone or something</b> to ridicule someone or something. $\Box$ Please stop making fun of me. It hurts my feelings. $\Box$ Billy teases and makes fun of people a lot, but he means no harm.
<b>make good as something</b> to succeed in a particular role. $\Box$ <i>I hope I make good as a teacher.</i> $\Box$ <i>John made good as a soccer player.</i>
<b>make good money</b> to earn a large amount of money. (Informal.) $\square$ Ann makes good money at her job. $\square$ I don't know what she does, but she makes good money.
<b>make good time</b> to proceed at a fast or reasonable rate. (Informal.) $\square$ On our trip to Brighton, we made good time. $\square$ I'm making good time, but I have a long way to go.
<b>make it worth someone's while</b> to make something profitable enough for someone to do. $\Box$ If you deliver this parcel for me, I'll make it worth your while. $\Box$ The boss said he'd make it worth our while if we worked late.
<b>make light of something</b> to treat something as if it were unimportant or humorous. $\Box$ <i>I wish you wouldn't make light of his problems. They're quite serious.</i> $\Box$ <i>I make light of my problems, and that makes me feel better.</i>
<b>make merry</b> to have fun; to have an enjoyable time. $\Box$ The guests certainly made merry at the wedding. $\Box$ The children were making merry in the garden.
<b>make mischief</b> to cause trouble. $\square$ Bob loves to make mischief and get other people into trouble. $\square$ Don't believe what Mary says. She's just trying to make mischief.
<b>make no bones about something</b> to have no hesitation in saying or doing something; to be open about something. (Something is often it.) $\square$ Fred made no bones about his dislike of games. $\square$ Make no bones about it, Mary is a great singer.
<b>make nothing of it</b> not to understand something; not to get the significance of something. $\Box$ I could make nothing of his statement. $\Box$ I saw him leave but I made nothing of it

in one's own home. $\Box$ Please come in and make yourself at home. $\Box$ I'm glad you're here. During your visit, just make yourself at home.
<b>make or break someone</b> to improve or ruin someone. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>The army will either make or break him.</i> $\Box$ <i>It's a tough assignment, and it will either make or break her.</i>
<b>make someone look good</b> to cause someone to appear successful or competent (especially when this is not the case). □ <i>John arranges all his affairs to make himself look good</i> . □ <i>The manager didn't like the quarterly report because it didn't make her look good</i> .
<b>make someone's blood boil</b> to make someone very angry. (Informal.) $\Box$ It just makes my blood boil to think of the amount of food that gets wasted in this house. $\Box$ Whenever I think of that dishonest man, it makes my blood boil.
<b>make someone's blood run cold</b> to shock or horrify someone. □ <i>The terrible story in the newspaper made my blood run cold.</i> □ <i>I could tell you things about prisons which would make your blood run cold.</i>
<b>make someone's hair stand on end</b> to cause someone to be very frightened. (Informal.) $\Box$ The horrible scream made my hair stand on end. $\Box$ The ghost story made our hair stand on end.
make someone's head spin See make someone's head swim.
<b>make someone's head swim</b> AND <b>make someone's head spin 1.</b> to make someone dizzy or disoriented. $\square$ <i>Riding in your car so fast makes my head spin.</i> $\square$ <i>Breathing the gas made my head swim.</i> <b>2.</b> to confuse or overwhelm someone. $\square$ <i>All these numbers make my head swim.</i> $\square$ <i>The physics lecture made my head spin.</i>
<b>make someone's mouth water</b> to make someone hungry (for something); to make someone desirous of something. (Informal.) □ That beautiful salad makes my mouth water. □ Talking about food makes my mouth water. □ Seeing those holiday brochures makes my mouth water.
<b>make something from scratch</b> to make something by starting with the basic ingredients. (Informal.) $\square$ We made the cake from scratch, not using a cake mix. $\square$ I didn't have a ladder, so I made one from scratch.

<b>make something to order</b> to put something together only when someone requests it. (Usually said about clothing.) $\square$ <i>This shop only makes suits to order.</i> $\square$ <i>Our shirts fit perfectly because each one is made to order.</i>
make the feathers fly See make the fur fly.
make the fur fly and make the feathers fly to cause a fight or an argument. (Informal.) □ When your mother gets home and sees what you've done, she'll really make the fur fly. □ When those two get together, they'll make the feathers fly. They hate each other.
<b>make the grade</b> to be satisfactory; to be what is expected. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I'm sorry, but your work doesn't exactly make the grade.</i> $\Box$ <i>Jack will never make the grade as a teacher.</i>
<b>make up for lost time</b> to do much of something; to make up for not doing much before; to do something fast. $\Box$ At the age of sixty, Bill learned to play golf. Now he plays it all the time. He's making up for lost time. $\Box$ Because we spent too much time eating lunch, we have to drive faster to make up for lost time. Otherwise we won't arrive when we should.
<b>mark my word(s)</b> remember what I'm telling you. □ <i>Mark my word</i> , you'll regret this. □ This whole project will fail—mark my words.
<b>matter-of-fact</b> businesslike; unfeeling. $\square$ <i>Don't expect a lot of sympathy from Ann. She's very matter-of-fact.</i> $\square$ <i>Don't be so matter-of-fact. It hurts my feelings.</i>
<b>matter of life and death</b> a matter of great urgency; an issue that will decide between living and dying. (Usually an exaggeration; sometimes humorous.) $\square$ We must find a doctor. It's a matter of life and death. $\square$ I must have some water. It's a matter of life and death.
<b>matter of opinion</b> the question of how good or bad someone or something is. $\Box$ <i>It's a matter of opinion how good the company is. John thinks it's great and Fred thinks it's poor.</i> $\Box$ <i>How efficient the committee is is a matter of opinion.</i>
<b>mealy-mouthed</b> not frank or direct. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Jane's too mealy-mouthed to tell Frank she dislikes him. She just avoids him.</i> $\square$ <i>Don't be so mealy-mouthed. It's better to speak plainly.</i>
<b>meet one's end</b> to die. $\Box$ The dog met his end under the wheels of a car. $\Box$ I hope I don't meet my end until I'm one hundred years old.

Bill yesterday, and it looks as if John has finally met his match. $\square$ Listen to Jane and Mary argue. I always thought that Jane was aggressive, but she has finally met her match.
<b>meet one's Waterloo</b> to meet one's final and insurmountable challenge. (Refers to Napoleon at Waterloo.) □ <i>This teacher is being very hard on Bill, unlike the previous one. It seems that Bill has met his Waterloo.</i> □ <i>John was more than Sally could handle. She had finally met her Waterloo.</i>
<b>meet someone half-way</b> to offer to compromise with someone. $\square$ <i>No, I won't give in, but I'll meet you half-way.</i> $\square$ <i>They settled the argument by agreeing to meet each other half-way.</i>
<b>melt in one's mouth</b> to taste very good. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>This cake is so good it'll melt in your mouth.</i> $\square$ <i>John said that the food didn't exactly melt in his mouth.</i>
<b>mend (one's) fences</b> to restore good relations (with someone). (Also used literally.) $\Box$ <i>I think I had better get home and mend my fences. I had an argument with my daughter this morning.</i> $\Box$ <i>Sally called up her uncle to apologize and try to mend fences.</i>
<b>mend one's ways</b> to improve one's behaviour. □ <i>John used to be very wild, but he's mended his ways.</i> □ <i>You'll have to mend your ways if you go out with Mary. She hates people to be late.</i>
<b>method in one's madness</b> [for there to be] purpose in what one is doing. (From Shakespeare's Hamlet.) □ What I'm doing may look strange, but there is method in my madness. □ Wait until she finishes; then you'll see that there is method in her madness.
<b>middle-of-the-road</b> half-way between two extremes, especially political extremes. $\Box$ <i>Jane is very left-wing, but her husband is politically middle-of-the-road.</i> $\Box$ <i>I don't want to vote for either the left-wing or the right-wing candidate. I prefer someone with more middle-of-the-road views.</i>
<b>milk of human kindness</b> natural kindness and sympathy shown to others. (From Shakespeare's play $Macbeth$ .) $\square$ $Mary$ is completely

hard and selfish—she has no milk of human kindness in her.  $\square$  Roger is too full of the milk of human kindness, and people take advantage

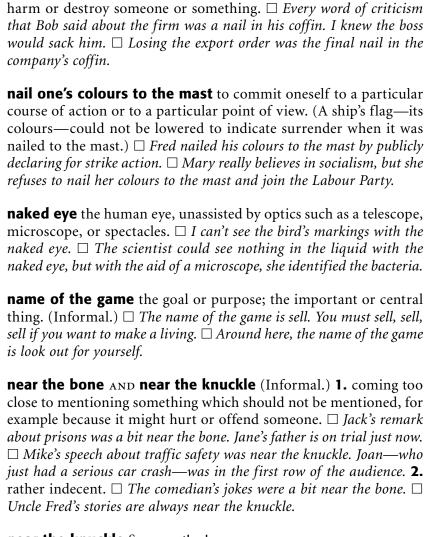
of him.

<b>millstone around one's neck</b> a continual burden or handicap. $\Box$ This huge and expensive house is a millstone around my neck. $\Box$ Bill's huge family is a millstone around his neck.
<b>mind one's own business</b> to attend only to the things that personally concern one. $\Box$ <i>Leave me alone, Bill. Mind your own business.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'd be fine if John would mind his own business.</i>
<b>mind one's P's and Q's</b> to mind one's manners. $\square$ When we go to the mayor's reception, please mind your P's and Q's. $\square$ I always mind my P's and Q's when I eat at formal restaurants.
<b>mind you</b> you must also take into consideration the fact that $\square$ He's very well dressed, but mind you he's got plenty of money to buy clothes. $\square$ Jean is unfriendly to me, but mind you she's never very nice to anyone.
<b>mine of information</b> someone or something that is full of information. $\square$ <i>Grandfather is a mine of information about World War I.</i> $\square$ <i>The new encyclopaedia is a positive mine of useful information.</i>
<b>miss the point</b> to fail to understand the point. $\Box$ <i>I'm afraid you missed the point. Let me explain it again.</i> $\Box$ <i>You keep explaining, and I keep missing the point.</i>
<b>mixed bag</b> a varied collection of people or things. (Refers to a bag of game brought home after a day's hunting.) $\square$ The new pupils are a mixed bag—some bright, some positively stupid. $\square$ The furniture I bought is a mixed bag. Some of it is valuable and the rest is worthless.
<b>moment of truth</b> the point at which someone has to face the reality or facts of a situation. $\Box$ The moment of truth is here. Turn over your exam papers and begin. $\Box$ Now for the moment of truth, when we find out whether we have got planning permission or not.
<b>money for jam</b> AND <b>money for old rope</b> payment for very little; money very easily obtained. (Informal.) $\square$ Baby-sitting is money for jam if the child does not wake up. $\square$ Jack finds getting paid to caretake the house money for old rope.
money for old rope See money for jam.
<b>money is no object</b> AND <b>expense is no object</b> it does not matter how much something costs. $\square$ <i>Please show me your finest car.</i> Money is no object. $\square$ I want the finest earrings you have. Don't worry about how much they cost because expense is no object.

<b>money talks</b> money gives one power and influence to help get things done or get one's own way. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Don't worry, I have a way of getting things done. Money talks.</i> $\square$ <i>I can't compete against rich old Mrs. Jones. She'll get her way because money talks.</i>
<b>monkey business</b> peculiar or out of the ordinary activities, especially mischievous or illegal ones. $\Box$ <i>There's been some monkey business in connection with the firm's accounts.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bob left the firm quite suddenly. I think there was some monkey business between him and the boss's wife.</i>
<b>More fool you!</b> You are extremely foolish! $\square$ <i>More fool you for agreeing to lend John money.</i> $\square$ <i>You've offered to work for nothing. More fool you!</i>
<b>more's the pity</b> it is a great pity or shame; it is sad. $\Box$ <i>Jack can't come, more's the pity.</i> $\Box$ <i>Jane had to leave early, more's the pity.</i>
<b>move heaven and earth to do something</b> to make a major effort to do something. $\square$ "I'll move heaven and earth to be with you, Mary," said Bill. $\square$ I had to move heaven and earth to get there on time.
<b>much ado about nothing</b> a lot of excitement about nothing. (This is the title of a play by Shakespeare.) $\square$ All the commotion about the new law turned out to be much ado about nothing. $\square$ Your complaints always turn out to be much ado about nothing.
<b>much of a muchness</b> very alike or similar; not much different. $\Box$ I don't mind whether we go to the restaurant in the high street or the one by the cinema. They're much of a muchness. $\Box$ We can go via Edinburgh or Glasgow. The two journeys are much of a muchness.
<b>much sought after</b> wanted or desired very much. $\Box$ <i>This kind of crystal is much sought after. It's very rare.</i> $\Box$ <i>Sally is a great singer. She's much sought after.</i>
<b>mum's the word</b> don't spread the secret. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Don't tell anyone what I told you. Remember, mum's the word.</i> $\square$ <i>Okay, mum's the word. Your secret is safe with me.</i>



nail in someone's or something's coffin something which will



near the knuckle See near the bone.

<b>neck and neck</b> exactly even, especially in a race or a contest. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>John and Tom finished the race neck and neck.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mary and Ann were neck and neck in the spelling contest.</i>
<b>needs must</b> if it is absolutely necessary for something to be done, then it must be done. $\Box$ <i>I don't want to sell the car, but needs must. I can't afford to run it.</i> $\Box$ <i>Needs must. Mary'll have to go out to work now that her husband's died.</i>
<b>neither fish nor fowl</b> not any recognizable thing. $\square$ <i>The car that they drove up in was neither fish nor fowl. It must have been made out of spare parts.</i> $\square$ <i>This proposal is neither fish nor fowl. I can't tell what you're proposing.</i>
<b>neither hide nor hair</b> no sign or indication (of someone or something). $\square$ We could find neither hide nor hair of him. I don't know where he is. $\square$ I could see neither hide nor hair of the children.
never darken my door again See not to darken someone's door.
<b>never fear</b> do not worry; have confidence. $\Box$ <i>I'll be there on time—never fear.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'll help you, never fear.</i>
<b>never had it so good</b> [have] never had so much good fortune. (Informal.) □ No, I'm not complaining. I've never had it so good. □ Mary is pleased with her new job. She's never had it so good.
<b>never in one's life</b> not in one's experience. $\square$ <i>Never in my life have I been so insulted!</i> $\square$ <i>He said that he had never in his life seen such an ugly painting.</i>
<b>never mind</b> forget it; pay no more attention (to something). $\Box$ I wanted to talk to you, but never mind. It wasn't important. $\Box$ Never mind. I'm sorry to bother you.
<b>new lease of life</b> a renewed and revitalized outlook on life. $\square$ Getting the offer of employment gave James a new lease of life. $\square$ When I got out of the hospital, I felt I had a new lease of life.
<b>new one on someone</b> something one has not heard before and that one is not ready to believe. (Informal. The <i>someone</i> is often <i>me</i> .) □ <i>Jack's poverty is a new one on me. He always seems to have plenty of money.</i> □ <i>The firm's difficulties are a new one on me. I thought that they were doing very well.</i>

<b>night on the town</b> a night of celebrating (at one or more places in a town). (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Did you enjoy your night on the town?</i> $\square$ <i>After we got the contract signed, we celebrated with a night on the town.</i>
<b>night-owl</b> someone who usually stays up very late. (Informal.) $\square$ Ann's a real night-owl. She never goes to bed before 2 a.m. and sleeps until midday. $\square$ Jack's a night-owl and is at his best after midnight.
<b>nine days' wonder</b> something that is of interest to people only for a short time. □ Don't worry about the story about you in the newspaper. It'll be a nine days' wonder and then people will forget. □ The elopement of Jack and Ann was a nine days' wonder. Now people never mention it.
<b>nine-to-five job</b> a job with regular and normal hours. $\Box$ <i>I</i> wouldn't want a nine-to-five job. <i>I</i> like the freedom <i>I</i> have as my own employer. $\Box$ <i>I</i> used to work night-shifts, but now <i>I</i> have a nine-to-five job.
<b>nip something in the bud</b> to put an end to something at an early stage. □ John is getting into bad habits, and it's best to nip them in the bud. □ There was trouble in the classroom, but the teacher nipped it in the bud.
<b>nobody's fool</b> a sensible and wise person who is not easily deceived. $\square$ <i>Mary's nobody's fool. She knows Jack would try to cheat her.</i> $\square$ <i>Ann looks as though she's not very bright, but she's nobody's fool.</i>
<b>no hard feelings</b> no anger or resentment. (Informal. No can be replaced with any.) $\square$ I hope you don't have any hard feelings. $\square$ No, I have no hard feelings.
<b>no holds barred</b> with no restraints. (Informal. From wrestling.) $\Box$ I intend to argue it out with Mary, no holds barred. $\Box$ When Ann negotiates a contract, she goes in with no holds barred and comes out with a good contract.
<b>no ifs or buts about it</b> absolutely no discussion, dissension, or doubt about something. $\Box$ <i>I want you there exactly at eight, no ifs or buts about it.</i> $\Box$ <i>This is the best television set available for the money, no ifs or buts about it.</i>
<b>no love lost between someone and someone else</b> AND <b>no love lost between people</b> no friendship wasted between someone and someone else (because they are enemies).   — Ever since their big argument, there has been no love lost between Torn and Pill.   — You saw

the project after the lecture. It was a complete waste of time. $\square$ Ann tried to explain the situation tactfully to Jack, but in the end, he was none the wiser.
<b>none the worse for wear</b> no worse because of use or effort. $\Box$ <i>lent my car to John. When I got it back, it was none the worse for wear</i> $\Box$ <i>I had a hard day today, but I'm none the worse for wear.</i>
<b>none too something</b> not very; not at all. $\Box$ <i>The towels in the bath-room were none too clean.</i> $\Box$ <i>It was none too warm in their house.</i>
<b>no skin off someone's nose</b> no difficulty for someone; no concern of someone. $\square$ <i>It's no skin off my nose if she wants to act that way.</i> $\square$ <i>She said it was no skin off her nose if we wanted to sell the house.</i>
<b>no sooner said than done</b> done quickly and obediently. (Informal.) $\square$ When Sally asked for someone to open the window, it was no sooner said than done. $\square$ As Jane opened the window, she said, "No sooner said than done."
<b>no spring chicken</b> not young (any more). (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I don't</i> get around very well any more. I'm no spring chicken, you know. $\Box$ Even though John is no spring chicken, he still plays tennis twice a week.
<b>Not a bit (of it).</b> Not at all. $\square$ Am I unhappy? Not a bit. $\square$ She said she was not disappointed. Not a bit, in fact. $\square$ You needn't apologize—not a bit of it.
<b>not able</b> See the entries beginning with <i>can't</i> as well as those listed below.
<b>not able to call one's time one's own</b> too busy; so busy as not to be in charge of one's own schedule. (Informal. <i>Not able to</i> is often expressed as <i>can't</i> .) □ <i>It's been so busy around here that I haven't been able to call my time my own</i> . □ <i>She can't call her time her own these days</i> .
<b>not able to see the wood for the trees</b> allowing many details of a problem to obscure the problem as a whole. ( <i>Not able to</i> is often expressed as <i>can't</i> .) □ <i>The solution is obvious. You missed it because you can't see the wood for the trees.</i> □ <i>She suddenly realized that she hadn't been able to see the wood for the trees.</i>

tell by the way that Jane is acting towards Ann that there is no love

**none the wiser** not knowing any more.  $\Box$  *I was none the wiser about* 

lost between them.

<b>not able to wait 1.</b> too anxious to wait; excited (about something in the future). ( <i>Not able to</i> is often expressed as $can't$ .) $\Box$ $I'm$ so excited. I can't wait. $\Box$ Billy couldn't wait for his birthday. <b>2.</b> to have to go to the toilet urgently. (Informal.) $\Box$ Mum, I can't wait. $\Box$ Driver, stop the bus! My little boy can't wait.
<b>not born yesterday</b> experienced; knowledgeable in the ways of the world. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I know what's going on. I wasn't born yesterday.</i> $\Box$ <i>Sally knows the score. She wasn't born yesterday.</i>
<b>not breathe a word (about someone or something)</b> to keep a secret about someone or something. □ <i>Don't worry. I won't breathe a word about it.</i> □ <i>Please don't breathe a word about Bob and his problems.</i>
<b>not breathe a word (of something)</b> not to tell something (to anyone). $\Box$ <i>Don't worry. I won't breathe a word of it.</i> $\Box$ <i>Tom won't breathe a word.</i>
<b>not by a long shot</b> not by a great amount; not at all. $\square$ <i>Did I win the race? Not by a long shot.</i> $\square$ <i>Not by a long shot did she complete the task.</i>
not for anything in the world See not for the world.
not for love nor money See not for the world.
not for the world AND not for anything in the world; not for love nor money not for anything (no matter what its value). $\Box$ I won't do it for love nor money. $\Box$ He said he wouldn't do it—not for the world. $\Box$ She said no, not for anything in the world.
<b>not give someone the time of day</b> to ignore someone (usually out of dislike). (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Mary won't speak to Sally. She won't give her the time of day.</i> $\square$ <i>I couldn't get an appointment with Mr. Smith. He wouldn't even give me the time of day.</i>
<b>not half bad</b> okay; pretty good. (Informal.) □ Say, this roast beef isn't half bad. □ Well, Sally! You're not half bad!
ish i haij baa. 🗆 well, sally: 100 te hol haij baa:
<b>not have a care in the world</b> free and casual; unworried and carefree. $\Box$ I really feel good today—as if I didn't have a care in the world. $\Box$ Ann always acts as though she doesn't have a care in the world.

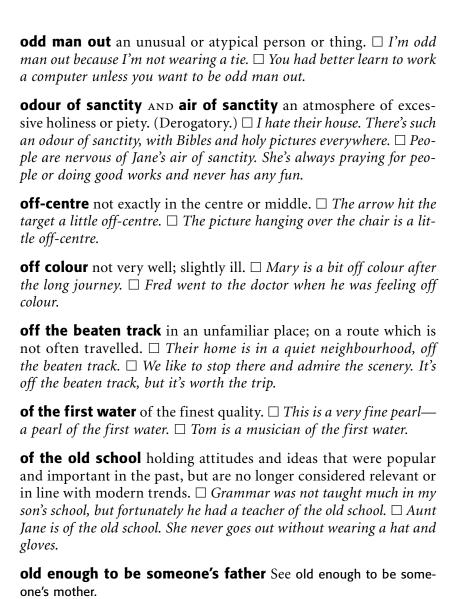
ing but skin and bones. $\Box$ That old horse is all skin and bones. I won't ride it.
<b>nothing of the kind</b> no; absolutely not. $\Box$ <i>I didn't insult him—nothing of the kind!</i> $\Box$ <i>Were we rude? Nothing of the kind!</i>
<b>nothing short of something</b> more or less the same as something bad; as bad as something. $\square$ <i>His behaviour was nothing short of criminal.</i> $\square$ <i>Climbing those mountains alone is nothing short of suicide.</i>
<b>nothing to it</b> it is easy; no difficulty involved. $\square$ <i>Driving a car is easy. There's nothing to it.</i> $\square$ <i>Geometry is fun to learn. There's nothing to it.</i>
<b>nothing to write home about</b> nothing exciting or interesting. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I've been busy, but nothing to write home about.</i> $\Box$ <i>I had a dull week—nothing to write home about.</i>
<b>not hold water</b> to make no sense; to be illogical. (Said of ideas or arguments. Like a vessel or container that leaks, the idea has flaws or "holes" in it.) $\square$ <i>Your argument doesn't hold water.</i> $\square$ <i>This scheme won't work because it won't hold water.</i>
<b>not in the same league as someone or something</b> not nearly as good as someone or something. $\Box$ <i>John isn't in the same league as Bob and his friends. He is not nearly as talented.</i> $\Box$ <i>This house isn't in the same league as our old one.</i>
<b>not know someone from Adam</b> not to know someone at all. $\square$ I wouldn't recognize John if I saw him. I don't know him from Adam. $\square$ What does she look like? I don't know her from Adam.
<b>not lift a finger (to help someone)</b> to do nothing to help someone. □ <i>They wouldn't lift a finger to help us.</i> □ <i>Can you imagine that they wouldn't lift a finger?</i>
<b>not long for this world</b> about to die. $\square$ Our dog is nearly twelve years old and not long for this world. $\square$ I'm so tired. I think I'm not long for this world.
<b>not move a muscle</b> to remain perfectly motionless. $\square$ <i>Be quiet.</i> Sit there and don't move a muscle. $\square$ I was so tired I couldn't move a muscle.
<b>not open one's mouth</b> AND <b>not utter a word</b> not to say anything at all; not to tell something (to anyone). □ <i>Don't worry, I'll</i>

keep your secret. I won't even open my mouth. $\square$ Have no fear. I won't utter a word. $\square$ I don't know how they found out. I didn't even open my mouth.
<b>no trespassing</b> do not enter. (Usually seen on a sign. Not usually spoken.) □ The sign on the tree said "No Trespassing." So we didn't go in. □ The angry farmer chased us out of the field, shouting, "Get out! Don't you see the No Trespassing sign?"
<b>not see further than the end of one's nose</b> not to care about what is not actually present or obvious; not to care about the future or about what is happening elsewhere or to other people. □ <i>Mary can't see further than the end of her nose. She doesn't care about what will happen to the environment in the future, as long as she's comfortable now.</i> □ <i>Jack's been accused of not seeing further than the end of his nose. He refuses to expand the firm and look for new markets.</i>
<b>not set foot somewhere</b> not to go somewhere. $\Box$ <i>I wouldn't set foot in John's room. I'm very angry with him.</i> $\Box$ <i>He never set foot here.</i>
<b>not show one's face</b> not to appear (somewhere). $\square$ After what she said, she had better not show her face around here again. $\square$ If I don't say I'm sorry, I'll never be able to show my face again.
<b>not sleep a wink</b> not to sleep at all. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I couldn't sleep a wink last night.</i> $\Box$ <i>Ann hasn't been able to sleep a wink for a week.</i>
<b>not someone's cup of tea</b> not something one likes or prefers. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Playing cards isn't her cup of tea.</i> $\square$ <i>Sorry, that's not my cup of tea.</i>
<b>not take no for an answer</b> not to accept someone's refusal. (A polite way of being insistent.) $\square$ <i>Now, you must drop over and see us tomorrow. We won't take no for an answer.</i> $\square$ <i>I had to go. They just wouldn't take no for an answer.</i>
not to darken someone's door AND never darken my door
<b>again</b> to go away and not come back. □ The heroine of the drama told the villain not to darken her door again. □ She touched the back of her hand to her forehead and said, "Get out and never darken my door again!"
<b>not up to scratch</b> not adequate. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Sorry, your essay isn't up to scratch. Please do it over again.</i> $\square$ <i>The performance was not up</i>

to scratch.

not utter a word See not open one's mouth.
not worth a candle See not worth a penny.
<b>not worth a penny</b> AND <b>not worth a candle</b> worthless. (Informal.) $\square$ This land is all swampy. It's not worth a penny. $\square$ This vase is not worth a candle.
<b>no two ways about it</b> no choice about it; no other interpretation of it. (Informal.) □ You have to go to the doctor whether you like it or not. There's no two ways about it. □ This letter means you're in trouble with the Inland Revenue. There's no two ways about it.
<b>null and void</b> cancelled; worthless. $\Box$ <i>I tore the contract up, and the entire agreement became null and void.</i> $\Box$ <i>The judge declared the whole business null and void.</i>
<b>nuts and bolts (of something)</b> the basic facts about something; the practical details of something. □ <i>Tom knows all about the nuts and bolts of the chemical process.</i> □ <i>Ann is familiar with the nuts and bolts of public relations.</i>





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old enough to be someone's mother AND old enough to be someone's father as old as someone's parents. (Usually a way of saying that one person is much older than the other, especially when the difference in age is considered inappropriate.) □ You can't go out with Bill. He's old enough to be your father! □ He married a woman who is old enough to be his mother.
<b>old hand at doing something</b> someone who is experienced at doing something. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I'm an old hand at fixing clocks.</i> $\Box$ <i>With four children, he's an old hand at changing nappies.</i>
<b>on active duty</b> in battle or ready to go into battle. (Military.) $\square$ <i>The soldier was on active duty for ten months.</i> $\square$ <i>That was a long time to be on active duty.</i>
on a first-name basis (with someone) AND on first-name terms (with someone) knowing someone very well; good friends with someone. (Refers to using a person's given name rather than a surname or title.) $\Box$ <i>I'm on a first-name basis with John.</i> $\Box$ <i>John and I are on first-name terms.</i>
<b>on a fool's errand</b> involved in a useless journey or task. $\square$ <i>Bill went for an interview, but he was on a fool's errand. The job had already been filled.</i> $\square$ <i>I was sent on a fool's errand to buy some flowers. I knew the shop would be shut by then.</i>
<b>on all fours</b> on one's hands and knees. $\Box$ <i>I dropped a contact lens and spent an hour on all fours looking for it.</i> $\Box$ <i>The baby can walk, but is on all fours most of the time.</i>
<b>on a par with someone or something</b> equal to someone or something. □ <i>Your effort is simply not on a par with what's expected from you.</i> □ <i>John's work is not on a par with Bob's.</i>
<b>on average</b> generally; usually. $\square$ On average, you can expect about a 10 percent failure. $\square$ On average, we see about ten people a day.
<b>on behalf of someone</b> AND <b>on someone's behalf</b> [doing something] as someone's agent; [doing something] in place of someone; for the benefit of someone. $\Box$ I'm writing on behalf of Mr. Smith, who has applied for a position with your company. $\Box$ I'm calling on behalf of my client, who wishes to complain about your actions. $\Box$ I'm acting on your hehalf

<b>once and for all</b> finally and irreversibly. $\Box$ <i>I want to get this problem settled once and for all.</i> $\Box$ <i>I told him once and for all that he has to start studying.</i>
<b>once in a blue moon</b> very rarely. $\Box$ I seldom go to the cinema—maybe once in a blue moon. $\Box$ I don't go into the city except once in a blue moon.
<b>once-in-a-lifetime chance</b> a chance that will never occur again in one's lifetime. $\Box$ <i>This is a once-in-a-lifetime chance. Don't miss it.</i> $\Box$ <i>She offered me a once-in-a-lifetime chance, but I turned it down.</i>
<b>once in a while</b> occasionally. $\Box$ <i>I go to see a film once in a while.</i> $\Box$ <i>Once in a while we have lamb, but not very often.</i>
<b>once upon a time</b> once in the past. (A formula used to begin a fairy-tale.) $\square$ Once upon a time, there were three bears. $\square$ Once upon a time, I had a puppy of my own.
<b>on cloud nine</b> very happy. (Informal.) $\square$ When I got my promotion, I was on cloud nine. $\square$ When the cheque came, I was on cloud nine for days.
<b>one for the record (books)</b> a record-breaking act. $\square$ What a dive! That's one for the record books. $\square$ I've never heard such a funny joke. That's really one for the record.
one in a hundred See one in a thousand.
one in a million See one in a thousand.
one in a thousand AND one in a hundred; one in a million unique; one of a very few. □ He's a great friend. He's one in a million. □ Mary's one in a hundred—such a hard worker.
<b>one's days are numbered</b> [for someone] to face death, dismissal, or ruin. (Informal.) $\Box$ If I don't get this contract, my days are numbered at this firm. $\Box$ His days as a member of the club are numbered. $\Box$ Uncle Tom has a terminal disease. His days are numbered.
one's eyes are bigger than one's stomach [for one] to take more food than one can eat. (Informal.) $\Box$ I can't eat all this. I'm afraid that my eyes were bigger than my stomach when I ordered. $\Box$ Try to take less food. Your eyes are bigger than your stomach at every meal.

more food than one could possibly eat. $\Box$ <i>I know I have eyes bigger than my stomach, so I won't take a lot of food.</i>
<b>one's old stamping-ground</b> the place where one was raised or where one has spent a lot of time. (Informal.) $\square$ Ann should know about that place. It's near her old stamping-ground. $\square$ I can't wait to get back to my old stamping-ground and see old friends.
<b>one's way of life</b> one's life-style; one's pattern of living. $\Box$ <i>That kind of thing just doesn't fit into my way of life.</i> $\Box$ <i>Children change one's way of life.</i>
<b>one's words stick in one's throat</b> one finds it difficult to speak because of emotion. $\Box$ <i>My words stick in my throat whenever I try to say something kind or tender.</i> $\Box$ <i>I wanted to apologize, but the words stuck in my throat.</i>
<b>one-up (on someone)</b> ahead of someone; with an advantage over someone. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Tom is one-up on Sally because he got a job and she didn't.</i> $\square$ <i>Yes, it sounds like Tom is one-up.</i>
<b>on first-name terms (with someone)</b> See on a first-name basis (with someone).
<b>on holiday</b> away, having a holiday; on holiday. $\square$ Where are you going on holiday this year? $\square$ I'll be away on holiday for three weeks.
<b>only have eyes for someone</b> to be loyal to only one person, in the context of romance; to be interested in only one person. $\square$ <i>Oh, Jane! I only have eyes for you!</i> $\square$ <i>Don't waste any time on Tom. He only has eyes for Ann.</i>
<b>on one's feet 1.</b> standing up. $\square$ <i>Get on your feet. They are playing the national anthem.</i> $\square$ <i>I've been on my feet all day, and they hurt.</i> <b>2.</b> in improving health, especially after an illness. $\square$ <i>I hope to be back on my feet next week.</i> $\square$ <i>I can help out as soon as I'm back on my feet.</i>
<b>on one's guard</b> cautious; watchful. $\square$ Be on your guard. There are pickpockets around here. $\square$ You had better be on your guard.
<b>on one's honour</b> on one's solemn oath; promised sincerely. $\square$ On my honour, I'll be there on time. $\square$ He promised on his honour that he'd pay me back next week.

<b>on one's mind</b> occupying one's thoughts; currently being thought about. $\Box$ <i>You've been on my mind all day.</i> $\Box$ <i>Do you have something on your mind? You look so serious.</i>
<b>on one's (own) head be it</b> one must take the responsibility for one's actions. □ <i>On your head be it if you set fire to the house.</i> □ <i>James insisted on going to the party uninvited.</i> On his head be it if the host is annoyed.
<b>on one's toes</b> alert. (Informal.) $\square$ You have to be on your toes if you want to be in this business. $\square$ My job keeps me on my toes.
<b>on order</b> ordered with delivery expected. $\square$ <i>Your car is on order.</i> It'll be here in a few weeks. $\square$ I don't have the part in stock, but it's on order.
<b>on record</b> recorded for future reference. $\square$ <i>We had the coldest winter on record last year.</i> $\square$ <i>This is the fastest race on record.</i>
<b>on sale</b> AND <b>for sale</b> offered for sale; able to be bought. $\Box$ There are antiques on sale at the market. $\Box$ There is a wide range of fruit for sale.
<b>on second thoughts</b> having given something more thought; having reconsidered something. $\Box$ <i>On second thoughts, maybe you should sell your house and move into a flat.</i> $\Box$ <i>On second thoughts, let's not go to a film.</i>
on someone's behalf See on behalf of someone.
<b>on the air</b> broadcasting (a radio or television programme). $\Box$ <i>The radio station came back on the air shortly after the storm.</i> $\Box$ <i>We were on the air for two hours.</i>
<b>on the alert (for someone or something)</b> watchful and attentive for someone or something. $\square$ <i>Be on the alert for pickpockets.</i> $\square$ <i>You should be on the alert when you cross the street in heavy traffic.</i>
<b>on the cards</b> in the future. (Informal.) $\square$ Well, what do you think is on the cards for tomorrow? $\square$ I asked the managing director if there was a rise on the cards for me.
<b>on the dot</b> exactly right; in exactly the right place; at exactly the right time. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>That's it! You're right on the dot.</i> $\Box$ <i>He got</i>

<b>on the eve of something</b> just before something, possibly the evening before something. $\Box$ <i>John decided to leave college on the eve of his graduation.</i> $\Box$ <i>The team held a party on the eve of the tournament.</i>
<b>on the face of it</b> superficially; from the way it looks. $\Box$ <i>This looks like a serious problem on the face of it. It probably is minor, however.</i> $\Box$ <i>On the face of it, it seems worthless.</i>
<b>on the horns of a dilemma</b> having to decide between two things, people, etc. □ Mary found herself on the horns of a dilemma. She didn't know which dress to choose. □ I make up my mind easily. I'm not on the horns of a dilemma very often.
<b>on the loose</b> running around free. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Look out! There is a bear on the loose from the zoo.</i> $\square$ <i>Most young people enjoy being on the loose when they go to college.</i>
<b>on the mend</b> getting well; healing. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>My cold was terrible, but I'm on the mend now.</i> $\square$ <i>What you need is some hot chicken soup. Then you'll really be on the mend.</i>
<b>on the off-chance</b> because of a slight possibility that something may happen, might be the case, etc.; just in case. $\Box$ <i>I went to the theatre on the off-chance that there were tickets for the show left.</i> $\Box$ <i>We didn't think we would get into the football ground, but we went on the off-chance.</i>
<b>on the sly</b> slyly or sneakily. (Informal.) $\square$ He was seeing Mrs. Smith on the sly. $\square$ She was supposed to be losing weight, but she was eating chocolate on the sly.
<b>on the spot</b> (Informal.) <b>1.</b> at exactly the right place; in the place where one is needed. $\Box$ Fortunately the ambulance men were on the spot when the accident happened at the football match. $\Box$ I expect the police to be on the spot when and where trouble arises. <b>2.</b> at once; then and there. $\Box$ She liked the house so much that she bought it on the spot. $\Box$ He was fined on the spot for parking illegally.
<b>on the spur of the moment</b> suddenly; spontaneously. $\square$ <i>We decided to go on the spur of the moment.</i> $\square$ <i>I went on holiday on the spur of the moment.</i>
on the strength of something because of the support of some-

thing, such as a promise or evidence; owing to something.  $\square$  On

the strength of your comment, I decided to give John another chance. $\Box$ On the strength of my neighbour's testimony, my case was dismissed.
<b>on the tip of one's tongue</b> about to be said; almost remembered. $\Box$ I have his name right on the tip of my tongue. I'll think of it in a second. $\Box$ John had the answer on the tip of his tongue, but Ann said it first.
on thin ice See skating on thin ice.
<b>on tiptoe</b> standing or walking on the front part of the feet (the balls of the feet) with no weight put on the heels. (This is done to gain height or to walk quietly.) $\Box$ I had to stand on tiptoe to see over the fence. $\Box$ I came in late and walked on tiptoe so I wouldn't wake anybody up.
on top of the world See sitting on top of the world.
<b>open a can of worms</b> to uncover a set of problems or complications; to create unnecessary complications. (Informal.) $\Box$ If you start asking questions about the firm's accounts, you'll open a can of worms. $\Box$ How about clearing up this mess before you open up a new can of worms?
<b>open-and-shut case</b> something, usually a law-case or problem, that is simple and straightforward without complications. □ The murder trial was an open-and-shut case. The defendant was caught with the murder weapon. □ Jack's death was an open-and-shut case of suicide. He left a suicide note.
<b>open book</b> someone or something that is easy to understand. $\Box$ <i>Jane's an open book. I always know what she is going to do next.</i> $\Box$ <i>The council's intentions are an open book. They want to save money.</i>
<b>open fire (on someone)</b> to start (doing something, such as asking questions or criticizing). (Informal. Also used literally.) $\Box$ The reporters opened fire on the mayor. $\Box$ When the reporters opened fire, the film-star was smiling, but not for long. $\Box$ The soldiers opened fire on the villagers.
<b>open one's heart (to someone)</b> to reveal one's most private thoughts to someone. $\Box$ <i>I always open my heart to my wife when I have a problem.</i> $\Box$ <i>It's a good idea to open your heart every now and then</i>

<b>open Pandora's box</b> to uncover a lot of unsuspected problems. $\square$ When I asked Jane about her problems, I didn't know I had opened Pandora's box. $\square$ You should be cautious with people who are upset. You don't want to open Pandora's box.
<b>open season for something</b> unrestricted hunting of a particular game animal. $\Box$ <i>It's always open season for rabbits around here.</i> $\Box$ <i>Is it ever open season for deer?</i>
<b>open secret</b> something which is supposed to be secret, but which is known to a great many people. $\Box$ Their engagement is an open secret. Only their friends are supposed to know, but in fact, the whole town knows. $\Box$ It's an open secret that Fred's looking for a new job.
<b>open the door to something</b> to permit or allow something to become a possibility. (Also used literally.) $\square$ <i>Your policy opens the door to cheating.</i> $\square$ <i>Your statement opens the door to John's candidacy.</i>
<b>order of the day</b> something necessary or usual at a certain time.   ☐ Warm clothes are the order of the day when camping in the winter.   ☐ Going to bed early was the order of the day when we were young.
<b>other way round</b> the reverse; the opposite. $\square$ <i>No, it won't fit that way. Try it the other way round.</i> $\square$ <i>It doesn't make any sense like that. It belongs the other way round.</i>
<b>out of kilter</b> out of working order; malfunctioning. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>My furnace is out of kilter. I have to call someone to fix it.</i> $\square$ <i>This computer is out of kilter. It doesn't work.</i>
<b>out of line 1.</b> improper; inappropriate. $\Box$ <i>I'm afraid that your behaviour was quite out of line. I do not wish to speak further about this matter.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bill, that remark was out of line. Please be more respectful.</i> <b>2.</b> See the following entry.
<b>out of line (with something) 1.</b> not properly lined up in a line of things. □ One of those books on the shelf is out of line with the others. Please fix it. □ The files are out of line also. <b>2.</b> unreasonable when compared with something else; not fitting with what is usual. □ The cost of this meal is out of line with what other restaurants charge. □ Your request is out of line with company policy.
<b>out of luck</b> without good luck; having bad fortune. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>If you wanted some icecream, you're out of luck.</i> $\Box$ <i>I was out of luck. I got there too late to get a seat.</i>

<b>out of necessity</b> because of necessity; because it was necessary. $\Box$ <i>I bought this hat out of necessity. I needed one, and this was all there was.</i> $\Box$ <i>We sold our car out of necessity.</i>
<b>out of one's mind</b> silly and senseless; crazy; irrational. $\square$ <i>Why did you do that? You must be out of your mind!</i> $\square$ <i>Good grief, Tom! You're out of your mind!</i>
<b>out of order 1.</b> not in the correct order. $\square$ This book is out of order. Please put it in the right place on the shelf. $\square$ You're out of order, John. Please get in the queue after Jane. <b>2.</b> not following correct procedure. $\square$ My question was declared out of order by the president. $\square$ Ann inquired, "Isn't a motion to table the question out of order at this time?"
<b>out of place 1.</b> not in the usual or proper place. $\Box$ <i>The salt was out of place in the cupboard, so I couldn't find it.</i> $\Box$ <i>Billy, you're out of place. Please sit next to Tom.</i> <b>2.</b> improper and impertinent. $\Box$ <i>That kind of behaviour is out of place in church.</i> $\Box$ <i>Your rude remark is quite out of place.</i>
<b>out-of-pocket expenses</b> the actual amount of money spent. (Refers to the money one person pays while doing something on someone else's behalf. One is usually paid back this money.) $\square$ $My$ out-of-pocket expenses for the party were nearly £175. $\square$ $My$ employer usually pays all out-of-pocket expenses for a business trip.
<b>out of practice</b> performing poorly because of a lack of practice. $\Box$ I used to be able to play the piano extremely well, but now I'm out of practice. $\Box$ The players lost the game because they were out of practice.
<b>out of print</b> no longer available for sale. (Said of a book or periodical.) □ <i>The book you want is out of print, but perhaps I can find a used copy for you.</i> □ <i>It was published nearly ten years ago, so it's probably out of print.</i>
<b>out of season 1.</b> not now available for sale. $\square$ <i>Sorry, oysters are out of season. We don't have any.</i> $\square$ <i>Watermelon is out of season in the winter.</i> <b>2.</b> not now legally able to be hunted or caught. $\square$ <i>Are salmon out of season?</i> $\square$ <i>I caught a trout out of season and had to pay a fine.</i>
<b>out of service</b> not now operating. $\square$ Both lifts are out of service, so I had to use the stairs. $\square$ The toilet is temporarily out of service.

<b>out of sorts</b> not feeling well; cross and irritable. $\Box$ <i>I've been out of sorts for a day or two. I think I'm coming down with flu.</i> $\Box$ <i>The baby is out of sorts. Maybe she's cutting a tooth.</i>
<b>out of stock</b> not immediately available in a shop; [for goods] to be temporarily unavailable. □ <i>Those items are out of stock, but a new supply will be delivered on Thursday.</i> □ <i>I'm sorry, but the red ones are out of stock. Would a blue one do?</i>
<b>out of the blue</b> suddenly; without warning. $\Box$ <i>Then, out of the blue, he told me he was leaving.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mary appeared on my doorstep out of the blue.</i>
<b>out of the corner of one's eye</b> [seeing something] at a glance; glimpsing (something). $\Box$ <i>I saw someone do it out of the corner of my eye. It might have been Jane who did it.</i> $\Box$ <i>I only saw the accident out of the corner of my eye. I don't know who is at fault.</i>
<b>out of the frying-pan into the fire</b> from a bad situation to a worse situation. $\square$ When I tried to argue about my fine for a traffic violation, the judge charged me with contempt of court. I really went out of the frying-pan into the fire. $\square$ I got deeply in debt. Then I really got out of the frying-pan into the fire when I lost my job.
<b>out of the question</b> not possible; not permitted. $\Box$ <i>I'm sorry, but leaving early is out of the question.</i> $\Box$ <i>You can't go to France this spring. We can't afford it. It's out of the question.</i>
<b>out of the running</b> no longer being considered; eliminated from a contest. $\square$ After the first part of the diving competition, three of our team were out of the running. $\square$ After the scandal was made public, I was no longer in the running. I pulled out of the election.
<b>out of the swim of things</b> not in the middle of activity; not involved in things. (Informal.) $\square$ While I had my cold, I was out of the swim of things. $\square$ I've been out of the swim of things for a few weeks. Please bring me up to date.
<b>out of the woods</b> past a critical phase; no longer at risk. (Informal.) $\square$ When the patient got out of the woods, everyone relaxed. $\square$ I can give you a better prediction for your future health when you are out of the woods.

<b>out of thin air</b> out of nowhere; out of nothing. (Informal.) $\square$ Suddenly—out of thin air—the messenger appeared. $\square$ You just made that up out of thin air.
<b>out of this world</b> wonderful; extraordinary. $\square$ <i>This pie is just out of this world.</i> $\square$ <i>Look at you! How lovely you look—simply out of this world.</i>
<b>out of turn</b> not at the proper time; not in the proper order. $\square$ We were permitted to be served out of turn, because we had to leave early. $\square$ Bill tried to register out of turn and was sent away.
<b>out of work</b> unemployed, temporarily or permanently. $\square$ <i>How long have you been out of work?</i> $\square$ <i>My brother has been out of work for nearly a year.</i>
<b>out on a limb</b> [in or into a situation of] doing something differently from the way others do it, and thus taking a chance or a risk. (Often with go.) $\square$ She really went out on a limb when she gave him permission to leave early. $\square$ As the only one who supported the plan, Bill was out on a limb.
<b>out on parole</b> out of jail but still under police supervision. $\square$ <i>Bob</i> got out on parole after serving only a few years of his sentence. $\square$ He was out on parole because of good behaviour.
<b>over and done with</b> finished. $\Box$ <i>I'm glad that's over and done with.</i> $\Box$ <i>Now that I have college over and done with, I can find a job.</i>
<b>over my dead body</b> not if I can stop you; you'll have to kill me first (so that I won't stop you). $\square$ You'll sell this house over my dead body! $\square$ You want to leave college? Over my dead body!
<b>over the hill</b> over age; too old to do something. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Now that Mary's forty, she thinks she's over the hill.</i> $\square$ <i>My grandfather was over eighty before he felt he was over the hill.</i>
<b>over the hump</b> over the difficult part. (Informal.) $\square$ This is a difficult project, but we're over the hump now. $\square$ I'm half-way through—over the hump—and it looks as though I may finish after all.
<b>over the odds</b> more than one would expect to pay. (From betting in horse-racing.) $\square$ We had to pay over the odds for a house in the area where we wanted to live. $\square$ It's a nice car, but the owner's asking well over the odds for it.

<b>over the top</b> exaggerated; excessive. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Her reaction to</i>
my statement was a bit over the top. She hugged me.   Everyone
thought her behaviour was over the top. ALSO: go over the top to
do something in an exaggerated or excessive way; to overreact. $\square$
Jane really went over the top with the dinner she prepared for us. It took
her hours to prepare.   Uncle Jack went completely over the top when
he bought my baby's present. It must have been incredibly expensive.



<b>packed out</b> very crowded; containing as many people as possible. (Informal.) □ The theatre was packed out. □ The cinema was packed out twenty minutes before we arrived.
pack someone off (to somewhere) to send someone away to somewhere, often with the suggestion that one is glad to do so. □ His parents packed him off to boarding-school as soon as possible. □ John finally has left for France. We packed him off last week.
<b>pack them in</b> to draw a lot of people. (Informal.) $\square$ It was a good night at the theatre. The play really packed them in. $\square$ The circus manager knew he could pack them in if he advertised the lion tamer.
<b>paddle one's own canoe</b> to do (something) by oneself; to be alone. $\Box$ <i>I've been left to paddle my own canoe since I was a child.</i> $\Box$ <i>Sally didn't stay with the group. She wanted to paddle her own canoe.</i>
<b>pain in the neck</b> a bother; an annoyance. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>This assignment is a pain in the neck</i> . $\Box$ <i>Your little brother is a pain in the neck</i> .
pale around the gills AND green around the gills; green about the gills looking sick. (Informal.) $\Box$ John is looking a little pale around the gills. What's wrong? $\Box$ Oh, I feel a little green about the gills.
paper over the cracks (in something) to try to hide faults or difficulties, often in a hasty or not very successful way. □ The politician tried to paper over the cracks in his party's economic policy. □ Tom tried to paper over the cracks in his relationship with the boss, but it was not possible.
<b>par for the course</b> typical; about what one could expect. (This refers to a golf-course.) $\square$ So he went off and left you? Well, that's about par for the course. He's no friend. $\square$ I worked for days on this project, but it was rejected. That's par for the course around here.

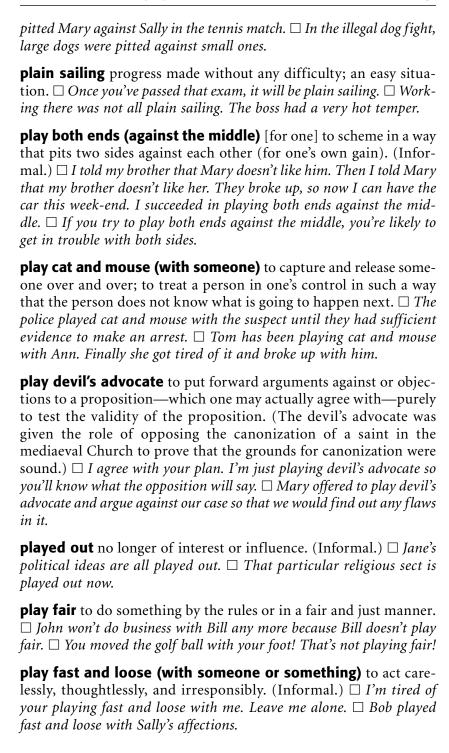
<b>parrot-fashion</b> without understanding the meaning of what one has learnt, is saying, etc. $\square$ The child learnt the poem by heart and repeated it parrot-fashion. $\square$ Jean never thinks for herself. She just repeats what her father says, parrot-fashion.
<b>part and parcel of something</b> an essential part of something; something that is unavoidably included as part of something else.   ☐ This point is part and parcel of my whole argument. ☐ Bill refused to accept pain and illness as part and parcel of growing older.
<b>parting of the ways</b> a point at which people separate and go their own ways. (Often with <i>come to a, arrive at a, reach a,</i> etc.) $\Box$ <i>Jane and Bob finally came to a parting of the ways and divorced.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bill and his parents reached a parting of the ways and he left home.</i>
<b>party line</b> the official ideas and attitudes which are adopted by the leaders of a particular group, usually political, and which the other members are expected to accept. $\Box$ <i>Tom has left the club. He refused to follow the party line.</i> $\Box$ <i>Many politicians agree with the party line without thinking.</i>
<b>pass as someone or something</b> to succeed in being accepted as someone or something. $\Box$ The spy was able to pass as a normal citizen. $\Box$ The thief was arrested when he tried to pass as a priest.
<b>pass muster</b> to measure up to the required standards. $\Box$ <i>I tried my best, but my efforts didn't pass muster.</i> $\Box$ <i>If you don't wear a suit, you won't pass muster at that expensive restaurant. They won't let you in.</i>
<b>pass the buck</b> to pass the blame (to someone else); to give the responsibility (to someone else). (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Don't try to pass the buck! It's your fault, and everybody knows it.</i> $\square$ <i>Some people try to pass the buck whenever they can. They won't accept responsibility.</i>
<b>pass the hat round</b> to attempt to collect money for some (charitable) project. $\square$ <i>Bob is passing the hat round to collect money to buy flowers for Ann.</i> $\square$ <i>He's always passing the hat round for something.</i>
<b>pass the time of day (with someone)</b> to chat or talk informally with someone. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I saw Mr. Brown in town yesterday. I stopped and passed the time of day with him.</i> $\Box$ <i>No, we didn't have a serious talk; we just passed the time of day.</i>
past it See past someone's or something's best.

past someone's or something's best and past someone's or something's sell-by date; past it less good or efficient now than someone or something was before. (Past it and past someone's or something's sell-by date are informal.) $\Box$ Joan was a wonderful singer, but she's past her best now. $\Box$ This old car's past it. I'll need to get a new one. $\Box$ Mary feels she's past her sell-by date when she sees so many young women joining the company. $\Box$ This cooker's past its sell-by date. We'll have to get a new one.
<b>past someone's or something's sell-by date</b> See past someone's or something's best.
pay an arm and a leg (for something) AND pay through the nose (for something) to pay too much money for something. (Informal.) $\Box$ I hate to have to pay an arm and a leg for a tank of petrol. $\Box$ If you shop around, you won't have to pay an arm and a leg. $\Box$ Why should you pay through the nose? ALSO: cost an arm and a leg to cost too much. $\Box$ It cost an arm and a leg, so I didn't buy it.
<b>pay lip-service (to something)</b> to express loyalty, respect, or support for something insincerely. □ <i>You don't really care about politics. You're just paying lip-service to the candidate.</i> □ <i>The students pay lip-service to the new rules, but they plan to ignore them in practice.</i>
<b>pay one's debt to society</b> to serve a sentence for a crime, usually in prison. □ <i>The judge said that Mr. Simpson had to pay his debt to society.</i> □ <i>Mr. Brown paid his debt to society in prison.</i>
<b>pay one's dues</b> to pay the fees required to belong to an organization. □ <i>If you haven't paid your dues, you can't come to the club pic-nic.</i> □ <i>How many people have paid their dues?</i>
<b>pay someone a back-handed compliment</b> to give someone an apparent compliment that is really an insult. □ <i>John said that he had never seen me looking better. I think he was paying me a back-handed compliment.</i> □ <i>I'd prefer that someone insulted me directly. I hate it when someone pays me a back-handed compliment—unless it's a joke.</i>
<b>pay someone a compliment</b> to compliment someone. $\square$ <i>Sally thanked me for paying her a compliment.</i> $\square$ <i>When Tom did his job well, I paid him a compliment.</i>

mal. Compare with cost the earth.) $\square$ <i>Bob paid the earth sideboard.</i> $\square$ <i>You have to pay the earth for property.</i>	
<b>pay the piper</b> to provide the money for somether some control over how the money is spent. (From "He who pays the piper calls the tune.") □ <i>The parent school pay the piper and so should have a say in how</i> □ <i>Hotel guests pay the piper and should be treated p</i>	n the expression nts at a fee-paying the school is run.
<b>pay through the nose (for something)</b> See pay (for something).	an arm and a leg
<b>pick and choose</b> to choose very carefully from a sibilities; to be selective. □ <i>You must take what you an not pick and choose.</i> □ <i>Meg is so beautiful. She can from a whole range of suitors.</i>	re given. You can-
<b>pick a quarrel (with someone)</b> to start an argunone. $\Box$ <i>Are you trying to pick a quarrel with me?</i> $\Box$ <i>ing to pick a quarrel.</i>	
<b>pick holes in something</b> to criticize something all the flaws or fallacies in an argument. (Informal picked holes in the witness's story. □ They will piargument.	.) $\square$ The solicitor
<b>pick on someone</b> to criticize someone or something abuse someone or something. (Informal.) □ <i>Stop p</i> Why are you always picking on the office junior?	
<b>piece of cake</b> something very easy. (Informal.) $\square$ any trouble. It's a piece of cake. $\square$ Climbing this is earlier a piece of cake.	
<b>pie in the sky</b> a supposed future reward which on get. (From "You'll get pie in the sky when you die song by U.S. radical labour organizer Joe Hill.) Depromised him a large reward, but I think it's just pie in hold out for a big reward, you know—pie in the sky.	e," a line from a □ <i>The firm have</i>
<b>pig(gy)-in-the-middle</b> a person who is in a position opposing groups. □ <i>Jack and Tom share a secretary win-the-middle because they are always disagreeing with the middle because the midd</i>	vho is always pig-

pay the earth to pay a great deal of money for something. (Infor-

Fred's mother is piggy-in-the-middle when Fred and his father start to argue. She tries to please both of them.
<b>pigs might fly</b> a saying indicating that something is extremely unlikely to happen. $\Box$ <i>Pam might marry Tom, but there again, pigs might fly.</i> $\Box$ <i>Do you really believe that Jack will lend us his car? Yes, and pigs might fly.</i>
<b>pile in(to something)</b> to climb in or get in roughly. (Informal.) $\square$ Okay, children, pile in! $\square$ The children piled into the car and slammed the door.
<b>pinch and scrape</b> to live on very little money, sometimes to save money. □ Bob has to pinch and scrape all the time because of his low wages. □ Students have to pinch and scrape to buy books.
<b>pin one's faith on someone or something</b> to put one's hope, trust, or faith in someone or something. $\Box$ <i>I'm pinning my faith on your efforts.</i> $\Box$ <i>Don't pin your faith on Tom. He's not dependable.</i>
<b>pins and needles</b> a tingling feeling in some part of one's body. $\Box$ I've got pins and needles in my legs. $\Box$ Mary gets pins and needles if she crosses her arms for long.
<b>pipe down</b> to be quiet; to get quiet. (Informal.) $\square$ Okay, you lot, pipe down! $\square$ I've heard enough from you. Pipe down!
<b>pipe-dream</b> a wish or an idea which is impossible to achieve or carry out. (From the dreams or visions induced by the smoking of an opium pipe.) □ Going to the West Indies is a pipe-dream. We'll never have enough money. □ Your hopes of winning a lot of money are just a silly pipe-dream.
<b>pipped at the post</b> beaten in the final stages of a race or competition; defeated in some activity at the last minute. (Informal. From horse-racing.) □ <i>Tom led the race for most of the time, but he was pipped at the post by his rival.</i> □ <i>Jane nearly bought that house, but she was pipped at the post by the present owner.</i>
<b>pitch in (and help)</b> to get busy and help (with something). (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>Pick up a paintbrush and pitch in and help.</i> $\Box$ <i>Why don't some of you pitch in? We need all the help we can get.</i>
<b>pit someone or something against someone or something</b> to set someone or something in opposition to someone or something. □ <i>The rules of the tournament pit their team against ours.</i> □ <i>John</i>



<b>play gooseberry</b> to be with two lovers who wish to be alone. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I'm not going to the cinema with Tom and Jean. I hate playing gooseberry.</i> $\Box$ <i>Come on! Let's go home! Bob and Mary don't want us playing gooseberry.</i>
<b>play hard to get</b> to be coy and excessively shy; to make it difficult for someone to talk to one or be friendly. $\square$ Why can't we go out? Why do you play hard to get? $\square$ Sally annoys all the boys because she plays hard to get.
<b>play havoc with someone or something</b> to cause a lot of damage to something; to ruin something; to create disorder in something. □ <i>The road-works played havoc with the traffic.</i> □ <i>A new baby can play havoc with one's household routine.</i>
<b>play into someone's hands</b> to do exactly what an opponent wants one to do, without one realizing it; to assist someone in a scheme without realizing it. $\Box$ <i>John is doing exactly what I hoped he would.</i> He's playing into my hands. $\Box$ <i>John played into my hands by taking the coins he found in my desk. I caught him and had him arrested.</i>
play one's cards close to one's chest and keep one's cards close to one's chest to work or negotiate in a careful and private manner. $\Box$ It's hard to figure out what John is up to because he plays his cards close to his chest. $\Box$ Don't let them know what you're up to. Keep your cards close to your chest.
<b>play one's cards right</b> to work or negotiate correctly and skilfully. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>If you play your cards right, you can get whatever you want.</i> $\Box$ <i>She didn't play her cards right, so she didn't get promotion.</i>
<b>play one's trump card</b> to use one's most powerful or effective strategy or device. $\Box$ <i>I won't play my trump card until I have tried everything else.</i> $\Box$ <i>I thought that the whole situation was hopeless until Mary played her trump card and told us her uncle would lend us the money.</i>
<b>play on something</b> to make use of something for one's own ends; to exploit something; to manage something for a desired effect. (The on can be replaced by upon.) $\Box$ The shop assistant played on my sense of responsibility in trying to get me to buy the book. $\Box$ See if you can get her to confess by playing upon her sense of guilt.
<b>play politics</b> to allow political concerns to dominate in matters where principles should prevail. $\Box$ <i>Look, I came here to discuss this</i>

trial, not play politics. $\square$ They're not making reasonable decisions. They're playing politics.
<b>play possum</b> to pretend to be inactive, unobserved, asleep, or dead. (Informal. The <i>possum</i> is an <i>opossum</i> .) $\Box$ I knew that Bob wasn't asleep. He was just playing possum. $\Box$ I can't tell if this animal is dead or just playing possum.
<b>play safe</b> not to take risks; to act in a safe manner. $\square$ You should play safe and take your umbrella. $\square$ If you have a cold or the flu, play safe and go to bed.
<b>play second fiddle (to someone)</b> to be in a subordinate position to someone. $\Box$ <i>I'm tired of playing second fiddle to John.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'm better trained than he is, and I have more experience. I shouldn't play second fiddle.</i>
<b>play the field</b> to date many different people rather than going steady with just one. (Informal.) $\square$ Tom wanted to play the field, so he said goodbye to Ann. $\square$ He said he wanted to play the field rather than get married while he was still young.
<b>play the fool</b> to act in a silly manner play safe to amuse other people. $\Box$ <i>The teacher told Tom to stop playing the fool and sit down.</i> $\Box$ <i>Fred likes playing the fool, but we didn't find him funny last night.</i>
<b>play the game</b> to behave or act in a fair and honest way. □ You shouldn't try to disturb your opponent's concentration. That's not playing the game. □ Listening to other people's phone calls is certainly not playing the game.
<b>play the market</b> to invest in the shares market. (As if it were a game or as if it were gambling.) $\square$ Would you rather put your money in the bank or play the market? $\square$ I've learned my lesson playing the market. I lost a fortune.
<b>play to the gallery</b> to perform in a manner that will get the strong approval of the audience; to perform in a manner that will get the approval of the less sophisticated members of the audience. □ <i>John</i> is a competent actor, but he has a tendency to play to the gallery. □ When he made the rude remark, he was just playing to the gallery. He wanted others to find him amusing.

**pot calling the kettle black** [the instance of] someone with a fault accusing someone else of having the same fault.  $\square$  *Ann is always late, but she was rude enough to tell everyone when I was late. Now that's the pot calling the kettle black!*  $\square$  *You're calling me thoughtless? That's really a case of the pot calling the kettle black.* 

<b>pound for pound</b> considering the amount of money involved; considering the cost. (Often seen in advertising.) $\square$ <i>Pound for pound, you cannot buy a better car.</i> $\square$ <i>Pound for pound, this detergent washes cleaner and brighter than any other product on the market.</i>
<b>pound the streets</b> to walk through the streets looking for a job. (Informal.) $\Box$ I spent two months pounding the streets after the factory I worked for closed. $\Box$ Look, Bob. You'd better get on with your work unless you want to be out pounding the streets.
<b>pour cold water on something</b> AND <b>throw cold water on something</b> to discourage doing something; to reduce enthusiasm for something. $\square$ When my father said I couldn't have the car, he poured cold water on my plans. $\square$ John threw cold water on the whole project and refused to participate.
<b>pour money down the drain</b> to waste money; to throw money away. $\square$ What a waste! You're just pouring money down the drain. $\square$ Don't buy any more of that low-quality material. That's just pouring money down the drain.
<b>pour oil on troubled waters</b> to calm things down. (If oil is poured on to rough seas during a storm, the water will become more calm.) □ That was a good thing to say to John. It helped to pour oil on troubled waters. Now he looks happy. □ Bob is the kind of person who always pours oil on troubled waters.
<b>power behind the throne</b> the person who controls the one who is apparently in charge. $\square$ <i>Mr. Smith appears to run the shop, but his brother is the power behind the throne.</i> $\square$ <i>They say that the mayor's husband is the power behind the throne.</i>
<b>powers that be</b> the people who are in authority. $\Box$ The powers that be have decided to send back the immigrants. $\Box$ I have applied for a licence, and the powers that be are considering my application.
<b>practise what you preach</b> to do what you advise other people to do. $\Box$ <i>If you'd practise what you preach, you'd be better off.</i> $\Box$ <i>You give good advice. Why not practise what you preach?</i>
<b>praise someone or something to the skies</b> to give someone much praise. $\square$ He wasn't very good, but his friends praised him to the skies. $\square$ They liked your pie. Everyone praised it to the skies.

<b>preach to the converted</b> to praise or recommend something to someone who is already in favour of it. □ Mary was preaching to the converted when she tried to persuade Jean to become a feminist. She's been one for years. □ Bob found himself preaching to the converted when he was telling Jane the advantages of living in the country. She hates city life.
<b>presence of mind</b> calmness and the ability to act sensibly in an emergency or difficult situation. $\Box$ <i>Jane had the presence of mind to phone the police when the child disappeared.</i> $\Box$ <i>The child had the presence of mind to take a note of the car's number-plate.</i>
<b>press-gang someone into doing something</b> to force someone into doing something. (From the noun <i>press-gang</i> , a group of sailors employed to seize men and force them to join the navy.) □ <i>Aunt Jane press-ganged me into helping with the church fête.</i> □ <i>The boss press-ganged us all into working late.</i>
pretty kettle of fish See fine kettle of fish.
<b>prick up one's ears</b> to listen more closely. $\Box$ At the sound of my voice, my dog pricked up her ears. $\Box$ I pricked up my ears when I heard my name mentioned.
<b>pride of place</b> the best or most important place or space. $\square$ <i>Jack's parents gave pride of place in their living-room to his sports trophy.</i> $\square$ <i>The art gallery promised to give pride of place to Mary's painting of the harbour.</i>
<b>pride oneself on something</b> to take special pride in something. $\Box$ Ann prides herself on her apple pies. $\Box$ John prides himself on his ability to make people feel at ease.
<b>prime mover</b> the force that sets something going; someone or something that starts something off. $\Box$ The assistant manager was the prime mover in getting the manager sacked. $\Box$ Discontent with his job was the prime mover in John's deciding to emigrate.
<b>pull a face</b> AND <b>make a face</b> to twist one's face into a strange expression, typically to show one's dislike, to express ridicule, or to make someone laugh. (Also plural: <i>pull faces</i> , <i>make faces</i> .)   The

comedian pulled faces to amuse the children.  $\square$  Jane made a face when

she was asked to work late.

to go home. $\Box$ Don't try to pull a fast one with me! I know what you're doing.
<b>pull oneself together</b> to become calm or steady; to become emotionally stabilized; to regain one's composure. □ <i>Now, calm down.</i> Pull yourself together. □ I'll be all right as soon as I can pull myself together. I just can't stop weeping.
<b>pull oneself up by one's bootstraps</b> to achieve (something) through one's own efforts. (Informal.) □ He's wealthy now, but he pulled himself up by his bootstraps. □ The orphan pulled himself up by his bootstraps to become a doctor.
<b>pull one's punches 1.</b> [for a boxer] to strike with light blows to enable the other boxer to win. $\square$ <i>Bill has been barred from the boxing ring for pulling his punches.</i> $\square$ "I never pulled my punches in my life!" cried Tom. <b>2.</b> to hold back in one's criticism or attack. (Usually in the negative. The one's can be replaced with any.) $\square$ I didn't pull any punches. I told her just what I thought of her. $\square$ The teacher doesn't pull any punches when it comes to discipline.
<b>pull one's socks up</b> to make an effort to improve one's behaviour or performance. $\Box$ <i>If you don't want to be expelled from school, you'll have to pull your socks up.</i> $\Box$ <i>The firm will have to pull its socks up in order to stay in business.</i>
<b>pull out all the stops</b> to use all one's energy and effort in order to achieve something. (From the stops of a pipe-organ. The more that are pulled out, the louder it gets.) $\square$ You'll have to pull out all the stops if you're going to pass the exam. $\square$ The doctors will pull out all the stops to save the child's life.
<b>pull someone's leg</b> to kid, fool, or trick someone. (Informal.) $\square$ You don't mean that. You're just pulling my leg. $\square$ Don't believe him. He's just pulling your leg.
<b>pull something out of a hat</b> AND <b>pull something out of thin air</b> to produce something as if by magic. $\Box$ This is a serious problem, and we just can't pull a solution out of a hat. $\Box$ I'm sorry, but I don't have a pen. What do you want me to do, pull one out of thin air?
pull something out of thin air See pull something out of a hat.

**pull a fast one** to succeed in an act of deception. (Informal.)  $\square$  *She was pulling a fast one when she said she had a headache and had* 

<b>pull strings</b> to use influence (with someone to get something done or gain an advantage). $\Box$ <i>I can borrow the hall easily by pulling strings.</i> $\Box$ <i>Is it possible to get anything done around here without pulling strings?</i>
<b>pull the rug out from under someone('s feet)</b> to do something suddenly which leaves someone in a weak position; to make someone ineffective. $\Box$ The news that his wife had left him pulled the rug out from under him. $\Box$ The boss certainly pulled the rug out from under Bob's feet when he lowered his salary.
<b>pull the wool over someone's eyes</b> to deceive someone. $\square$ <i>You can't pull the wool over my eyes. I know what's going on.</i> $\square$ <i>Don't try to pull the wool over her eyes. She's too smart.</i>
<b>push one's luck</b> to expect continued good fortune; to expect to continue to escape bad luck. (Informal.) □ You're okay so far, but don't push your luck. □ Bob pushed his luck once too often when he tried to flirt with the new secretary. She slapped him.
<b>put a brave face on it</b> to try to appear happy or satisfied when faced with misfortune or danger. $\square$ <i>We've lost all our money, but we must put a brave face on it for the sake of the children.</i> $\square$ <i>Jim's lost his job and is worried, but he's putting a brave face on it.</i>
<b>put all one's eggs in one basket</b> to risk everything at once; to depend entirely on one plan, venture, etc. (Often negative.) $\square$ Don't put all your eggs in one basket. You shouldn't invest all your money in one business. $\square$ John only applied to the one college he wanted to go to. He put all his eggs in one basket.
<b>put ideas into someone's head</b> to suggest something—usually something that is bad or unfortunate for someone—to someone (who would not have thought of it otherwise). $\Box$ <i>Jack can't afford a holiday abroad. Please don't put ideas into his head.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bob would get along all right if his chums didn't put ideas into his head.</i>
<b>put in a good word for someone</b> to say something to someone in support of someone. $\Box$ <i>I hope you get the job. I'll put in a good word for you.</i> $\Box$ <i>You might get the part in the film if Mike puts in a good word for you.</i>
<b>put it on</b> to pretend; to act as if something were true. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>Ann wasn't really angry. She was just putting it on.</i> $\Box$ <i>I can't believe she was just putting it on. She really looked mad.</i>

<b>put one in one's place</b> to rebuke someone; to remind one of one's (lower) rank or station. $\square$ <i>My employer put me in my place for criticizing her.</i> $\square$ <i>Lady Jane put the butler in his place when he grew too familiar.</i>
<b>put one's best foot forward</b> to prepare to do one's best; to make the best attempt possible to make a good impression. $\square$ When you apply for a position, you should always put your best foot forward. $\square$ Since you failed last time, you must put your best foot forward now.
<b>put one's foot down (about something)</b> to be adamant about something. $\square$ <i>Ann put her foot down about what kind of car she wanted.</i> $\square$ <i>She doesn't put her foot down very often, but when she does, she really means it.</i>
<b>put one's foot in it</b> to say something which one regrets; to say something tactless, insulting, or hurtful. (Informal.) $\square$ When I told Ann that her hair was more beautiful than I had ever seen it, I really put my foot in it. It was a wig. $\square$ I put my foot in it by mistaking John's girlfriend for his wife.
<b>put one's hand to the plough</b> to begin to do a big and important task; to undertake a major effort. $\Box$ <i>If John would only put his hand to the plough, he could do an excellent job of work.</i> $\Box$ <i>You'll never accomplish anything if you don't put your hand to the plough.</i>
<b>put one's house in order</b> to put one's business or personal affairs into good order. $\square$ <i>There was some trouble at work and the manager was told to put his house in order.</i> $\square$ <i>Every now and then, I have to put my house in order. Then life becomes more manageable.</i>
<b>put one's oar in</b> AND <b>shove one's oar in; stick one's oar in</b> to interfere by giving unasked-for advice. (Informal.) $\square$ You don't need to put your oar in. I don't need your advice. $\square$ I'm sorry. I shouldn't have stuck my oar in when you were arguing with your wife.
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**put on airs** to act superior. (Informal.)  $\square$  *Stop putting on airs. You're just human like the rest of us.*  $\square$  *Ann is always putting on airs. You'd* 

**put one across someone** to deceive or trick someone. (Informal.) 
□ He tried to put one across the old lady by pretending to be her longlost nephew. □ Meg thought she'd put one across her parents by claim-

think she was a queen.

ing to spend the night at her friend's house.

<b>put one's shoulder to the wheel</b> to take up a task; to get busy. $\Box$ You won't accomplish anything unless you put your shoulder to the wheel. $\Box$ I put my shoulder to the wheel and finished the task quickly.
<b>put one through one's paces</b> to make one demonstrate what one can do; to test someone's abilities or capacity. $\Box$ <i>The teacher put the children through their paces before the exam.</i> $\Box$ <i>I auditioned for a part in the play, and the director really put me through my paces.</i>
<b>put on one's thinking-cap</b> to start thinking in a serious manner. □ Let's put on our thinking-caps and decide where to go on holiday. □ It's time to put on our thinking-caps, children, and choose a name for the dog.
<b>put on weight</b> to gain weight; to grow fatter. $\Box$ I have to go on a diet because I've been putting on a little weight lately. $\Box$ The doctor says I need to put on some weight.
<b>put out (some) feelers</b> to attempt to find out something without being too obvious. $\Box$ <i>I wanted to get a new position, so I put out some feelers.</i> $\Box$ <i>We'd like to move house and so we've put out feelers to see what's on the market.</i>
<b>put paid to something</b> to put an end to something; to prevent someone from doing something; to prevent something from happening. (From the practice of book-keepers of writing "paid" in the account book when a bill has been settled.) □ <i>Jean's father's objections put paid to John's thoughts of marrying her.</i> □ <i>Lack of money put paid to our holiday plans.</i>
<b>put someone in mind of someone or something</b> to remind someone of someone or something. $\square$ <i>Mary puts me in mind of her mother when she was that age.</i> $\square$ <i>This place puts me in mind of the village where I was brought up.</i>
<b>put someone in the picture</b> to give someone all the necessary facts about something. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>They put the police in the picture about how the accident happened.</i> $\Box$ <i>Would someone put me in the picture about what went on in my absence?</i>
<b>put someone on a pedestal</b> to respect or admire someone too much; to worship someone. $\Box$ <i>He has put her on a pedestal and thinks</i>

she can do no wrong.  $\square$  Don't put me on a pedestal. I'm only human.

to put someone in an uncomfortable or difficult position. $\Box$ Don put me on the spot. I can't give you an answer. $\Box$ We put Bob on the spot and demanded that he do everything he had promised.	
<b>put someone or something out to pasture</b> to retire someone or something. (Informal. Originally said of a horse which was to old to work.) □ <i>Please don't put me out to pasture. I have lots of god years left.</i> □ <i>This car is very old and keeps breaking down. It's time to put it out to pasture.</i>	o d
<b>put someone's nose out of joint</b> to cause someone to feel slighted or insulted. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I'm afraid I put his nose out of joint be not inviting him to the picnic.</i> $\Box$ <i>Jane's nose was put out of joint whe her baby brother was born.</i>	y
<b>put someone through the wringer</b> to give someone a difficular or exhausting time. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>They are really putting me through the wringer at school.</i> $\square$ <i>We all put Bob through the wringer over the contract.</i>	h
<b>put someone to shame</b> to show someone up; to embarrass someone; to make someone ashamed. □ <i>Your excellent efforts put us a to shame.</i> □ <i>I put him to shame by telling everyone about his babehaviour.</i>	11
<b>put someone to the test</b> to test someone; to see what someone can achieve. $\Box$ <i>I think I can jump that far, but no one has ever pume to the test.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'm going to put you to the test now!</i>	
<b>put someone up to something</b> to cause someone to do some thing; to bribe someone to do something; to give someone the ide of doing something. $\square$ <i>Who put you up to it?</i> $\square$ <i>Nobody put me u to it. I thought it up myself.</i>	a
<b>put someone wise to someone or something</b> to inform some one about someone or something. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I put her wise to the</i>	<u>-</u> -
way we do things around here. $\Box$ I didn't know she was taking mone Mary put me wise to her.	
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**put someone on the spot** to ask someone embarrassing questions;

<b>put something on paper</b> to write something down. $\square$ You have a great idea for a novel. Now put it on paper. $\square$ I'm sorry, I can't discuss your offer until I see something in writing. Put it on paper, and then we'll talk.
put something on the back burner See put something on ice.
<b>put something over</b> to accomplish something; to put something across. $\Box$ <i>This is a very hard thing to explain to a large audience. I hope I can put it over.</i> $\Box$ <i>This is a big request for money. I go before the board of directors this afternoon, and I hope I can put it over.</i>
<b>put something plainly</b> to state something firmly and explicitly. $\Box$ To put it plainly, I want you out of this house immediately. $\Box$ Thank you. I think you've put your feelings quite plainly.
<b>put something right</b> AND <b>set something right</b> to correct something; to alter a situation to make it more fair. □ <i>This is a very unfortunate situation. I'll ask the people responsible to set this matter right.</i> □ <i>I'm sorry that we overcharged you. We'll try to put it right.</i>
<b>Put that in your pipe and smoke it!</b> See how you like that!; It is final, and you have to live with it! (Informal.) $\square$ Well, I'm not going to do it, so put that in your pipe and smoke it! $\square$ I'm sick of you, and I'm leaving. Put that in your pipe and smoke it!
<b>put the cart before the horse</b> to have things in the wrong order; to have things confused and mixed up. $\Box$ <i>You're eating your dessert! You've put the cart before the horse.</i> $\Box$ <i>Slow down and get organized. Don't put the cart before the horse!</i> $\Box$ <i>John puts the cart before the horse in most of his projects.</i>
<b>put the cat among the pigeons</b> AND <b>set the cat among the pigeons</b> to cause trouble or a disturbance, especially by doing or saying something suddenly or unexpectedly. □ <i>Meg put the cat among the pigeons by announcing that she was leaving home.</i> □ <i>When Frank told of Bob's problems with the police, he really set the cat among the pigeons.</i>
<b>put two and two together</b> to find the answer to something from the information available; to reach an understanding of something. □ Well, I put two and two together and came up with an idea of who did it. □ Don't worry. John won't figure it out. He can't put two and two together.

by someone else; [someone who is] excessively willing to do what someone else wishes. $\square$ Bob's wife is putty in his hands. She never thinks for herself. $\square$ Jane is putty in her mother's hands. She always does exactly what her mother says.
<b>put up a (brave) front</b> to appear to be brave (even if one is not). $\Box$ <i>Mary is frightened, but she's putting up a brave front.</i> $\Box$ <i>If she weren't putting up a front, I'd be more frightened than I am.</i>
<b>put upon someone</b> to make use of someone to an unreasonable degree; to take advantage of someone for one's own benefit. (Typically passive.) $\square$ <i>My mother was always put upon by her neighbours.</i> She was too nice to refuse their requests for help. $\square$ Jane feels put upon by her husband's parents. They're always coming to stay with her.
<b>put words into someone's mouth</b> to speak for another person without permission. $\square$ <i>Stop putting words into my mouth. I can speak for myself.</i> $\square$ <i>The solicitor was scolded for putting words into the witness's mouth.</i>
<b>Put your money where your mouth is!</b> a command to stop talking or boasting and make a bet, or to stop talking and provide money for something which one claims to support. □ <i>I'm tired of your bragging about your skill at betting. Put your money where your mouth is!</i> □ <i>You talk about betting, but you don't bet. Put your money where your mouth is!</i>

putty in someone's hands [someone who is] easily influenced



quake in one's shoes See shake in one's shoes. **queue up** to get into a queue; to form a queue. 

Will you all please queue up?  $\square$  It's time to go from here to the theatre. Please queue up. quick on the draw (Informal.) 1. quick to draw a gun and shoot.  $\square$  Some of the old cowboys were known to be quick on the draw.  $\square$ Wyatt Earp was particularly quick on the draw. 2. quick to respond to anything; quick to act.  $\square$  John gets the right answer before anyone else. He's really quick on the draw. 

Sally will probably win the quiz game. She's really quick on the draw. **quick on the uptake** quick to understand (something).  $\square$  *Just* because I'm not quick on the uptake, it doesn't mean I'm stupid.  $\square$ Mary understands jokes before anyone else because she's so quick on the uptake. quids in with someone in an advantageous or favourable position with someone. (Informal.) 

You'll be quids in with Jean if you can charm her mother.  $\square$  Fred's quids in with the boss after his successful export deal.



race against time 1. to hurry to beat a deadline; to hurry to achieve

something by a certain time. $\square$ We had to race against time to finish the work before the deadline. $\square$ You don't need to race against time. Take all the time you want. <b>2.</b> a task which must be finished within a certain time; a situation in which one must hurry to complete something on time. $\square$ It was a race against time to finish before the deadline. $\square$ The examination was a race against time, and Tom could not finish it.
<b>rack one's brains</b> to try very hard to think of something. □ I racked my brains all afternoon, but couldn't remember where I put the book. □ Don't waste any more time racking your brains. Go and borrow the book from the library.
<b>rain cats and dogs</b> to rain very hard. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>It's raining cats and dogs. Look at it pour!</i> $\square$ <i>I'm not going out in that storm. It's raining cats and dogs.</i>
<b>rained off</b> cancelled or postponed because of rain. $\square$ Oh, the weather looks awful. I hope the picnic isn't rained off. $\square$ It's starting to drizzle now. Do you think the game will be rained off?
rain or shine See come rain or shine.
<b>raise a few eyebrows</b> to shock or surprise people mildly by doing or saying something. □ What you just said may raise a few eyebrows, but it shouldn't make anyone really angry. □ John's sudden marriage to Ann raised a few eyebrows.
<b>raise one's sights</b> to set higher goals for oneself. $\square$ When you're young, you tend to raise your sights too high. $\square$ On the other hand, some people need to raise their sights higher.
<b>rally round someone or something</b> to come together to support someone or something. □ <i>The family rallied round Jack when he lost</i>

his job. $\Box$ The former pupils rallied round their old school when it was in danger of being closed.
<b>rant and rave</b> to shout angrily and wildly. $\square$ Bob rants and raves when anything displeases him. $\square$ Father rants and raves if we arrive home late.
<b>rap someone's knuckles</b> to rebuke or punish someone. □ She rapped his knuckles for whispering too much. □ Don't rap my knuckles. I didn't do it. Also: <b>get one's knuckles rapped</b> ; <b>have one's knuckles rapped</b> to receive punishment. □ I got my knuckles rapped for whispering too much. □ You should have your knuckles rapped for doing that!
<b>rarin' to go</b> extremely keen to act or do something. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Jane can't wait to start her job. She's rarin' to go.</i> $\square$ <i>Mary is rarin' to go and can't wait for her university term to start.</i>
<b>rat race</b> a fierce struggle for success, especially in one's career or business. □ Bob's got tired of the rat race. He's retired and gone to live in the country. □ The money market is a rat race, and many people who work in it die of the stress.
<b>read between the lines</b> to infer something (from something). (Usually figurative. Does not necessarily refer to written or printed information.) $\square$ After listening to what she said, if you read between the lines, you can begin to see what she really means. $\square$ Don't believe everything you hear. Learn to read between the lines.
<b>read someone like a book</b> to understand someone very well. $\square$ <i>I've got John figured out. I can read him like a book.</i> $\square$ <i>Of course I understand you. I read you like a book.</i>
<b>read someone's mind</b> to guess what someone is thinking. $\square$ <i>You'll have to tell me what you want. I can't read your mind, you know.</i> $\square$ <i>If I could read your mind, I'd know what you expect of me.</i>
<b>read someone the Riot Act</b> to give someone a severe scolding. (Under the Riot Act of 1715, an assembly of people could be dispersed by magistrates reading the act to them.) $\Box$ <i>The manager read me the Riot Act for coming in late.</i> $\Box$ <i>The teacher read the pupils the Riot Act for their failure to do their homework.</i>
<b>read something into something</b> to attach or attribute a new or different meaning to something; to find a meaning that is not

intended in something. $\square$ This statement means exactly what it says Don't try to read anything else into it. $\square$ Am I reading too much into your comments?
<b>rear its ugly head</b> [for something unpleasant] to appear or become obvious after lying hidden. □ Jealousy reared its ugly head and destroyed their marriage. □ The question of money always rears its ugly head in matters of business.
<b>receive someone with open arms</b> AND <b>welcome someone with open arms</b> to welcome someone eagerly. (Used literally or figuratively.) $\Box$ <i>I'm certain they wanted us to stay for dinner. They received us with open arms.</i> $\Box$ <i>When I came home from school, the whole family welcomed me with open arms.</i>
<b>redbrick university</b> one of the universities built in England in the late nineteenth century, contrasted with Oxford and Cambridge Universities. (Derogatory.) □ <i>John's tutor ridicules the redbrick universities.</i> □ <i>Alice is a snob. She refuses to go to a redbrick university.</i>
<b>red herring</b> a piece of information or suggestion introduced to draw attention away from the truth or real facts of a situation. (A red herring is a type of strong-smelling smoked fish that was once drawn across the trail of scent to mislead hunting dogs and put them off the scent. See also draw a red herring.) □ The detectives were following a red herring, but they're on the right track now. □ Jack and Mary were hoping to confuse their parents with a series of red herrings so that the parents wouldn't realize that they had eloped.
<b>red tape</b> over-strict attention to the wording and details of rules and regulations, especially by government or public departments (From the colour of the tape used by government departments to tie up bundles of documents.) □ Because of red tape, it took weeks for Frank to get a visa. □ Red tape prevented Jack's wife from joining him abroad.
<b>regain one's composure</b> to become calm and composed. $\Box$ <i>I found</i> it difficult to regain my composure after the argument. $\Box$ Here, sit down and relax so that you can regain your composure.
<b>rest on one's laurels</b> to enjoy one's success and not try to achieve more. $\Box$ <i>Don't rest on your laurels. Try to continue to do great things</i> $\Box$ <i>I think I'll rest on my laurels for a time before attempting anything new.</i>

<b>return ticket</b> a ticket (for a plane, train, bus, etc.) which allows one to go to a destination and return. $\Box$ <i>A return ticket will usually save you some money.</i> $\Box$ <i>How much is a return ticket to Harrogate?</i>
<b>ride roughshod over someone or something</b> to treat someone or something with disdain or scorn. □ <i>Tom seems to ride roughshod over his friends.</i> □ <i>You shouldn't have come into our country to ride roughshod over our laws and our traditions.</i>
<b>riding for a fall</b> risking failure or an accident, usually owing to overconfidence. $\square$ <i>Tom drives too fast, and he seems too sure of himself. He's riding for a fall.</i> $\square$ <i>Bill needs to stop borrowing money. He's riding for a fall.</i>
<b>right up someone's street</b> ideally suited to one's interests or abilities. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Skiing is right up my street. I love it.</i> $\square$ <i>This kind of thing is right up John's street.</i>
<b>ring a bell</b> [for something] to cause someone to remember something or to seem familiar. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I've never met John Franklin, but his name rings a bell.</i> $\Box$ <i>The face in the photograph rang a bell. It was my cousin.</i>
ring down the curtain (on something) AND bring down the curtain (on something) to bring something to an end; to declare something to be at an end. □ It's time to ring down the curtain on our relationship. We have nothing in common any more. □ We've tried our best to make this company a success, but it's time to ring down the curtain. □ After many years the old man brought down the curtain and closed the restaurant.
<b>ring in the New Year</b> to celebrate the beginning of the New Year at midnight on December 31. □ <i>We are planning a big affair to ring in the New Year.</i> □ <i>How did you ring in the New Year?</i>
at midnight on December 31.   We are planning a big affair to ring

$\Box$ Please ring up Ann and ask her if she wants to come over. $\Box$ Just ring me up any time.
<b>ring the changes</b> to do or arrange things in different ways to achieve variety. (From bell-ringing.) □ Jane doesn't have many clothes, but she rings the changes by adding different-coloured scarves to her basic outfits. □ Aunt Mary rings the changes in her small flat by rearranging the furniture.
ring true to sound or seem true or likely. (From testing the quality of metal or glass by striking it and listening to the noise made.)  ☐ The pupil's excuse for being late doesn't ring true. ☐ Do you think that Mary's explanation for her absence rang true?
ring up someone or something See ring someone or something up.
<b>ripe old age</b> a very old age. $\square$ Mr. Smith died last night, but he was a ripe old age—ninety-nine. $\square$ All the Smiths seem to live to a ripe old age.
<b>rise and shine</b> to get out of bed and be lively and energetic. (Informal. Often a command.) □ Come on, children! Rise and shine! We're going to the seaside. □ Father always calls out "Rise and shine!" in the morning when we want to go on sleeping.
<b>rise to the occasion</b> to meet the challenge of an event; to try extra hard to do a task. $\Box$ <i>John was able to rise to the occasion and make the conference a success.</i> $\Box$ <i>It was a big challenge, but he rose to the occasion.</i>
<b>risk one's neck (to do something)</b> to risk physical harm play safe to accomplish something. (Informal.) $\Box$ Look at that traffic! I refuse to risk my neck just to cross the street to buy a paper. $\Box$ I refuse to risk my neck at all.
<b>road-hog</b> someone who drives carelessly and selfishly. (Informal.) □ Look at that road-hog driving in the middle of the road and stopping other drivers getting past him. □ That road-hog nearly knocked the children over. He was driving too fast.
<b>rob Peter to pay Paul</b> to take from one person in order to give to another. □ Why borrow money to pay your bills? That's just robbing Peter to pay Paul. □ There's no point in robbing Peter to pay Paul. You will still be in debt.

<b>rock the boat</b> to cause trouble; to disturb a situation which is otherwise stable and satisfactory. (Often negative.) $\square$ Look, Tom, everything is going fine here. Don't rock the boat! $\square$ You can depend on Tom to mess things up by rocking the boat.
<b>roll on something</b> [for something, such as a time or a day] to approach rapidly. (Said by someone who wants the time or the day to arrive sooner than is possible. Usually a command.) $\square$ Roll on Saturday! I get the day off. $\square$ Roll on spring! We hate the snow.
<b>romp home</b> to win a race or competition easily. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Our team romped home in the relay race.</i> $\square$ <i>Jack romped home in the election for president of the club.</i>
<b>rooted to the spot</b> unable to move because of fear or surprise. $\Box$ <i>Joan stood rooted to the spot when she saw the ghostly figure.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mary was rooted to the spot when the thief snatched her bag.</i>
<b>rough it</b> to live in discomfort; to live in uncomfortable conditions without the usual amenities. (Informal.) $\Box$ The students are roughing it in a shack with no running water. $\Box$ Bob and Jack had nowhere to live, so they had to rough it in a tent until they found somewhere.
<b>round on someone</b> to attack someone verbally. $\square$ <i>Jane suddenly rounded on Tom for arriving late.</i> $\square$ <i>Peter rounded on Meg, asking what she'd done with the money.</i>
<b>rub along with someone</b> to get along fairly well with someone. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Jack and Fred manage to rub along with each other, although they're not best friends.</i> $\square$ <i>Jim just about rubs along with his in-laws.</i>
(Informal.) $\square$ Jack and Fred manage to rub along with each other, although they're not best friends. $\square$ Jim just about rubs along with his
(Informal.) $\square$ Jack and Fred manage to rub along with each other, although they're not best friends. $\square$ Jim just about rubs along with his in-laws. <b>rub salt in the wound</b> deliberately to make someone's unhappiness, shame, or misfortune worse. $\square$ Don't rub salt in the wound by telling me how enjoyable the party was. $\square$ Jim is feeling miserable about losing his job, and Fred is rubbing salt in the wound by saying how good

has happened. (From a method of house-training animals.) $\square$ When Bob failed his exam, his brother rubbed his nose in it. $\square$ Mary knows she shouldn't have broken off her engagement. Don't rub her nose in it.
<b>rub someone up the wrong way</b> to irritate someone. (Informal.) □ <i>I'm sorry I rubbed you up the wrong way. I didn't mean to upset you.</i> □ <i>Don't rub her up the wrong way!</i>
<b>ruffle someone's feathers</b> to upset or annoy someone. (A bird's feathers become ruffled if it is angry or afraid.) $\square$ <i>You certainly ruffled Mrs. Smith's feathers by criticizing her garden.</i> $\square$ <i>Try to be tactful and not ruffle people's feathers.</i>
<b>rule the roost</b> to be the boss or manager, especially at home. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Who rules the roost at your house?</i> $\square$ <i>Our new office manager really rules the roost.</i>
<b>run a fever</b> AND <b>run a temperature</b> to have a body temperature higher than normal; to have a fever. $\Box$ <i>I ran a fever when I had the flu</i> . $\Box$ <i>The baby is running a temperature and is irritable</i> .
<b>run against the clock</b> to be in a race with time; to be in a great hurry to get something done before a particular time. □ <i>This morning, Bill set a new track record running against the clock. He lost the actual race this afternoon, however.</i> □ <i>The front runner was running against the clock. The others were a lap behind.</i>
run a temperature See run a fever.
<b>run a tight ship</b> to run a ship or an organization in an orderly, efficient, and disciplined manner. $\Box$ <i>The new office manager really runs a tight ship.</i> $\Box$ <i>The headmaster runs a tight ship.</i>
<b>run for it</b> to try and escape by running. (Informal.) $\square$ The guard's not looking. Let's run for it! $\square$ The convict tried to run for it, but the warder caught him.
<b>run for one's life</b> to run away to save one's life. $\Box$ The dam has burst! Run for your life! $\Box$ The zoo-keeper told us all to run for our lives.
<b>run high</b> [for feelings] to be in a state of excitement or anger. □ Feelings were running high as the general election approached. □ The mood of the crowd was running high when they saw the man beat the child.

<b>run in the family</b> for a characteristic to appear in all (or most) members of a family. $\square$ <i>My grandparents lived well into their nineties, and longevity runs in the family.</i> $\square$ <i>My brothers and I have red hair.</i> It runs in the family.
<b>run of the mill</b> common or average; typical. $\square$ The restaurant we went to was nothing special—just run of the mill. $\square$ The service was good, but the food was run of the mill or worse.
<b>run riot</b> AND <b>run wild</b> to get out of control. $\Box$ The dandelions have run riot on our lawn. $\Box$ The children ran wild at the birthday party and had to be taken home.
<b>run someone or something to earth</b> to find something after a search. (From a fox-hunt chasing a fox into its hole.) $\square$ <i>Jean finally ran her long-lost cousin to earth in Paris.</i> $\square$ <i>After months of searching, I ran a copy of Jim's book to earth.</i>
<b>run someone ragged</b> to keep someone very busy. (Informal.) $\square$ This busy season is running us all ragged at the shop. $\square$ What a busy day. I ran myself ragged.
<b>run to seed</b> AND <b>go to seed</b> to become worn-out and uncared for. $\Box$ The estate has gone to seed since the old man's death. $\Box$ Pick things up around here. This place is going to seed. What a mess!
run wild See run riot.
<b>rush one's fences</b> to act hurriedly without enough care or thought. (From horse-riding.) $\square$ <i>Jack's always rushing his fences. He should think things out first.</i> $\square$ <i>Think carefully before you buy that expensive house. Don't rush your fences.</i>



**sacred cow** something that is regarded by some people with such respect and veneration that they don't like it being criticized by anyone in any way. (From the fact that the cow is regarded as sacred

in India.) $\square$ University education is a sacred cow in the Smith family. Fred is regarded as a failure because he left school at sixteen. $\square$ Don't talk about eating meat to Pam. Vegetarianism is one of her sacred cows.
<b>safe and sound</b> safe and whole or healthy. $\Box$ It was a rough trip, but we got there safe and sound. $\Box$ I'm glad to see you here safe and sound.
<b>sail through something</b> to finish something quickly and easily. (Informal.) $\Box$ The test was not difficult. I sailed through it. $\Box$ Bob sailed through his homework in a short amount of time.
<b>sail under false colours</b> to pretend to be something that one is not. (Originally nautical, referring to a pirate ship disguised as a merchant ship.) $\Box$ <i>John has been sailing under false colours. He's really a spy.</i> $\Box$ <i>I thought you were wearing that uniform because you worked here. You are sailing under false colours.</i>
<b>salt of the earth</b> the most worthy of people; a very good or worthy person. (A biblical reference.) $\square$ <i>Mrs. Jones is the salt of the earth. She is the first to help anyone in trouble.</i> $\square$ <i>Frank's mother is the salt of the earth. She has five children of her own and yet fosters three others.</i>
<b>same old story</b> something that occurs or has occurred in the same way often. $\Box$ <i>Jim's got no money. It's the same old story. He's spent it all on clothing.</i> $\Box$ <i>The firm are getting rid of staff. It's the same old</i>

**saved by the bell** rescued from a difficult or dangerous situation just in time by something which brings the situation to a sudden end. (From the sounding of a bell marking the end of a round in a

story—a shortage of orders.

boxing match.) $\Box$ James didn't know the answer to the question, but he was saved by the bell when the teacher was called away from the room. $\Box$ I couldn't think of anything to say to the woman at the busstop, but I was saved by the bell by my bus arriving.
<b>save one's breath</b> to refrain from talking, explaining, or arguing. (Informal.) $\Box$ There is no sense in trying to convince her. Save your breath. $\Box$ Tell her to save her breath. He won't listen to her.
<b>save someone's skin</b> to save someone from injury, embarrassment, or punishment. (Informal.) $\Box$ I saved my skin by getting the job done on time. $\Box$ Thanks for saving my skin. If you hadn't given me an alibi, the police would have arrested me.
<b>save something for a rainy day</b> to reserve something—usually money—for some future need. (Save something can be replaced with put something aside, hold something back, keep something, etc.) $\Box$ I've saved a little money for a rainy day. $\Box$ Keep some sweets for a rainy day.
<b>say something under one's breath</b> to say something so softly that hardly anyone can hear it. $\Box$ <i>John was saying something under his breath, and I don't think it was very pleasant.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'm glad he said it under his breath. If he had said it out loud, it would have caused an argument.</i>
<b>say the word</b> to give a signal to begin; to say yes or okay as a signal to begin. (Informal.) $\Box$ I'm ready to start anytime you say the word. $\Box$ We'll all shout "Happy birthday!" when I say the word.
<b>scare someone stiff</b> to scare someone severely; to make someone very frightened. $\Box$ <i>That loud noise scared me stiff.</i> $\Box$ <i>The robber jumped out and scared us stiff.</i>
scrape the bottom of the barrel to select from among the worst; to choose from what is left over. □ You've bought a dreadful old car. You really scraped the bottom of the barrel to get that one. □ The worker you sent over was the worst I've ever seen. Send me another—and don't scrape the bottom of the barrel.
<b>scratch someone's back</b> to do a favour for someone in return for a favour done for you. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>You scratch my back, and I'll scratch yours.</i> $\square$ <i>We believe that the manager has been scratching the treasurer's back.</i>

examine only the superficial aspects of something. $\Box$ The investigation of the firm's books showed some inaccuracies. It is thought that the investigators have just scratched the surface. $\Box$ We don't know how bad the problem is. We've only scratched the surface.
<b>screw up one's courage</b> to get one's courage together; to force oneself to be brave. $\Box$ <i>I suppose I have to screw up my courage and go to the dentist.</i> $\Box$ <i>I spent all morning screwing up my courage to take my driver's test.</i>
<b>scrimp and save</b> to be very thrifty; to live on very little money, often to save up for something. $\square$ <i>We had to scrimp and save to send the children to college.</i> $\square$ <i>The Smiths scrimp and save all year to go on a foreign holiday.</i>
<b>search something with a fine-tooth comb</b> See go over something with a fine-tooth comb.
<b>second nature to someone</b> easy and natural for someone. □ <i>Being polite is second nature to Jane.</i> □ <i>Driving is no problem for Bob. It's second nature to him.</i>
<b>second to none</b> better than anyone or anything else. $\Box$ <i>This is an excellent car—second to none.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mary is an excellent teacher—second to none.</i>
<b>see double</b> to see two of everything instead of one. $\square$ When I was driving, I saw two people on the road instead of one. I'm seeing double. There's something wrong with my eyes. $\square$ Mike thought he was seeing double when he saw Mary with her sister. He didn't know she had a twin.
see eye to eye (about something) AND see eye to eye (on something) to view something in the same way (as someone else). (Usually negative.) □ John and Ann never see eye to eye about anything. They always disagree. □ James and Jean rarely see eye to eye either.
<b>see eye to eye (on something)</b> See see eye to eye (about something).
seeing is believing one must believe something that one sees. $\Box$

scratch the surface just to begin to find out about something; to

believing. $\Box$ I can hardly believe we are in Paris, but there's the Eiffel Tower, and seeing is believing.
<b>see red</b> to be angry. (Informal.) $\square$ Whenever I think of the needless destruction of trees, I see red. $\square$ Bill really saw red when the tax bill arrived.
<b>see someone home</b> to accompany someone home. $\square$ Bill agreed to see his aunt home after the film. $\square$ You don't need to see me home. It's perfectly safe, and I can get there on my own.
see something with half an eye to see or understand very easily. ☐ You could see with half an eye that the children were very tired. ☐ Anyone could see with half an eye that the work was badly done.
<b>see stars</b> to see flashing lights after receiving a blow to the head. $\Box$ I saw stars when I bumped my head on the attic ceiling. $\Box$ The little boy saw stars when he fell head first on to the concrete.
<b>see the light</b> to understand something clearly at last. $\square$ <i>After a lot of studying and asking many questions, I finally saw the light.</i> $\square$ <i>I know that geometry is difficult. Keep working at it. You'll see the light pretty soon.</i>
<b>see the light at the end of the tunnel</b> to foresee an end to one's problems after a long period of time. $\Box$ <i>I had been horribly ill for two months before I began to see the light at the end of the tunnel.</i> $\Box$ <i>We were in debt for years, but then we saw the light at the end of the tunnel.</i>
<b>see the light of day</b> [for something] to be finished or produced. (Often negative.) $\Box$ <i>The product will never see the light of day.</i> $\Box$ <i>His inventions will never see the light of day. They are too impractical.</i>
<b>see the writing on the wall</b> to know that something unpleasant or disastrous is certain to happen. (From a biblical reference.) $\square$ If you don't improve your performance, they'll sack you. Can't you see the writing on the wall? $\square$ Jack saw the writing on the wall when the firm reduced his salary.
<b>sell someone a pup</b> to cheat someone by selling the person something that is inferior or worthless. (Informal.) □ <i>Jack sold me a pup when I bought a bike from him. It broke down in two days.</i> □ <i>The salesman sold Jane a pup when he persuaded her to buy the second-hand washing-machine. Water pours out of it</i>

<b>sell someone or something short</b> to underestimate someone or something; to fail to see the good qualities of someone or something. □ <i>This is a very good restaurant. Don't sell it short.</i> □ <i>When you say that John isn't interested in music, you're selling him short. Did you know he plays the violin quite well?</i>
<b>send someone or something up</b> to ridicule or make fun of someone or something; to satirize someone or something. (Informal.) □ <i>John is always sending Jane up by mocking the way she walks.</i> □ <i>The drama group sent their lecturers up.</i>
<b>send someone packing</b> to send someone away; to dismiss someone, possibly rudely. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I couldn't stand him any more, so I sent him packing.</i> $\Box$ <i>The maid proved to be so incompetent that I had to send her packing.</i>
<b>send someone to Coventry</b> to refuse to speak to or associate with someone or a group of people as a punishment. $\square$ <i>The other children sent Tom to Coventry for telling tales to the teacher.</i> $\square$ <i>Fred was sent to Coventry by his fellow workers for breaking the strike.</i>
<b>separate the men from the boys</b> AND <b>sort the men from the boys</b> to separate the competent ones from those who are less competent; to separate the brave or strong ones from those who are less brave or strong. □ This is the kind of task that sorts the men from the boys. □ This project is very complex. It'll separate the men from the boys.
<b>separate the sheep from the goats</b> to divide people into two groups in order to distinguish the good from the bad, etc. $\square$ <i>Working in a place like this really separates the sheep from the goats.</i> $\square$ <i>We can't go on with the game until we separate the sheep from the goats.</i>
<b>separate the wheat from the chaff</b> to separate what is of value from what is useless. $\Box$ <i>Could you have a look at this furniture and separate the wheat from the chaff?</i> $\Box$ <i>The difficult exam will separate the wheat from the chaff among the pupils.</i>
<b>serve as a guinea pig</b> [for someone or something] to be experimented on. $\square$ <i>Try it on someone else! I don't want to serve as a guinea pig!</i> $\square$ <i>Jane agreed to serve as a guinea pig. She'll be the one to try out the new flavour of icecream.</i>

<b>serve notice</b> to announce something. $\Box$ <i>John served notice that he was leaving the company.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'm serving notice that I'll resign as secretary next month.</i>
<b>set foot somewhere</b> to go or enter somewhere. (Often in the negative.) $\Box$ <i>If I were you, I wouldn't set foot in that town.</i> $\Box$ <i>I wouldn't set foot in her house! Not after the way she spoke to me.</i>
<b>set great store by someone or something</b> to have positive expectations for someone or something; to have high hopes for someone or something. $\Box$ <i>I set great store by my computer and its ability to help me in my work.</i> $\Box$ <i>We set great store by John because of his quick mind.</i>
<b>set one back on one's heels</b> to surprise, shock, or overwhelm someone. □ <i>Her sudden announcement set us all back on our heels.</i> □ <i>The manager scolded me, and that really set me back on my heels.</i>
<b>set someone's teeth on edge 1.</b> [for a sour or bitter taste] to irritate one's mouth. □ <i>Have you ever eaten a lemon? It'll set your teeth on edge.</i> □ <i>Vinegar sets my teeth on edge.</i> <b>2.</b> [for a person or a noise] to be irritating or get on one's nerves. □ <i>Please don't scrape your finger-nails on the blackboard! It sets my teeth on edge!</i> □ <i>Here comes Bob. He's so annoying. He really sets my teeth on edge.</i>
<b>set someone straight</b> to explain something to someone. $\Box$ <i>I don't think you understand about taxation. Let me set you straight.</i> $\Box$ <i>Ann was confused, so I set her straight.</i>
set something right See put something right.
set the ball rolling See start the ball rolling.
<b>set the cat among the pigeons</b> See put the cat among the pigeons.
<b>set the record straight</b> to put right a mistake or misunderstanding; to make sure that an account, etc., is correct. □ <i>The manager thought Jean was to blame, but she soon set the record straight.</i> □ <i>Jane's mother heard that Tom is a married man, but he set the record straight.</i> He's divorced.
<b>set the table</b> AND <b>lay the table</b> to place plates, glasses, napkins, etc., on the table before a meal. $\Box$ <i>Jane, would you please lay the table?</i> $\Box$ <i>I'm tired of setting the table. Ask someone else to do it.</i>
<b>set the world on fire</b> to do exciting things that bring fame and glory. (Frequently negative.) $\Box$ <i>I'm not very ambitious. I don't want</i>

to set the world on fire. $\square$ You don't have to set the world on fire. Just do a good job.
<b>set upon someone or something</b> to attack someone or something violently. $\Box$ <i>The dogs set upon the bear and chased it up a tree.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bill set upon Tom and struck him hard in the face.</i>
<b>set up shop somewhere</b> to establish one's place of work somewhere. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Mary set up shop in a small office building in Oak Street.</i> $\square$ <i>The police officer said, "You can't set up shop right here on the pavement!"</i>
<b>shades of someone or something</b> reminders of someone or something; reminiscent of someone or something. $\square$ <i>When I met Jim's mother, I thought "shades of Aunt Mary."</i> $\square$ <i>"Shades of school," said Jack as the university lecturer rebuked him for being late.</i>
<b>shaggy-dog story</b> a kind of funny story which relies for its humour on its length and its sudden ridiculous ending. $\square$ <i>Don't let John tell a shaggy-dog story. It'll go on for hours.</i> $\square$ <i>Mary didn't get the point of Fred's shaggy-dog story.</i>
<b>shake in one's shoes</b> AND <b>quake in one's shoes</b> to be afraid; to shake from fear. $\Box$ <i>I was shaking in my shoes because I had to go and see the manager.</i> $\Box$ <i>Stop quaking in your shoes, Bob. I'm not going to sack you.</i>
<b>share and share alike</b> with equal shares. $\Box$ <i>I kept five and gave the other five to Mary—share and share alike.</i> $\Box$ <i>The two room-mates agreed that they would divide expenses—share and share alike.</i>
<b>sharp practice</b> dishonest or illegal methods or behaviour. $\Box$ <i>I'm</i> sure that Jim's firm was guilty of sharp practice in getting that export order. $\Box$ The Smith brothers accused their competitors of sharp practice, but they couldn't prove it.
<b>shift one's ground</b> to change one's opinions or arguments, often without being challenged or opposed. $\square$ At first Jack and I were on opposite sides, but he suddenly shifted his ground and started agreeing with me. $\square$ Jim has very fixed views. You won't find him shifting his ground.
shipshape (and Bristol fashion) in good order; neat and tidy. (A

nautical term. Bristol was a major British port.) 

— You had better get

this room shipshape before your mother gets home. $\square$ Mr. Jones always keeps his garden shipshape and Bristol fashion.
ships that pass in the night people who meet each other briefly by chance and are unlikely to meet again. □ Mary would have liked to see Jim again, but to him, they were ships that passed in the night. □ When you travel a lot on business, your encounters are just so many ships that pass in the night.
<b>shirk one's duty</b> to neglect one's job or task. $\square$ <i>The guard was sacked for shirking his duty.</i> $\square$ <i>You cannot expect to continue shirking your duty without someone noticing.</i>
<b>short and sweet</b> brief (and pleasant because of briefness). $\Box$ <i>That was a good sermon—short and sweet.</i> $\Box$ <i>I don't care what you say, as long as you keep it short and sweet.</i>
<b>shot across the bows</b> something acting as a warning. (A naval term.) $\square$ The student was sent a letter warning him to attend lectures, but he ignored the shot across the bows. $\square$ Fred's solicitor sent Bob a letter as a shot across the bows to get him to pay the money he owed Fred.
<b>shot-gun wedding</b> a forced wedding. (Informal. From the bride's father having threatened the bridegroom with a shot-gun to force him to marry.) □ Mary was six months pregnant when she married Bill. It was a real shot-gun wedding. □ Bob would never have married Jane if she hadn't been pregnant. Jane's father saw to it that there was a shot-gun wedding.
<b>shot in the arm</b> a boost; something that gives someone energy. (Informal.) □ Thank you for cheering me up. Your visit was a real shot in the arm. □ Your friendly greeting card was just what I needed—a real shot in the arm.
<b>shot in the dark</b> a random or wild guess or try. (Informal.) $\Box$ I don't know how I guessed the right answer. It was just a shot in the dark. $\Box$ I was lucky to take on such a good worker as Sally. When I employed her, it was just a shot in the dark.
shove one's oar in See put one's oar in.
<b>show of hands</b> a vote expressed by people raising their hands. $\square$ We were asked to vote for the candidates for captain by a show of hands.

a show of hands, so that we could have a secret ballot.
<b>show oneself in one's true colours</b> to show what one is really like or what one is really thinking. $\square$ <i>Jane always pretends to be sweet and gentle, but she showed herself in her true colours when she lost the match.</i> $\square$ <i>Mary's drunken husband didn't show himself in his true colours until after they were married.</i>
<b>show one's hand</b> to reveal one's intentions to someone. (From card-games.) $\Box$ <i>I don't know whether Jim's intending to marry Jane or not. He's not one to show his hand.</i> $\Box$ <i>If you want to get a rise, don't show the boss your hand too soon.</i>
<b>show one's paces</b> to show what one can do; to demonstrate one's abilities. (From horses demonstrating their skill and speed.) $\Box$ The runners had to show their paces for a place in the relay team. $\Box$ All the singers had to show their paces to be selected for the choir.
<b>show one's teeth</b> to act in an angry or threatening manner. $\square$ We thought Bob was meek and mild, but he really showed his teeth when Jack insulted his girlfriend. $\square$ The enemy forces didn't expect the country they invaded to show its teeth.
<b>show the flag</b> to be present at a gathering just so that the organization to which one belongs will be represented, or just to show others that one has attended. (From a ship flying its country's flag.) $\Box$ The firm wants all the salesmen to attend the international conference in order to show the flag. $\Box$ As many as possible of the family should attend the wedding. We must show the flag.
<b>show the white feather</b> to reveal fear or cowardice. (From the fact that a white tail-feather was a sign of inferior breeding in a fighting cock.) $\Box$ <i>Jim showed the white feather by refusing to fight with Jack.</i> $\Box$ <i>The enemy army showed the white feather by running away.</i>
<b>shut up shop</b> to stop working or operating, for the day or forever. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>It's five o'clock. Time to shut up shop.</i> $\Box$ <i>I can't make any money in this town. The time has come to shut up shop and move to another town.</i>
<b>signed, sealed, and delivered</b> formally and officially signed; [for a formal document to be] executed. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Here is the deed</i>

to the property—signed, sealed, and delivered.  $\Box$  I can't begin work on this project until I have the contract signed, sealed, and delivered.

<b>sign one's own death-warrant</b> to do something that will lead to one's ruin, downfall, or death. (As if one were signing a paper which called for one's own death.) $\Box$ I wouldn't ever gamble a large sum of money. That would be signing my own death-warrant. $\Box$ The killer signed his own death-warrant when he walked into the police station and gave himself up.
<b>silly season</b> the time of year, usually in the summer, when there is a lack of important news, and newspapers contain articles about unimportant or trivial things instead. $\Box$ It must be the silly season. There's a story here about peculiarly shaped potatoes. $\Box$ There's a piece on the front page about people with big feet. Talk about the silly season.
since the year dot See from the year dot.
<b>sing someone's praises</b> to praise someone highly and enthusiastically. $\Box$ <i>The boss is singing the praises of his new secretary.</i> $\Box$ <i>The theatre critics are singing the praises of the young actor.</i>
<b>sink or swim</b> fail or succeed. $\square$ After I've studied and learned all I can, I have to take the test and sink or swim. $\square$ It's too late to help John now. It's sink or swim for him.
<b>sink our differences</b> to forget or to agree to set aside disagreements of opinion, attitude, etc. (Also with <i>their</i> or <i>your</i> , as in the examples.) □ We decided to sink our differences and try to be friends for Mary's sake. □ Individual members of the team must sink their differences and work for the success of the team. □ You two must sink your differences, or your marriage will fail.
<b>sit at someone's feet</b> to admire someone greatly; to be influenced by someone's teaching; to be taught by someone. □ <i>Jack sat at the feet of Picasso when he was studying in Europe.</i> □ <i>Tom would love to sit at the feet of the musician Yehudi Menuhin.</i>
<b>sit (idly) by</b> to remain inactive when other people are doing something; to ignore a situation which calls for help. $\Box$ <i>Bob sat idly by even though everyone else was hard at work.</i> $\Box$ <i>I can't sit by while all those people need food.</i>
<b>sit on one's hands</b> to do nothing; to fail to help. □ When we needed help from Mary, she just sat on her hands. □ We need the co-operation of everyone. You can't sit on your hands!
<b>sitting on a powder keg</b> in a risky or explosive situation; in a situation where something serious or dangerous may happen at any

time. $\square$ Things are very tense at work. The whole office is sitting on a powder keg. $\square$ The fire at the oilfield seems to be under control for now but all the workers there are sitting on a powder keg.
<b>(sitting) on top of the world</b> feeling wonderful; glorious; ecstatic $\square$ <i>Wow, I feel on top of the world.</i> $\square$ <i>Since he got a new job, he's or top of the world.</i> $\square$ <i>I've been sitting on top of the world all week because I passed my exams.</i>
<b>sitting pretty</b> living in comfort or luxury; in a good situation (Informal.) $\square$ <i>My uncle died and left enough money for me to be sitting pretty for the rest of my life.</i> $\square$ <i>Now that I have a good job, I'm sitting pretty.</i>
six of one and half a dozen of the other about the same one way or another. □ It doesn't matter to me which way you do it. It's six of one and half a dozen of the other. □ What difference does it makes They're both the same—six of one and half a dozen of the other.
<b>sixth sense</b> a supposed power to know or feel things that are not perceptible by the five senses of sight, hearing, smell, taste, and touch. $\Box$ <i>My sixth sense told me to avoid going home by my usual route Later I discovered there had been a fatal accident on it.</i> $\Box$ <i>Meg's sixth sense told her not to trust Tom, even though he seemed honest enough</i>
<b>skate over something</b> to pass lightly over something, trying to avoid drawing attention or avoid taking something into consideration. □ <i>Sally prefers to skate over her reasons for leaving her job.</i> □ <i>Meg skated over the reason for her quarrel with Dick.</i>
<b>(skating) on thin ice</b> in a risky situation. $\Box$ If you try that you'l really be on thin ice. That's too risky. $\Box$ You're skating on thin ice if you criticize the lecturer. He has a hot temper.
<b>skeleton in the cupboard</b> a hidden and shocking secret. (Ofter in the plural.) □ You can ask anyone about how reliable I am. I don't mind. I don't have any skeletons in the cupboard. □ My uncle was in jail for a day once. That's our family's only skeleton in the cupboard.
<b>slate something</b> to criticize something severely. □ <i>The critics slated the place.</i> □ <i>The teacher slated the pupil's performance.</i>
<b>slice of the cake</b> a share of something. $\Box$ There's not much work around and so everyone must get a slice of the cake. $\Box$ The firm make huge profits, and the workers want a slice of the cake.

<b>slip of the tongue</b> an error in speaking where a word is pronounced incorrectly, or where something is said which the speaker did not mean to say. $\Box$ <i>I didn't mean to tell her that. It was a slip of the tongue.</i> $\Box$ <i>I failed to understand the instructions because the speaker made a slip of the tongue at an important point.</i>
<b>small hours</b> the hours immediately after midnight. $\Box$ <i>The dance went on to the small hours.</i> $\Box$ <i>Jim goes to bed in the small hours and gets up at lunch-time.</i>
<b>smell of the lamp</b> [for a book] to show signs of being revised and researched carefully and to lack spontaneity. $\Box$ I preferred her earlier spontaneous novels. The later ones smell of the lamp. $\Box$ The student has done a lot of research, but has few original ideas. His essay smells of the lamp.
<b>snake in the grass</b> a low and deceitful person. □ Sally said that Bob couldn't be trusted because he was a snake in the grass. □ "You snake in the grass!" cried Sally. "You cheated me."
<b>something sticks in one's craw</b> something bothers one. $\Box$ <i>Her criticism stuck in my craw.</i> $\Box$ <i>I knew that everything I said would stick in his craw and upset him.</i>
sort the men from the boys See separate the men from the boys.
<b>speak of the devil</b> said when someone whose name has just been mentioned appears or is heard from. □ Well, speak of the devil! Hello, Tom. We were just talking about you. □ I had just mentioned Sally when—speak of the devil—she walked in the door.
<b>speak one's mind</b> to say frankly what one thinks (about something). □ Please let me speak my mind, and then you can do whatever you wish. □ You can always depend on John to speak his mind. He'll let you know what he really thinks.
<b>speak out of turn</b> to say something unwise or imprudent; to say something at the wrong time. $\square$ <i>Excuse me if I'm speaking out of turn, but what you are proposing is quite wrong.</i> $\square$ <i>What Bob said about the boss was true, even though he was speaking out of turn.</i>
<b>speak the same language</b> [for people] to have similar ideas, tastes, etc. □ Jane and Jack get along very well. They really speak the same language about almost everything. □ Bob and his father don't speak the same language when it comes to politics

admission to the cubicles in public lavatories.) $\square$ <i>Stop the car. The little girl needs to spend a penny.</i> $\square$ <i>The station toilets are closed and I have to spend a penny.</i>
<b>spick and span</b> very clean. (Informal.) $\Box$ I have to clean up the house and get it spick and span for the party on Friday night. $\Box$ I love to have everything around me spick and span.
<b>spike someone's guns</b> to spoil someone's plans; to make it impossible for someone to carry out a course of action. (From driving a metal spike into the touch-hole of an enemy gun to render it useless.) $\square$ The boss was going to sack Sally publicly, but she spiked his guns by resigning. $\square$ Jack intended borrowing his father's car when he was away, but his father spiked his guns by locking it in the garage.
spill the beans See let the cat out of the bag.
<b>splash out on something</b> to spend a lot of money on something in an extravagant way. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>Jack splashed out on a new car that he couldn't afford.</i> $\Box$ <i>Let's splash out on a really good meal out.</i>
<b>split hairs</b> to quibble; to try to make petty distinctions. □ <i>They don't have any serious differences. They are just splitting hairs.</i> □ <i>Don't waste time splitting hairs.</i> Accept it the way it is.
<b>split the difference</b> to divide the difference (with someone else). $\Box$ You want to sell for £120, and I want to buy for £100. Let's split the difference and close the deal at £110. $\Box$ I don't want to split the difference. I want £120.
<b>spoil the ship for a ha'porth of tar</b> to risk ruining something valuable by not buying something relatively inexpensive but essential for it. ( <i>Ha'porth</i> is a halfpenny's worth. From the use of tar to make boats watertight.) $\square$ <i>Meg spent a lot of money on a new dress but refused to buy shoes. She certainly spoilt the ship for a ha'porth of tar.</i> $\square$ <i>Bob bought a new car but doesn't get it serviced because it's too expensive. He'll spoil the ship for a ha'porth of tar.</i>
<b>spoon-feed</b> to treat someone with too much care or help; to teach someone with methods that are too easy and do not stimulate the learner to independent thinking. $\Box$ The teacher spoon-feeds the pupils by dictation notes on the novel instead of getting the children to read the books themselves. $\Box$ You mustn't spoon-feed the new recruits by telling them what to do all the time. They must use their initiative.

<b>sporting chance</b> a reasonably good chance. $\Box$ <i>If you hurry, you have a sporting chance of catching the bus.</i> $\Box$ <i>The firm has only a sporting chance of getting the export order.</i>
<b>spot on</b> exactly right or accurate. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Jack's assessment of the state of the firm was spot on.</i> $\square$ <i>Mary's description of the stolen car was spot on.</i>
<b>spread oneself too thin</b> to do too many things, so that one can do none of them well. $\Box$ <i>It's a good idea to get involved in a lot of activities, but don't spread yourself too thin.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'm too busy these days. I'm afraid I've spread myself too thin.</i>
<b>square deal</b> a fair and honest transaction; fair treatment. (Informal.) $\square$ All the workers want is a square deal, but their boss underpays them. $\square$ You always get a square deal with that travel firm.
<b>square meal</b> a nourishing, filling meal. (Informal.) $\square$ All you've eaten today is junk food. You should sit down to a square meal. $\square$ The tramp hadn't had a square meal in weeks.
<b>square peg in a round hole</b> a misfit; one who is poorly adapted to one's surroundings. $\Box$ <i>John just can't seem to get along with the people he works with. He's just a square peg in a round hole.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'm not a square peg in a round hole. It's just that no one understands me.</i>
stack the cards (against someone or something) to arrange things against someone or something; to make it difficult for someone to succeed. (Informal. Originally from card-playing. Usually in the passive.) □ I can't make any progress at my office. The cards are stacked against me. □ The cards seem to be stacked against me. I am having very bad luck.
<b>stand a chance</b> to have a chance. $\square$ Do you think I stand a chance of winning first place? $\square$ Everyone stands a chance of catching the disease.
<b>stand corrected</b> to admit that one has been wrong. $\Box$ <i>I realize that I accused him wrongly. I stand corrected.</i> $\Box$ <i>We appreciate now that our conclusions were wrong. We stand corrected.</i>
<b>stand down</b> to withdraw from a competition or a position. $\Box$ <i>John has stood down from the election for president of the club.</i> $\Box$ <i>It is time</i>

our chairman stood down and made room for a younger person.

<b>standing joke</b> a subject that regularly and over a period of time causes amusement whenever it is mentioned. □ <i>Uncle Jim's driving was a standing joke. He used to drive incredibly slowly.</i> □ <i>Their mother's inability to make a decision was a standing joke in the Smith family all their lives.</i>
<b>stand on ceremony</b> to hold rigidly to formal manners. (Often in the negative.) □ Please help yourself to more. Don't stand on ceremony. □ We are very informal around here. Hardly anyone stands on ceremony.
<b>stand someone in good stead</b> to be useful or beneficial to someone. □ This is a fine overcoat. I'm sure it'll stand you in good stead for many years. □ I did the managing director a favour which I'm sure will stand me in good stead.
<b>stand to reason</b> to seem reasonable; [for a fact or conclusion] to survive careful or logical evaluation. $\Box$ <i>It stands to reason that it'll be colder in January than it is in June.</i> $\Box$ <i>It stands to reason that Bill left in a hurry, because he didn't pack his clothes.</i>
<b>start (off) with a clean slate</b> to start out again afresh; to ignore the past and start over again. □ <i>James started off with a clean slate when he went to a new school.</i> □ <i>When Bob got out of jail, he started off with a clean slate.</i>
start the ball rolling and get the ball rolling; set the ball rolling to start something; to get some process going; to get a discussion started. $\Box$ If I could just get the ball rolling, then other people would help. $\Box$ Jack started the ball rolling by asking for volunteers. Also: keep the ball rolling $\Box$ Tom started the project, and we kept the ball rolling.
stay the distance See go the distance.
<b>steal a march on someone</b> to get some sort of an advantage over someone without being noticed. $\Box$ <i>I got the contract because I was able to steal a march on my competitor.</i> $\Box$ <i>You have to be clever and fast to steal a march on anyone.</i>
steal someone's thunder to prevent someone from receiving the

public recognition expected upon the announcement of an achievement, by making the announcement in public before the intended receiver of the recognition can do so.  $\Box$  *I stole Mary's thunder by telling her friends about Mary's engagement to Tom before she could do* 

so herself. $\square$ Someone stole my thunder by leaking my announcement to the press.
<b>steal the show</b> to give the best or most popular performance in a show, play, or some other event; to get attention for oneself. $\Box$ The lead in the play was very good, but the butler stole the show. $\Box$ Ann always tries to steal the show when she and I make a presentation.
<b>step into dead men's shoes</b> AND <b>fill dead men's shoes</b> to take over the job or position of someone who has died; to gain an advantage by someone's death. □ <i>The only hope of promotion in that firm is to step into dead men's shoes.</i> □ <i>Jack and Ben are both going out with rich widows. They hope to fill dead men's shoes.</i>
<b>step in(to the breach)</b> to move into a space or vacancy; to fulfil a needed role or function that has been left vacant. $\square$ When Ann resigned as president, I stepped into the breach. $\square$ A number of people asked me to step into the breach and take her place.
step on someone's toes AND tread on someone's toes to interfere with or offend someone. (Also used literally. Note example with anyone.) □ When you're in public office, you have to avoid stepping on anyone's toes. □ Ann trod on someone's toes during the last campaign and lost the election.
<b>stew in one's own juice</b> to be left alone to suffer one's anger or disappointment. (Informal.) $\square$ John has such a terrible temper. When he got angry with us, we just let him go away and stew in his own juice. $\square$ After John stewed in his own juice for a while, he decided to come back and apologize to us.
<b>stick it out</b> to put up with or endure a situation, however difficult. (Informal.) $\Box$ This job's boring, but we're sticking it out until we find something more interesting. $\Box$ I know the children are being annoying, but can you stick it out until their mother returns?
<b>stick one's neck out</b> to take a risk. (Informal.) $\square$ Why should I stick my neck out to do something for her? What's she ever done for me? $\square$ He made a risky investment. He stuck his neck out because he thought he could make some money.
stick one's oar in See put one's oar in.
<b>stick out like a sore thumb</b> to be very prominent or unsightly; to be very obvious. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>Bob is so tall that he sticks out like</i>

a sore thumb in a crowd. $\square$ The house next door needs painting. It sticks out like a sore thumb.
<b>stick to one's guns</b> to remain firm in one's opinions and convictions; to stand up for one's rights. (Informal.) $\Box$ I'll stick to my guns on this matter. I'm sure I'm right. $\Box$ Bob can be persuaded to do it our way. He probably won't stick to his guns on this point.
<b>stir up a hornets' nest</b> to create trouble or difficulties. $\square$ <i>By finding pupils copying from each other, you've really stirred up a hornets' nest.</i> $\square$ <i>Bill stirred up a hornets' nest when he discovered the theft.</i>
<b>storm in a teacup</b> an uproar about something trivial or unimportant. □ <i>This isn't a serious problem</i> — <i>just a storm in a teacup.</i> □ <i>Even a storm in a teacup can take a lot of time to get settled.</i>
<b>straight away</b> right away; immediately, without thinking or considering. $\square$ We'll have to go straight away. $\square$ Straight away I knew something was wrong.
<b>straight from the shoulder</b> sincerely; frankly; holding nothing back. □ Sally always speaks straight from the shoulder. You never have to guess what she really means. □ Bill told the staff the financial facts—straight from the shoulder and brief.
<b>straw in the wind</b> an indication or sign of what might happen in the future. □ The student's argument with the lecturer was a straw in the wind in terms of student-teacher relations. The students are planning a strike. □ Two or three people getting the sack represents just a straw in the wind. I think the whole work-force will have to go.
<b>stretch one's legs</b> to walk around after sitting down or lying down for a time. (Informal.) $\square$ We wanted to stretch our legs during the theatre interval. $\square$ After sitting in the car all day, the travellers decided to stretch their legs.
<b>strike a bargain</b> to reach an agreement on a price (for something). $\Box$ They argued for a while and finally struck a bargain. $\Box$ They were unable to strike a bargain, so they left.
<b>strike a chord</b> to cause someone to remember [someone or something]; to remind someone of [someone or something]; to be familiar. □ <i>The woman in the portrait struck a chord, and I realized that she was my grandmother.</i> □ <i>His name strikes a chord, but I don't know why.</i>

<b>strike a happy medium</b> to find a compromise position; to arrive at a position half-way between two unacceptable extremes. □ Ann likes very spicy food, but Bob doesn't care for spicy food at all. We are trying to find a restaurant which strikes a happy medium. □ Tom is either very happy or very sad. He can't seem to strike a happy medium.
<b>strike the right note</b> to achieve the desired effect; to do something suitable or pleasing. (A musical reference.) $\square$ <i>Meg struck the right note when she wore a dark suit to the interview.</i> $\square$ <i>The politician's speech failed to strike the right note with the crowd.</i>
<b>strike while the iron is hot</b> to do something at the best possible time; to do something when the time is ripe. $\Box$ <i>He was in a good mood, so I asked for a loan of £200. I thought I'd better strike while the iron was hot.</i> $\Box$ <i>Please go to the bank and settle this matter now! They are willing to be reasonable. You've got to strike while the iron is hot.</i>
<b>stuff and nonsense</b> nonsense. (Informal.) $\square$ Come on! Don't give me all that stuff and nonsense! $\square$ I don't understand this book. It's all stuff and nonsense as far as I am concerned.
<b>stumbling-block</b> something that prevents or obstructs progress. □ We'd like to buy that house, but the high price is the stumbling-block. □ Jim's age is a stumbling-block to getting another job. He's over sixty.
<b>sugar the pill</b> AND <b>sweeten the pill</b> to make something unpleasant more pleasant. (From the sugar coating on some pills to disguise the bitter taste of the medicine.) □ <i>Mary's parents wouldn't let her go out and tried to sugar the pill by inviting some of her friends around.</i> □ <i>Tom hated boarding-school and his parents tried to sweeten the pill by giving him a lot of pocket-money.</i>
suit someone down to the ground See suit someone to a T.
<b>suit someone to a T</b> AND <b>suit someone down to the ground</b> to be very appropriate for someone. □ <i>This kind of employment suits me to a T.</i> □ <i>This is Sally's kind of house. It suits her down to the ground.</i>
<b>survival of the fittest</b> the idea that the most able or fit will survive (while the less able and less fit will perish). (This is used literally as a part of the theory of evolution.) $\Box$ <i>In college, it's the survival of the fittest. You have to keep working in order to survive and graduate.</i>

$\Box$ I don't look after my house-plants very well, but the ones I have are really flourishing. It's the survival of the fittest, I suppose.
<b>swallow one's pride</b> to forget one's pride and accept something humiliating. $\Box$ <i>I had to swallow my pride and admit that I was wrong.</i> $\Box$ <i>When you're a pupil, you find yourself swallowing your pride quite often.</i>
<b>swallow something hook, line, and sinker</b> to believe something completely. (Informal. These terms refer to fishing and fooling a fish into being caught.) $\Box$ <i>I made up a story about why I was so late. They all swallowed it hook, line, and sinker.</i> $\Box$ <i>I feel like a fool. I swallowed the trick hook, line, and sinker.</i>
<b>swan around</b> to go around in an idle and irresponsible way. (Informal.) $\square$ Mrs. Smith's swanning around abroad while her husband's in hospital here. $\square$ Mary's not looking for a job. She's just swanning around visiting all her friends.
<b>swan-song</b> the last work or performance of a playwright, musician, actor, etc., before death or retirement. $\Box$ <i>His portrayal of Lear was the actor's swan-song.</i> $\Box$ <i>We didn't know that her performance last night was the singer's swan-song.</i>
sweep something under the carpet and brush something under the carpet to try to hide something unpleasant, shameful, etc., from the attention of others. □ The boss said he couldn't sweep the theft under the carpet, that he'd have to call in the police. □ The headmaster tried to brush the children's truancy under the carpet, but the inspector wanted to investigate it.
sweeten the pill See sugar the pill.
<b>swim against the tide</b> to do the opposite of what everyone else does; to go against the trend. $\square$ Bob tends to do what everybody else does. He isn't likely to swim against the tide. $\square$ Mary always swims against the tide. She's a very contrary person.



tail wagging the dog a situation where a small or minor part is controlling the whole thing. $\Box$ John was just employed yesterday, and today he's bossing everyone around. It's a case of the tail wagging the dog. $\Box$ Why is this minor matter being given so much importance? It the tail wagging the dog!
take a leaf out of someone's book to behave or to do some thing in the way that someone else would; to use someone as an example.   Take a leaf out of your brother's book and work hard.   Eventually June took a leaf out of her friend's book and started dressing smartly.
take a stab at something to make a try at something, sometime without much hope of success. (Informal. Also with have.) $\Box$ I don't know if I can do it, but I'll take a stab at it. $\Box$ Come on, Mary. Take a stab at catching a fish. You might end up liking fishing. $\Box$ Would wou like to have a stab at this problem?
take leave of one's senses to become irrational. $\square$ What are you doing? Have you taken leave of your senses? $\square$ What a terrible situation! It's enough to make one take leave of one's senses.
take one's medicine to accept the punishment or the bad fortunation one deserves. $\Box$ I know I did wrong, and I know I have to take my medicine. $\Box$ Billy knew he was going to be punished, and he didniwant to take his medicine.
take someone down a peg (or two) to reprimand someone who is acting in too arrogant a way. (Informal.) $\Box$ The teacher's scolding took Bob down a peg or two. $\Box$ He was so rude that someone was bound to take him down a peg.
take someone to task to scold or reprimand someone. $\Box$ The teacher took John to task for his bad behaviour. $\Box$ I lost a big contract

and the managing director took me to task in front of everyone.

<b>take something as read</b> to assume something or regard something as being understood and accepted without reading it out, stating it, or checking it. $\Box$ <i>Can we take the minutes of the meeting as read, or should I read them?</i> $\Box$ <i>I think we can take their agreement as read, but I'll check with them if you like.</i>
<b>take something in one's stride</b> to accept something as natural or expected. □ <i>The argument surprised him, but he took it in his stride.</i> □ <i>It was a very rude remark, but Mary took it in her stride.</i>
<b>take something lying down</b> to endure something unpleasant without fighting back. $\Box$ He insulted me publicly. You don't expect me to take that lying down, do you? $\Box$ I'm not the kind of person who'll take something like that lying down.
<b>take something on the chin</b> to experience and endure a blow stoically. (Informal.) $\Box$ The bad news was a real shock, but John took it on the chin. $\Box$ The worst luck comes my way, but I always end up taking it on the chin.
<b>take something to heart</b> to take something very seriously. $\square$ <i>John took the criticism to heart and made an honest effort to improve.</i> $\square$ <i>I know Bob said a lot of cruel things to you, but he was angry. You shouldn't take those things to heart.</i>
<b>take the rough with the smooth</b> to accept the bad things along with the good things. $\square$ We all have disappointments. You have to learn to take the rough with the smooth. $\square$ There are good days and bad days, but every day you take the rough with the smooth. That's life.
take the wind out of someone's sails to put an end to someone's boasting or arrogance and make the person feel embarrassed; to take an advantage away from someone. (Informal.) □ John was bragging about how much money he earned until he learned that most of us make more. That took the wind out of his sails. □ Learning that one has been totally wrong about something can really take the wind out of one's sails.
take the words (right) out of one's mouth [for someone else]

**take someone under one's wing** to take over and care for a person.  $\Box$  *John wasn't doing well at school until an older pupil took him under her wing.*  $\Box$  *I took the new workers under my wing, and they* 

learned the job in no time.

going to say. He took the words out of my mouth. $\Box$ I agree with you. You took the words right out of my mouth.
<b>take up the cudgels on behalf of someone or something</b> to support or defend someone or something. $\square$ We'll have to take up the cudgels on behalf of Jim or he'll lose the debate. $\square$ Meg has taken up the cudgels on behalf of an environmental movement.
<b>talking-shop</b> a place or meeting where things are discussed, but action may or may not be taken. (Informal.) $\square$ Many people think the City Chambers is just a talking-shop. $\square$ The firm's board meeting is always just a talking-shop. The chairman makes all the decisions himself.
<b>talk nineteen to the dozen</b> to talk a lot, usually quickly. (Informal.) $\Box$ The old friends talk nineteen to the dozen when they meet once a year. $\Box$ You won't get Jean to stop chattering. She always talks nineteen to the dozen.
<b>talk of the town</b> the subject of gossip; someone or something that everyone is talking about. $\Box$ <i>Joan's argument with the town council is the talk of the town.</i> $\Box$ <i>Fred's father is the talk of the town since the police arrested him.</i>
<b>talk through one's hat</b> to talk nonsense. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>John doesn't know anything about gardening. He's just talking through his hat.</i> $\square$ <i>Jean said that the Smiths are emigrating, but she's talking through her hat.</i>
<b>talk until one is blue in the face</b> to talk until one is exhausted. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I talked until I was blue in the face, but I couldn't change her mind.</i> $\Box$ <i>She had to talk until she was blue in the face to convince him.</i>
<b>tarred with the same brush</b> having the same faults or bad points as someone else. $\Box$ <i>Jack and his brother are tarred with the same brush.</i> They're both crooks. $\Box$ The Smith children are tarred with the same brush. They're all lazy.
<b>teach one's grandmother to suck eggs</b> to try to tell or show someone more knowledgeable or experienced than oneself how to do something. $\square$ <i>Don't suggest showing Mary how to knit. It will be teaching your grandmother to suck eggs. She's an expert.</i> $\square$ <i>Don't teach</i>

your grandmother to suck eggs. Jack has been playing tennis for years.

<b>Tell it to the marines.</b> And <b>Tell that to the marines.</b> I do not believe you (maybe the marines will). (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>That's silly. Tell it to the marines.</i> $\Box$ <i>I don't care how good you think your reason is. Tell that to the marines!</i>
<b>tell tales out of school</b> to tell secrets or spread rumours. (Does not refer only to schoolchildren.) $\Box$ <i>I wish that John would keep quiet.</i> He's telling tales out of school again. $\Box$ If you tell tales out of school a lot, people won't know when to believe you.
ten a penny See two a penny.
<b>thank one's lucky stars</b> to be thankful for one's luck. (Informal.) $\square$ You can thank your lucky stars that I was there to help you. $\square$ I thank my lucky stars that I studied the right things for the test.
<b>thick and fast</b> in large numbers or amounts and at a rapid rate. $\Box$ <i>The enemy soldiers came thick and fast.</i> $\Box$ <i>New problems seem to come thick and fast.</i>
<b>thick-skinned</b> not easily upset or hurt; insensitive. $\square$ <i>Tom won't worry about your insults. He's completely thick-skinned.</i> $\square$ <i>Jane's so thick-skinned she didn't realize Fred was being rude to her.</i>
thin end of the wedge a minor or unimportant event or act that is the first stage in something more serious or unfortunate. □ If you let Pam stay for a few days, it will be the thin end of the wedge. She'll stay for ages. □ The boss thinks that if he gives his secretary a rise, it will be the thin end of the wedge and all the staff will demand the same.
<b>thin on the ground</b> few in number; rare. $\Box$ <i>Jobs in that area are thin on the ground.</i> $\Box$ <i>Butterflies are thin on the ground here now.</i>
<b>thin-skinned</b> easily upset or hurt; sensitive. $\square$ You'll have to handle Mary's mother carefully. She's very thin-skinned. $\square$ Jane weeps easily when people tease her. She's too thin-skinned.
<b>through hell and high water</b> through all sorts of severe difficulties. (Informal.) $\Box$ I came through hell and high water to get to this meeting. Why don't you start on time? $\Box$ You'll have to go through hell and high water to accomplish your goal, but it'll be worth it.
<b>through thick and thin</b> through good times and bad times. (Informal.) $\square$ <i>We've been together through thick and thin and we won't desert</i>

each other now. $\square$ Over the years, we went through thick and thin and enjoyed every minute of it.
<b>throw a fit</b> to become very angry; to put on a display of anger. $\square$ Sally threw a fit when I showed up without the things she asked me to buy. $\square$ My dad threw a fit when I got home three hours late.
<b>throw a party (for someone)</b> to give or hold a party for someone. $\square$ <i>Mary was leaving town, so we threw a party for her.</i> $\square$ <i>Do you know a place where we could throw a party?</i>
<b>throw a spanner in the works</b> to cause problems for someone's plans. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I don't want to throw a spanner in the works, but have you checked your plans with a solicitor?</i> $\Box$ <i>When John refused to help us, he really threw a spanner in the works.</i>
<b>throw caution to the winds</b> to become very careless. $\square$ <i>Jane, who is usually quite cautious, threw caution to the winds and went wind-surfing.</i> $\square$ <i>I don't mind taking a little chance now and then, but I'm not the type of person who throws caution to the winds.</i>
<b>throw cold water on something</b> See pour cold water on something.
<b>throw down the gauntlet</b> to challenge (someone) to an argument or (figurative) combat. $\square$ When Bob challenged my conclusions, he threw down the gauntlet. I was ready for an argument. $\square$ Frowning at Bob is the same as throwing down the gauntlet. He loves to get into a fight about anything.
<b>throw good money after bad</b> to waste additional money after wasting money once. $\Box$ I bought a used car and then had to spend £300 on repairs. That was throwing good money after bad. $\Box$ The Browns are always throwing good money after bad. They bought a plot of land which turned out to be swamp, and then had to pay to have it filled in.
<b>throw in one's hand</b> to give up or abandon a course of action. (From a player giving up in a card-game.) $\Box$ <i>I got tired of the ten-</i>
nis competition and threw in my hand. $\square$ John spent only one year at university and then threw in his hand.

someone severely.  $\square$  *I made the police officer angry, so he took me to* 

the station and threw the book at me. $\square$ The judge threatened to throw the book at me if I didn't stop insulting the police officer.
<b>thumb a lift</b> AND <b>hitch a lift</b> to get a lift from a passing motorist; to make a sign with one's thumb that indicates to passing drivers that one is asking for a lift. $\Box$ My car broke down on the motorway, and I had to thumb a lift to get back to town. $\Box$ Sometimes it's dangerous to hitch a lift with a stranger.
<b>thumb one's nose at someone or something</b> to make a rude gesture of disgust—touching the end of one's nose with one's thumb—at someone or something. (Both literal and figurative uses.) □ <i>The tramp thumbed his nose at the lady and walked away.</i> □ <i>You can't just thumb your nose at people who give you trouble. You've got to learn to get along with them.</i>
<b>tickle someone's fancy</b> to interest someone; to attract someone. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I have an interesting proposal here which I think will tickle your fancy.</i> $\Box$ <i>The idea of dancing doesn't exactly tickle my fancy.</i>
<b>tick over</b> to move along at a quiet, even pace, without either stopping or going quickly. (Informal. From an engine ticking over.) □ The firm didn't make large profits, but it's ticking over. □ We must try to keep our finances ticking over until the recession ends.
<b>tied to one's mother's apron-strings</b> dominated by one's mother; dependent on one's mother. $\Box$ <i>Tom is still tied to his mother's apron-strings.</i> $\Box$ <i>Isn't he a little old to be tied to his mother's apron-strings?</i>
<b>tie someone in knots</b> to make someone confused or upset. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>The speaker tied herself in knots trying to explain her difficult subject in simple language.</i> $\Box$ <i>I was trying to be tactful, but I just tied myself in knots.</i>
<b>tie the knot</b> to get married. (Informal.) $\square$ Well, I hear that you and John are going to tie the knot. $\square$ My parents tied the knot almost forty years ago.
<b>tighten one's belt</b> to manage to spend less money. (Informal.) □ Things are beginning to cost more and more. It looks as though we'll all have to tighten our belts. □ Times are hard, and prices are high. I can tighten my belt for only so long.
<b>till the cows come home</b> for a very long time. (Cows are returned to the barn at the end of the day. Informal.) $\square$ <i>We could discuss this</i>

until the cows come home and still reach no decisions. $\Box$ He could drink beer until the cows come home.
<b>time out of mind</b> for a very long time; longer than anyone can remember. □ <i>There has been a church in the village time out of mind.</i> □ <i>The Smith family have lived in that house time out of mind.</i>
<b>tip someone the wink</b> to give someone privileged or useful information in a secret or private manner. (Informal.) $\Box$ John tipped Mary the wink that there was a vacancy in his department. $\Box$ Jack got his new house at a good price. A friend tipped him the wink that it was going on the market.
<b>tip the scales at something</b> to weigh some amount. $\Box$ <i>Tom tips the scales at nearly 14 stone.</i> $\Box$ <i>I'll be glad when I tip the scales at a few pounds less.</i>
<b>toe the line</b> to do what one is expected or required to do; to follow the rules. (Informal.) $\square$ You'll get ahead, Sally. Don't worry. Just toe the line, and everything will be okay. $\square$ John finally got the sack. He just couldn't learn to toe the line.
<b>tongue-in-cheek</b> insincere; joking. $\square$ Ann made a tongue-in-cheek remark to John, and he got angry because he thought she was serious. $\square$ The play seemed very serious at first, but then everyone saw that it was tongue-in-cheek, and the audience began laughing.
<b>to the bitter end</b> to the very end. (Originally nautical. This originally had nothing to do with bitterness.) $\Box$ <i>I kept trying to the bitter end.</i> $\Box$ <i>It took me a long time to get through college, but I worked hard at it all the way to the bitter end.</i>
<b>to the letter</b> exactly as instructed; exactly as written. $\Box$ <i>I didn't</i> make an error. I followed your instructions to the letter. $\Box$ We didn't prepare the recipe to the letter, but the cake still turned out very well.
<b>touch-and-go</b> very uncertain or critical. $\square$ Things were touch-and-go at the office until a new manager was employed. $\square$ Jane had a serious operation, and everything was touch-and-go for several hours.
touch a sore point See touch a sore spot.
<b>touch a sore spot</b> AND <b>touch a sore point</b> to refer to a sensitive matter which will upset someone. (Also used literally.) $\Box$ <i>I seem to have touched a sore spot</i> $I'm$ sorry $I$ didn't mean to upset you $\Box$ When

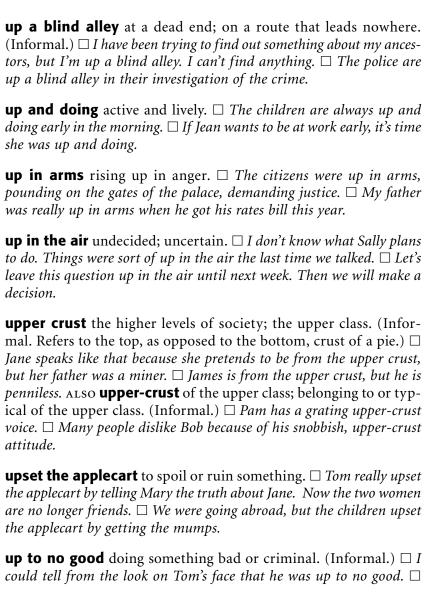
you talk to him, avoid talking about money. It's best not to touch a sore point if possible.
<b>touch wood</b> a phrase said to cancel out imaginary bad luck. $\square$ <i>My stereo has never given me any trouble—touch wood.</i> $\square$ <i>We plan to be in London by tomorrow evening—touch wood.</i>
<b>trade on something</b> to use a fact or a situation to one's advantage. $\Box$ <i>Tom was able to trade on the fact that he had once been in the army.</i> $\Box$ <i>John traded on his poor eyesight to get a seat closer to the stage.</i>
tread on someone's toes See step on someone's toes.
<b>true to one's word</b> keeping one's promise. $\square$ <i>True to his word, Tom appeared at exactly eight o'clock.</i> $\square$ <i>We'll soon know if Jane is true to her word. We'll see if she does what she promised.</i>
<b>try it on</b> to behave in a bold, disobedient, or unlawful manner to discover whether such behaviour will be allowed. (Informal.) $\square$ Tony knew he wouldn't get away with working only four days a week. He was just trying it on by asking the boss. $\square$ The children really try it on when their mother's out.
<b>try one's wings</b> to try to do something one has recently become qualified to do. (Like a young bird uses its wings to try to fly.) $\square$ <i>John just got his driver's licence and wants to borrow the car to try his wings.</i> $\square$ <i>I learned to skin-dive, and I want to go to the seaside to try my wings.</i>
<b>try someone's patience</b> to do something annoying which may cause someone to lose patience; to cause someone to be annoyed. $\square$ <i>Stop whistling. You're trying my patience. Very soon I'm going to lose my temper.</i> $\square$ <i>Some pupils think it's fun to try the teacher's patience.</i>
<b>tuck into something</b> to eat something with hunger and enjoyment. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>The children really tucked into the icecream.</i> $\Box$ <i>Jean would like to have tucked into the cream cakes, but she's on a strict diet.</i>
<b>tumble to something</b> suddenly to understand or realize something. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I suddenly tumbled to the reason for his behaviour.</i> $\Box$ <i>When will Meg tumble to the fact that her husband is dishonest?</i>
<b>turn a blind eye to someone or something</b> to ignore something and pretend you do not see it.   — The usherette turned a blind eye to

the little boy who sneaked into the theatre. $\square$ How can you turn a blind eye to all those starving children?
<b>turn someone's head</b> to make someone conceited. □ <i>John's compliments really turned Sally's head.</i> □ <i>Victory in the competition is bound to turn Tom's head.</i> He'll think he's too good for us.
<b>turn something to good account</b> to use something in such a way that it is to one's advantage; to make good use of a situation, experience, etc. $\square$ <i>Pam turned her illness to good account and did a lot of reading.</i> $\square$ <i>Many people turn their retirement to good account and take up interesting hobbies.</i>
<b>turn something to one's advantage</b> to make an advantage for oneself out of something (which might otherwise be a disadvantage). $\square$ Sally found a way to turn the problem to her advantage. $\square$ The icecream shop manager was able to turn the hot weather to her advantage.
<b>turn the other cheek</b> to choose not to respond to abuse or to an insult. $\square$ <i>When Bob got angry with Mary and shouted at her, she just turned the other cheek.</i> $\square$ <i>Usually I turn the other cheek when someone is rude to me.</i>
<b>turn the tables (on someone)</b> to cause a reversal in someone's plans; to reverse a situation and put someone in a different position, especially in a less advantageous position. $\Box$ <i>I went to Jane's house to help get ready for a surprise party for Bob. It turned out that the surprise party was for me! Jane really turned the tables on me!</i> $\Box$ <i>Turning the tables like that requires a lot of planning and a lot of secrecy.</i>
<b>turn the tide</b> to cause a reversal in the direction of events; to cause a reversal in public opinion. $\Box$ It looked as though the team was going to lose, but near the end of the game, our star player turned the tide by scoring a goal. $\Box$ At first, people were opposed to our plan. After a lot of discussion, we were able to turn the tide and get them to agree with us.
<b>turn turtle</b> to turn upside down. $\Box$ The boat turned turtle, and everyone got soaked. $\Box$ The car ran off the road and turned turtle in the ditch.
<b>turn up trumps</b> to do the right or required thing, often unexpectedly or at the last minute. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I thought our team would</i>

let us down, but they turned up trumps in the second half of the match.

two can play at that game See under game at which two can play.
<b>two a penny</b> AND <b>ten a penny</b> very common; easily obtained and therefore cheap. $\square$ <i>People with qualifications like yours are two a penny. You should take another training course.</i> $\square$ <i>Flats to rent here are no longer two a penny.</i>
☐ We always thought the boss was mean, but he turned up trumps and made a large contribution to Mary's leaving present.





There are three boys in the front garden. I don't know what they are doing, but I think they are up to no good.

**use every trick in the book** to use every method possible. (Informal.)  $\Box$  *I used every trick in the book, but I still couldn't manage to get a ticket to the game on Saturday.*  $\Box$  *Bob used every trick in the book to get Mary to go out with him, but he still failed. She simply refuses to go out with him.* 



**vanish into thin air** to disappear without leaving a trace.  $\square$  My money gets spent so fast. It seems to vanish into thin air.  $\square$  When I came back, my car was gone. I had locked it, and it couldn't have vanished into thin air! vent one's spleen to get rid of one's feelings of anger caused by someone or something by attacking someone or something else.  $\Box$ Because Jack didn't get the job, he was angry, and he vented his spleen by shouting at his wife.  $\square$  Peter kicked his car to vent his spleen for losing the race. **vexed question** a difficult problem about which there is a lot of discussion without a solution being found. 

— The two brothers quarrelled over the vexed question of which of them should take charge of their father's firm. 

We've seen a house that we like, but there's the vexed question of where we'll get the money from. **villain of the piece** someone or something that is responsible for something bad or wrong.  $\square$  *I wondered who told the newspapers about* the local scandal. I discovered that Joan was the villain of the piece.  $\Box$ We couldn't think who had stolen the meat. The dog next door turned out to be the villain of the piece.



t j	waiting in the wings ready or prepared to do something, especially to take over someone else's job or position. (From waiting at the side of the stage to go on.) $\square$ Mr. Smith retires as manager next evear, and Mr. Jones is just waiting in the wings. $\square$ Jane was waiting in the wings, hoping that a member of the hockey team would drop out and she would get a place on the team.
t	walk a tightrope to be in a situation where one must be very cautious.   I've been walking a tightrope all day trying to please both bosses. I need to relax.   Our business is about to fail. We've been walking a tightrope for three months, trying to control our cash flow.
(	<b>walk on air</b> to be very happy; to be euphoric. $\square$ Ann was walking on air when she got the job. $\square$ On the last day of school, all the children are walking on air.
[	<b>walk on eggs</b> to be very cautious. (Informal. Never used literally.) $\square$ The manager is very hard to deal with. You really have to walk on eggs. $\square$ I've been walking on eggs ever since I started working here. There's a very large staff turnover.
1	<b>walls have ears</b> we may be overheard. $\square$ Let's not discuss this matter here. Walls have ears, you know. $\square$ Shhh. Walls have ears. Someone may be listening.
1	want it both ways to want to have both of two seemingly incompatible things; to want to have it both ways. □ John wants it both ways. He can't have it both ways. □ You like marriage and you like freedom. You want it both ways.
1	warm the cockles of someone's heart to make someone feel pleased and happy.   It warms the cockles of my heart to hear you say that.   Hearing that old song again warmed the cockles of her heart.
	warts and all including all the faults and disadvantages. $\Box$ Jim has many faults, but Jean loves him, warts and all. $\Box$ The place where we

went on holiday had some very run-down parts, but we liked it, warts and all.
<b>water under the bridge</b> [something] past and forgotten. $\square$ <i>Please don't worry about it any more. It's all water under the bridge.</i> $\square$ <i>I can't change the past. It's water under the bridge.</i>
<b>wear more than one hat</b> to have more than one set of responsibilities; to hold more than one office. $\Box$ <i>The mayor is also the police chief. She wears more than one hat.</i> $\Box$ <i>I have too much to do to wear more than one hat.</i>
<b>wear out one's welcome</b> to stay too long (at an event to which one has been invited); to visit somewhere too often. $\Box$ <i>Tom visited the Smiths so often that he wore out his welcome.</i> $\Box$ <i>At about midnight, I decided that I had worn out my welcome, so I went home.</i>
<b>weep buckets</b> to weep a great many tears. (Informal.) $\square$ The girls wept buckets at the sad film. $\square$ Mary wept buckets when her dog died.
<b>weigh one's words</b> to consider one's own words carefully when speaking. $\Box$ I always weigh my words when I speak in public. $\Box$ John was weighing his words carefully because he didn't want to be misunderstood.
<b>weigh on someone's mind</b> [for a worrying matter] to be constantly in a person's thoughts; [for something] to be bothering someone's thinking. □ <i>This problem has been weighing on my mind for many days now.</i> □ <i>I hate to have things weighing on my mind. I can't sleep when I'm worried.</i>
$\boldsymbol{welcome}$ someone with open arms $See$ receive someone with open arms.
<b>well up in something</b> having a great deal of knowledge about something. □ <i>Jane's husband is well up in computers.</i> □ <i>Joan's well up in car maintenance. She took lessons at night-school.</i>
<b>wheeling and dealing</b> taking part in clever but sometimes dishonest or immoral business deals. $\Box$ <i>John loves wheeling and dealing in the money markets.</i> $\Box$ <i>Jack's got tired of all the wheeling and dealing of big business and retired to run a pub in the country.</i>
<b>wheels within wheels</b> circumstances, often secret or personal, which all have an effect on each other and lead to a complicated, confusing situation.   — This is not a staightforward matter of choos-

ing the best person for the job. There are wheels within wheels and one of the applicants is the boss's son-in-law. $\Box$ I don't know why Jane was accepted by the college and Mary wasn't. There must have been wheels within wheels, because Mary has better qualifications.
<b>when the time is ripe</b> at exactly the right time. $\Box$ <i>I'll tell her the good news when the time is ripe.</i> $\Box$ <i>When the time is ripe, I'll bring up the subject again.</i>
whip something into shape See lick something into shape.
<b>whistle for something</b> to expect or look for something with no hope of getting it. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>I'm afraid you'll have to whistle for it if you want to borrow money. I don't have any.</i> $\Box$ <i>Jane's father told her to whistle for it when she asked him to buy her a car.</i>
white elephant something which is useless and which is either a nuisance or expensive to keep up. (From the gift of a white elephant by the Kings of Siam to courtiers who displeased them, knowing the cost of the upkeep would ruin them.) $\square$ Bob's father-in-law has given him an old Rolls-Royce, but it's a real white elephant. He has no place to park it and can't afford the petrol for it. $\square$ Those antique vases Aunt Mary gave me are white elephants. They're ugly and take ages to clean.
<b>whole (bang) shooting match</b> the whole lot. (Informal.) $\Box$ <i>They didn't even sort through the books. They just threw out the whole shooting match.</i> $\Box$ <i>All these tables are damaged. Take the whole bang shooting match away and replace them.</i>
win the day AND carry the day to be successful; to win a competition, argument, etc. (Originally meaning to win a battle.) □ Our team didn't play well at first, but we won the day in the end. □ Hard work carried the day, and James passed his exams.
<b>win through</b> to succeed. $\square$ <i>After many setbacks, we won through in the end.</i> $\square$ <i>The rescuers had difficulty reaching the injured climber, but they won through.</i>
wise after the event knowledgeable of how a situation should have been dealt with only after it has passed. $\Box$ I know now I should have agreed to help him, but that's being wise after the event. At the time I thought he was just being lazy. $\Box$ Jack now realizes that he shouldn't have married Mary when they had nothing in common, but he didn't see it at the time. He's now wise after the event

<b>wish someone joy of something</b> to express the hope that someone will enjoy having or doing something, usually while being glad that one does not have to have it or do it. $\Box$ <i>I wish you joy of that old car. I had one just like it and spent a fortune on repairs for it.</i> $\Box$ <i>Mary wished us joy of going to Nepal on holiday. She preferred somewhere more comfortable.</i>
<b>with all one's heart and soul</b> very sincerely. $\square$ <i>Oh Bill, I love you with all my heart and soul, and I always will!</i> $\square$ <i>She thanked us with all her heart and soul for the gift.</i>
wither on the vine [for something] to decline or fade away at an early stage of development. (Also used literally in reference to grapes or other fruit.) □ You have a great plan, Tom. Let's keep it alive. Don't let it wither on the vine. □ The whole project withered on the vine when the contract was cancelled.
with every other breath [saying something] repeatedly or continually. $\square$ Bob was out in the garden raking leaves and cursing with every other breath. $\square$ The child was so grateful that she was thanking me with every other breath.
<b>with flying colours</b> easily and excellently. $\square$ <i>John passed his geometry test with flying colours.</i> $\square$ <i>Sally qualified for the race with flying colours.</i>
within an inch of doing something very close to doing something. $\Box$ <i>I came within an inch of losing my job.</i> $\Box$ <i>Bob came within an inch of hitting Mike across the face.</i>
<b>within an inch of one's life</b> very close to death. $\square$ When Mary was seriously ill in the hospital, she came within an inch of her life. $\square$ The thug beat up the old man to within an inch of his life.
<b>within hailing distance</b> close enough to hear someone call out. $\Box$ When the boat came within hailing distance, I asked if I could borrow some petrol. $\Box$ We weren't within hailing distance, so I couldn't hear what you said to me.
<b>without batting an eye</b> without showing surprise or emotion; without blinking an eye. $\Box$ <i>I knew I had insulted her, and she turned to me and asked me to leave without batting an eye.</i> $\Box$ <i>The child can tell lies without batting an eye.</i>

## 

**zero hour** the time at which something is due to begin; a crucial moment.  $\square$  We'll know whether the new computer system works effectively at zero hour, when we switch over to it.  $\square$  The runners are getting nervous as zero hour approaches. The starter's gun will soon go off.

## **Phrase-Finder Index**

Use this index to find the form of a phrase that you want to look up in the dictionary. First, pick out any major word in the phrase you are seeking. Second, look that word up in this index to find the form of the phrase used in the dictionary. Third, look up the phrase in the dictionary.

Some of the words occurring in the dictionary entries do not occur as entries in this index. Some words are omitted because they occur so frequently that their lists would cover many pages. Some of the grammar or function words, such as the articles *a*, *an*, and *the*, are not indexed. In these instances, you should look up the phrase under some other word.

ABC know one's ABC abet aid and abet someone able not able able not able to call one's time one's own able not able to see the wood for the trees able not able to wait about (all) at sea (about something) about beat about the bush about do an about-face about fall about about green about the gills about have one's wits about one about in a stew (about someone or something) about in the dark (about someone or something) about keep one's mouth shut (about someone or something) about keep one's wits about one about knock about (somewhere) about know a thing or two (about someone or something) about lay about one about make cracks (about

someone or something)

about make no bones about something about much ado about nothing about no ifs or buts about it about no two ways about it about not breathe a word (about someone or something) about nothing to write home about about put one's foot down (about something) about see eye to eye (about something) above above one's station above above someone's head above get above oneself above head and shoulders above someone or something above keep one's head above absence conspicuous by one's absence accident chapter of accidents according according to one's (own) lights according cut one's coat

according to one's cloth

air have one's nose in the air account give a good account of oneself air in the air air keep one's nose in the air account turn something to good air on the air account across put one across someone air out of thin air across shot across the bows air pull something out of thin air act act the goat air put on airs air up in the air act read someone the Riot Act active on active duty air vanish into thin air Adam not know someone from air walk on air alert on the alert (for someone or Adam ado much ado about nothing something) advanced advanced in years alike share and share alike advantage turn something to **all** (all) at sea (about something) one's advantage all all ears (and eyes) advocate play devil's advocate affair fine state of affairs all (all) Greek to me all all hours (of the day and night) afraid afraid of one's own all all over bar the shouting all all skin and bones shadow after much sought after all all thumbs after throw good money after bad all all to the good after wise after the event all carry all before one all get away (from it all)all in all one's born days again never darken my door again against dead set against someone **all** in all probability **all** jack-of-all-trades or something against go against the grainagainst have a case (against all know all the tricks of the trade all on all fours someone) against hope against hope all once and for all against pit someone or all pull out all the stops all put all one's eggs in one something against someone or something basket against play both ends (against all warts and all the middle) all with all one's heart and soul against race against time alley up a blind alley against run against the clock alone go it alone against stack the cards (against alone leave well alone someone or something) alone let well alone against swim against the tide along inch along (something) along jolly someone along age come of age along rub along with someone age donkey's ages age in this day and age
age ripe old age
ahead full steam ahead altogether in the altogether among put the cat among the among set the cat among the aid aid and abet someone air air of sanctity pigeons air airs and graces and all ears (and eyes) and (as) large as life (and twice air clear the air air give oneself airs as ugly)

and cross one's heart (and hope to die)

and curl up (and die)

and (fresh fields and) pastures

and life (and soul) of the party

and pitch in (and help)and shipshape (and Bristol fashion)

angel fools rush in (where angels
fear to tread)

another have another think coming

another horse of another colour answer not take no for an

ant have ants in one's pants any any port in a storm

anything not for anything in the

apart be poles apart
apart fall apart at the seams

apart joking apart

apple apple of someone's eye

applecart upset the applecart apron tied to one's mother's apron-strings

are one's days are numberedare one's eyes are bigger than

one's stomach

arm armed to the teeth

arm babe in arms

arm chance one's arm

arm give one's right arm (for someone or something)

arm pay an arm and a leg (for something)

arm receive someone with open arms

arm shot in the arm

arm up in arms

arm welcome someone with open arms

armour chink in one's armour around every time one turns around

around green around the gills around knock around (somewhere)

around millstone around one's neck

around pale around the gills

around swan around

arrears in arrears

as as a duck takes to water

as as black as one is painted

as (as) black as pitch

as (as) bold as brass

as (as) bright as a buttonas (as) calm as a millpond

as (as) cold as charity

as (as) fit as a fiddle

as (as) happy as a lark

as (as) happy as a sandboy as (as) happy as Larry as (as) happy as the day is long

as (as) hungry as a hunter

as (as) large as life (and twice as

as (as) near as dammit

as (as) plain as a pikestaff

as (as) pleased as Punch

as (as) quiet as the graveas (as) safe as houses

as (as) sound as a bell

as (as) thick as thieves

as (as) thick as two short planks

as (as) thin as a rake

as enough is as good as a feast

as give as good as one gets

as go so far as to say something

as look as if butter wouldn't melt in one's mouth

as make good as something

as not in the same league as someone or something

as pass as someone or something

as serve as a guinea pig

as take something as read

asleep asleep at the wheel

at (all) at sea (about something)

at asleep at the wheel

at at a loose end

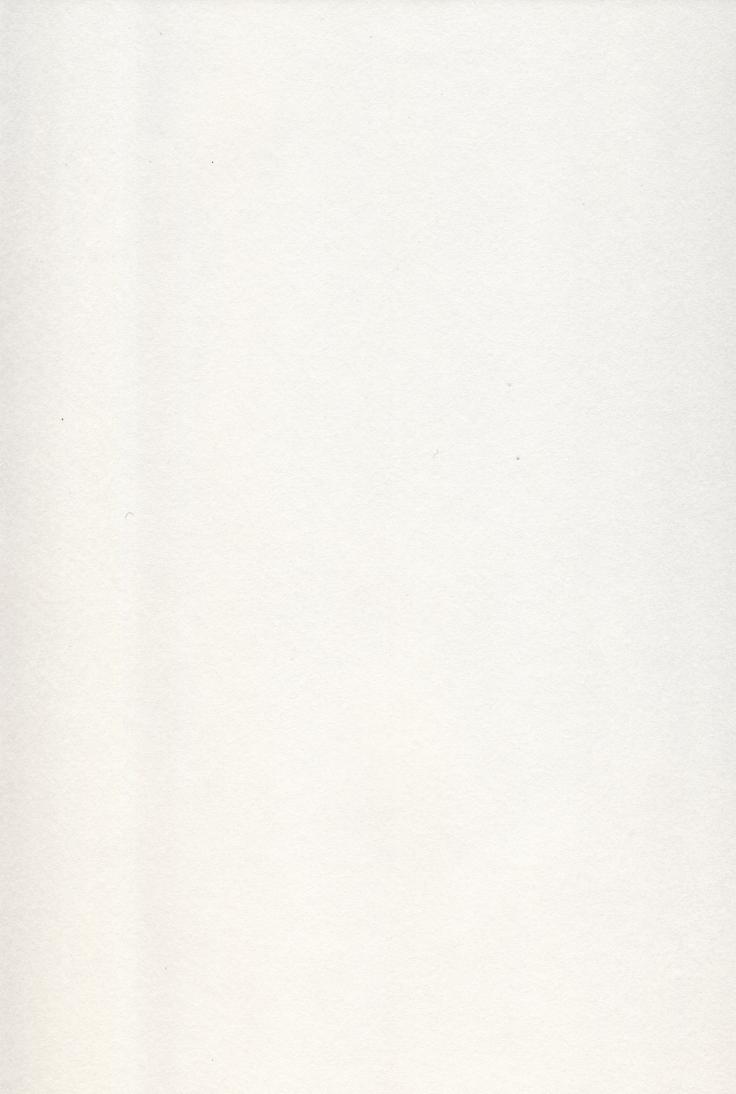
at at a pinch

at at a rate of knots

at at death's door

at at first glance

at at full stretch



at at half-mast

at at large

at at liberty

at at loggerheads (with someone)

at at one's wits' end

at at sixes and sevens

at at someone's beck and call

at at the bottom of the ladder

at at the drop of a hat

at at the eleventh hour

at at the end of one's tether

at at the expense of someone or something

at at the top of one's voice

at burn the candle at both ends

at champ at the bit

at clutch at straws

at cock a snook at someone

at down at heel

at fall apart at the seams

at foam at the mouth

at game at which two can play

at go off at a tangent

at go off at half cock

at have a go (at something)

at have something at one's fingertips

at ill at ease

at in at the kill

at jump at the chance (to do something)

at jump at the opportunity (to do something)

at leap at the chance (to do something)

at leap at the opportunity (to do something)

at look daggers at someone

at love at first sight

at make eyes at someone

at make oneself at home

at old hand at doing something

at pipped at the post

at point the finger at someone

at poke fun (at someone or something)

at see the light at the end of the

at sit at someone's feet

at take a stab at something

at throw the book at someone

at thumb one's nose at someone or something

at tip the scales at something
at two can play at that game
attendance dance attendance on someone

average on average

avoid avoid someone or

something like the plague

away come away empty-handed

away get away (from it all)

away get carried away
away give the game away
away straight away
axe have an axe to grind

babe babe in arms

baby leave someone holding the

back back of beyond

back back to the drawing-board

back drop back

back get back on one's feet

back give someone the shirt off one's back

back go back on one's word

back hark(en) back to something

back have eyes in the back of one's head

back have one's back to the wall

back like water off a duck's back

back pay someone a back-handed compliment

back put something on the back

back scratch someone's back

back set one back on one's heels

backyard in one's (own)

backyard

bacon bring home the bacon

bad come to a bad end

bad go from bad to worse

bad good riddance (to bad rubbish)

bad in a bad mood

**bad** in a bad way

bad leave a bad taste in someone's mouth

**bad** not half bad **bad** throw good money after bad bag bag and baggagebag let the cat out of the bag bag mixed bag
baggage bag and baggage
balance hang in the balance

balance in the balance

ball get the ball rolling

ball keep one's eye on the ball

ball keep the ball rolling

ball set the ball rolling

ball start the ball rolling

balloon go down like a lead balloon

bang whole (bang) shooting

baptism baptism of firebar all over bar the shouting

bar no holds barred

bargain drive a hard bargain

bargain into the bargain bargain keep one's side of the bargain

bargain strike a bargain barrel caught over a barrel barrel lock, stock, and barrel **barrel** scrape the bottom of the

basis on a first-name basis (with someone)

basket put all one's eggs in one basket

bat have bats in one's belfry

bat without batting an eye

be be a thorn in someone's side

be be getting on for something

be be old hat

be be poles apart

**be** be thankful for small mercies

**be** old enough to be someone's father

be old enough to be someone's

be on one's (own) head be it

be powers that be

**bean** spill the beans **bear** grin and bear it

beard beard the lion in his den

beat beat a (hasty) retreat
beat beat about the bush

**beat** off the beaten track

**beaver** eager beaver

beck at someone's beck and call

**bed** bed of roses

bed get out of the wrong side of

**bee** have a bee in one's bonnet beeline make a beeline for someone or something

**been** have been through the

before before you can say Jack Robinson

**before** carry all before one **before** cross a bridge before one comes to it

before put the cart before the

beg beg off

beg go beggingbeggar beggar descriptionbehalf on behalf of someone

behalf on someone's behalf

behalf take up the cudgels on behalf of someone or something

behind burn one's bridges (behind one)

behind lag behind (someone or something)

**behind** power behind the throne **belfry** have bats in one's belfry

believe believe it or not

believe lead someone to believe something

**believe** seeing is believing **bell** (as) sound as a bell

bell ring a bell

bell saved by the bell

below hit (someone) below the

belt get something under one's

belt hit (someone) below the beltbelt tighten one's beltbend bend someone's ear

beneath feel it beneath one (to do something)

berth give someone or something a wide berth best best bib and tucker best come off second-best best give something one's best best in the best of health **best** past someone's or something's best best put one's best foot forward
best with the best will in the world betide woe betide someone better have seen better days between draw a line between something and something else between fall between two stools **between** hit someone (right) between the eyes between no love lost between someone and someone else between read between the lines **beyond** back of beyond beyond beyond one's ken **beyond** beyond the pale beyond beyond the shadow of a doubt beyond beyond wordsbeyond can't see beyond the end of one's nose bib best bib and tucker bide bide one's time big have a big mouth big one's eyes are bigger than one's stomach bill fill the bill bill foot the bill bill get a clean bill of health **bird** early bird bird eat like a bird birthday in one's birthday suit bit champ at the bit bit do one's bit **bit** hair of the dog (that bit one) bit Not a bit (of it). bite bite someone's head off bite bite the hand that feeds one bitter bitter pill to swallow bitter to the bitter end

black as black as one is painted black (as) black as pitch black black sheep (of the family) black get a black eye black in black and white black pot calling the kettle black blanche carte blanche blank blank cheque **blank** draw a blank **blind** turn a blind eye to someone or something **blind** up a blind alley block chip off the old block **block** stumbling-block blood blue blood blood draw blood blood flesh and blood blood in one's blood **blood** in the blood blood make someone's blood boil **blood** make someone's blood run blow blow hot and cold blow blow off steam blow blow one's own trumpet blow blow the lid off (something) blow blow up in someone's face blow land a blow (somewhere) blue blue blood blue like a bolt out of the blue **blue** once in a blue moon blue out of the blue blue talk until one is blue in the face board back to the drawing-board **board** go by the board boat burn one's boats **boat** in the same boat boat rock the boat body keep body and soul togetherbody over my dead bodyboil have a low boiling-point boil make someone's blood boil **bold** (as) bold as brass bolt like a bolt out of the blue **bolt** nuts and bolts (of something) bombshell drop a bombshell bone all skin and bones bone bone of contention

**bone** chilled to the bone bone feel something in one's bones

**bone** have a bone to pick (with someone)

bone make no bones about something

bone near the bone

bone nothing but skin and bones

bone work one's fingers to the bone

bonnet have a bee in one's bonnet

**book** cook the books

book have one's nose in a book

**book** in one's book

**book** one for the record (books)

book open book

**book** read someone like a book

book take a leaf out of someone's book

book throw the book at someone **book** use every trick in the book **boot** have one's heart in one's boots

**bootstrap** pull oneself up by one's bootstraps

boredom die of boredom born born with a silver spoon in one's mouth

born in all one's born days **born** not born yesterday borrow live on borrowed time **both** burn the candle at both

both cut both ways

ends

both have a foot in both camps

both have it both ways

both land on both feet

**both** make (both) ends meet

both play both ends (against the middle)

**both** want it both ways **bother** hot and bothered bottle crack a bottle bottom at the bottom of the

bottom get to the bottom of something

**bottom** hit rock bottom **bottom** scrape the bottom of the

barrel

bound by leaps and bounds **bound** in leaps and bounds **bow** bow and scrape **bow** shot across the bows

Box Box and Cox

box open Pandora's box

**boy** separate the men from the

**boy** sort the men from the boys **brain** have something on the

brain rack one's brains

branch hold out the olive branch

brass (as) bold as brass

brass get down to brass tacks

brave put a brave face on it

brave put up a (brave) front

breach step in(to the breach)
break break new ground
break break one's duck

break break one's word

break break someone's fall

break break someone's heart

break break the ice

break break the news (to someone)

break die of a broken heart

break get a lucky break
break make or break someone

breast make a clean breast of something

breath catch one's breath

breath find time to catch one's breath

breath get time to catch one's breath

**breath** in the same breath

**breath** save one's breath

breath say something under one's breath

breath with every other breath breathe breathe down someone's neck

breathe breathe one's last breathe hardly have time to breathe

breathe not breathe a word (about someone or something)

breathe not breathe a word (of something)

bridge burn one's bridges (behind

**bridge** cross a bridge before one comes to it

**bridge** water under the bridge brief hold no brief for someone or something

bright (as) bright as a buttonbring bring down the curtain (on something)

bring bring home the baconbring bring something home to

bring bring something to a head **bring** bring something to light **Bristol** shipshape (and Bristol fashion)

broad in broad daylightbroke go broke

broken die of a broken heart brow by the sweat of one's brow

brow knit one's brow

**brush** brush something under the carpet

brush get the brush-offbrush have a brush with something

brush tarred with the same brush

buck pass the buck bucket weep buckets

bud nip something in the bud

buff in the buff

bull bull in a china shop

**bull** cock-and-bull story

bull hit the bull's-eye

burn burn one's boats

burn burn one's bridges (behind

**burn** burn the candle at both

burn burn the midnight oil

burn fiddle while Rome burns

burn get one's fingers burnedburn have money to burn

burn keep the home fires burning

burner put something on the back burner

bury bury the hatchetbury dead and buried

**bush** beat about the bush

bush bush telegraph

bushel hide one's light under a

**business** business end of something

business get down to businessbusiness get one's nose out of someone's business

business have no business doing something

business mind one's own business

**business** monkey business busman busman's holiday but everything but the kitchen sink

but last but not least

but no ifs or buts about it

but nothing but skin and bones

butter look as if butter wouldn't melt in one's mouth

butterfly get butterflies in one's stomach

button (as) bright as a button

buy buy a pig in a pokebuy buy something for a song

by by fits and startsby by leaps and bounds

by by no means

by by return post

by by the same token

**by** by the seat of one's pants

by by the skin of one's teeth

**by** by the sweat of one's brow

by by virtue of something

by by word of mouth

by cheek by jowl

by conspicuous by one's absence

by fall by the wayside

by fly-by-night
by get by (on a shoe-string)
by go by the board
by hang by a hair

by hang by a thread

cannot can't hold a candle to

someone

by hang on by an eyebrow by hang on by one's eyebrows by lead someone by the nose by learn something by heart by learn something by rote by let the chance slip by by live by one's wits by not by a long shot by past someone's or something's sell-by date by pull oneself up by one's bootstraps by saved by the bell by set great store by someone or something by sit (idly) by cake piece of cake cake slice of the cake calf kill the fatted calf call at someone's beck and call call call a spade a spade call call it a day call call of nature call not able to call one's time one's own call pot calling the kettle black calm (as) calm as a millpond camp have a foot in both camps can before you can say Jack Robinson can can't hold a candle to someone can can't make head nor tail of someone or something can can't see beyond the end of one's nose can can't see one's hand in front of one's face can game at which two can play can open a can of worms can two can play at that game canary look like the cat that swallowed the canary candle burn the candle at both

ends

someone

candle can't hold a candle to

candle not worth a candle

cannot can't make head nor tail of someone or something cannot can't see beyond the end of one's nose cannot can't see one's hand in front of one's face canoe paddle one's own canoe cap feather in one's cap cap put on one's thinking-cap card keep one's cards close to one's chest card on the cards card play one's cards close to one's chest card play one's cards right card play one's trump card card stack the cards (against someone or something) care not have a care in the world carpet brush something under the carpet sweep something under the carpet carry carry a torch for someone carry carry all before one carry carry the day carry carry the weight of the world on one's shoulders carry get carried away cart put the cart before the horse carte carte blanche case have a case (against someone) case open-and-shut case cash hard cash cast cast in the same mould cat Cat got your tongue? cat let the cat out of the bag cat look like the cat that swallowed the canary cat look like the cat that swallowed the cream cat play cat and mouse (with someone) cat put the cat among the pigeons cat rain cats and dogs cat set the cat among the pigeons

catch catch one's breath cheek turn the other cheek catch catch someone on the hop cheese cheese-paring catch catch someone's eye cheese cheesed off catch catch the sun cheque blank cheque catch find time to catch one's chest get something off one's chest breath catch get time to catch one's chest keep one's cards close to one's chest caught caught over a barrel chest play one's cards close to cause cause tongues to wag one's chest caution throw caution to the chew chew the cud chicken no spring chicken winds child expecting (a child)
childhood in one's second centre dead centre centre left, right, and centre centre off-centre childhood chill chilled to the bone **ceremony** stand on ceremony chaff separate the wheat from the chill chilled to the marrow chin keep one's chin up chaff champ champ at the bit
chance chance one's arm chin take something on the chin china bull in a china shop chink chink in one's armour chance fancy someone's chances chance fighting chance chip chip off the old block chip have a chip on one's chance have a snowball's chance in hell shoulder choice Hobson's choice chance jump at the chance (to do choose pick and choose something) chance leap at the chance (to do chop chop and change something) chord strike a chord chance let the chance slip by circle come full circle circle go round in circles chance on the off-chance chance once-in-a-lifetime chance civil keep a civil tongue (in one's chance sporting chance chance stand a chance clap clap eyes on someone or change change hands something clay have feet of clay change change horses in midclean get a clean bill of health stream clean have clean hands change change someone's tune change chop and change clean make a clean breast of change ring the changes something channel go through the proper clean make a clean sweep clean start (off) with a clean slate channels clear clear the air **chapter** chapter and verse chapter chapter of accidents climb climb down charity (as) cold as charity clip clip someone's wings chase lead someone (on) a merry cloak cloak-and-dagger clock run against the clock chase cheap dirt cheap clockwork go like clockwork cheek cheek by jowl close close one's eyes to cheek tongue-in-cheek something

colour with flying colours close keep one's cards close to comb go over something with a one's chest close play one's cards close to fine-tooth comb comb go through something with one's chest a fine-tooth comb cloth cut one's coat according to one's cloth comb search something with a cloth cut one's coat to suit one's fine-tooth comb come come a cropper cloud cloud-cuckoo-land come come away empty-handed cloud have one's head in the come come down in the world come come down to earth come come down with something cloud on cloud nine clover in clover come come from far and wide come come full circle clutch clutch at straws coal haul someone over the coals come come home to roost coat cut one's coat according to come come in for something one's cloth come come into something coat cut one's coat to suit one's come come of age come come off second-best come come out in the wash coat hang on to someone's coatcome come out of nowhere tails come come out of one's shell cock cock a snook at someone cock cock-and-bull story come (come) rain or shine come come round cock cock of the walk cock go off at half cock come come to a bad end cockle warm the cockles of come come to a head someone's heart come come to a pretty pass coffin nail in someone's or come come to an untimely end something's coffin come come to grief cold (as) cold as charity come come to light cold blow hot and cold come come to the fore cold cold comfort come cross a bridge before one cold get cold feet comes to it cold knock someone cold come dream come true cold make someone's blood run come get one's come-uppance come get what is coming to one cold come have another think coming cold pour cold water on come have something coming to something cold throw cold water on one come johnny-come-lately
come till the cows come home something collar hot under the collar colour horse of a different colour comeback make a comeback colour horse of another colour come-uppance get one's comecolour nail one's colours to the uppance comfort cold comfort mast colour off colour comforter Job's comforter colour sail under false colours command have a good command colour show oneself in one's true of something compliment fish for compliments colours

compliment pay someone a crack paper over the cracks (in back-handed compliment something) cramp cramp someone's style
craw something sticks in one's compliment pay someone a compliment composure regain one's composure cream look like the cat that condition in mint condition swallowed the cream condition in the peak of credit get credit (for something) credit give credit where credit is condition condition in the pink (of condition) cropper come a cropper conspicuous conspicuous by cross cross a bridge before one one's absence comes to it contention bone of contention cross cross one's heart (and hope contradiction contradiction in to die) cross cross swords (with convert preach to the converted someone) conviction have the courage of cross cross the Rubicon one's convictions crust upper crust cook cook someone's goose crux crux of the matter cry cry one's eyes out cook cook the books cry cry over spilled milk cool cool one's heels cry cry wolf corner cut corners cry far cry from something cry hue and cry cuckoo cloud-cuckoo-land corner have turned the corner corner hole-and-corner corner hole-in-the-corner corner out of the corner of one's cud chew the cud cudgel take up the cudgels on behalf of someone or something eye correct stand corrected cost cost a pretty penny culture culture vulture cost cost the earth cup in one's cups cup not someone's cup of tea counsel keep one's own counsel cupboard cupboard love count count heads cupboard skeleton in the courage have the courage of one's convictions cupboard courage pluck up (one's) courage curl up (and die) courage screw up one's courage curry curry favour (with course par for the course someone) curtain bring down the curtain court laugh something out of (on something) curtain ring down the curtain (on **Coventry** send someone to something) Coventry cow sacred cow cut cut a fine figure cut cut a long story short cow till the cows come home cut cut and dried Cox Box and Cox crack crack a bottle cut cut and thrust crack fair crack of the whip cut cut both ways crack make cracks (about cut cut corners someone or something) cut cut it (too) fine

day nine days' wonder cut cut no ice day not give someone the time of cut cut one's coat according to one's cloth day one's days are numbered cut cut one's coat to suit one's day order of the day cloth day pass the time of day (with cut cut one's eye-teeth on something someone) cut cut one's teeth on something day save something for a rainy dayday see the light of day cut cut someone dead day win the day cut cut someone down to size daylight daylight robbery daylight in broad daylight dead cut someone dead cut cut someone to the quick cut cut teeth cut have one's work cut out (for dead dead and buried dagger cloak-and-dagger dagger look daggers at someone dead dead centre dead dead on one's or its feet daily daily dozen dead dead set against someone or daily daily grind something dammit (as) near as dammit dead dead to the world damn damn someone or dead fill dead men's shoes something with faint praise dead flog a dead horse damp damp squib dance dance attendance on dead in a dead heat dead knock someone dead dead over my dead body someone dead step into dead men's shoes dance lead someone (on) a merry deal square deal deal wheeling and dealing Darby Darby and Joan death at death's door dark dark horse dark in the dark (about someone death death to something death die a natural death or something) death kiss of death dark shot in the dark darken never darken my door death matter of life and death death sign one's own deathagain darken not to darken someone's warrant debt pay one's debt to society decision eleventh-hour decision date past someone's or deep go off the deep enddeep in deep waterdeliver signed, sealed, and something's sell-by date Davy Davy Jones's locker Davy go to Davy Jones's locker day all hours (of the day and delivered den beard the lion in his den day (as) happy as the day is long day call it a day day carry the day day for days on end description beggar description **desert** get one's just deserts **devil** full of the devil devil give the devil her due day have seen better days devil give the devil his due day in all one's born days devil go to the devil devil play devil's advocate day in this day and age day late in the day devil speak of the devil

**Dick** (every) Tom, Dick, and Harry **die** cross one's heart (and hope to die)

die curl up (and die)

die die a natural death

die die laughing

die die of a broken heart

die die of boredom

difference sink our differences

**difference** split the difference **different** horse of a different

colour

dig dig one's own grave dilemma on the horns of a dilemma

dine dine out on something

dip lucky dip
dirt dirt cheap
dirty dirty look
distance go the distance
distance keep one's distance (from someone or something)

distance stay the distance

distance within hailing distance

ditch last-ditch effort

do do a double take

do do an about-face

do do justice to somethingdo do one's bit

do do someone down

do do someone good

do do someone proud

do do someone's heart good

do do the trick

do fair do's

do feel it beneath one (to do something)

do find it in one's heart to do something

do have a penchant for doing something

do have half a mind to do something

do have no business doing something

do have the wherewithal (to do something)

do in no mood to do something

do in thing (to do)

do instrumental in doing something

do jump at the chance (to do

something)

do jump at the opportunity (to do something)

do kick oneself (for doing something)

do lead someone to do something

do leap at the chance (to do something)

do leap at the opportunity (to do something)

do make a point of (doing) something

do make do (with someone or something)

do move heaven and earth to do something

do old hand at doing somethingdo press-gang someone into doing something

do risk one's neck (to do something)

do up and doingdo within an inch of doing something

doctor just what the doctor

dog dog in the mangerdog hair of the dog (that bit one)dog lead a dog's lifedog rain cats and dogs

dog shaggy-dog storydog tail wagging the dogdoghouse in the doghouse

doldrums in the doldrums

dollar feel like a million dollars dollar look like a million dollars

done done to a turn

done no sooner said than done

done over and done with

**donkey** donkey's ages **donkey** donkey's years **donkey** donkey-work

door at death's door

door get one's foot in the doordoor keep the wolf from the door

door never darken my door again

door not to darken someone's down ring down the curtain (on something) door door open the door to somethingdose dose of one's own medicine down stand down down suit someone down to the dot from the year dot ground dot on the dot down take someone down a peg dot since the year dot (or two) down take something lying down double do a double take double double Dutch down throw down the gauntlet downhill go downhill double see double dozen daily dozen doubt beyond the shadow of a dozen six of one and half a dozen doubt doubt doubting Thomas of the other down breathe down someone's dozen talk nineteen to the dozen **drab** in dribs and drabs neck **down** bring down the curtain (on drag drag one's feet something) drain pour money down the drain draw back to the drawing-board down climb down draw draw a blank down come down in the world **down** come down to earth draw draw a line between something and something else down come down with draw draw a red herring something down cut someone down to size draw draw blood draw quick on the draw down do someone down down down at heel drawing-board back to the down down in the mouth drawing-board down down on one's luck dream dream come true down down to earth dream pipe-dream dress dressed (up) to the nines down dressing down dress dressing down down fall down on the job drib in dribs and drabs down get down to brass tacks down get down to business drive drive a hard bargain down go down fighting drive drive someone up the wall down go down in history drop at the drop of a hat down go down like a lead balloon drop drop a bombshell drop drop back down hand-me-down drop drop in one's tracks down have a down on someone **drop** drop someone down jump down someone's throat drown drown one's sorrows dry cut and dried down knock someone down with dry dry run
dry home and dry a feather **down** lay down the law duck as a duck takes to water down let down one's hair duck break one's duck down let one's hair down down lie down on the job duck lame duck down pipe down duck like a sitting duck down pour money down the drain duck like sitting ducks down put one's foot down (about duck like water off a duck's back duck lovely weather for ducks something)

due give credit where credit is due egg teach one's grandmother to due give the devil her due suck eggs egg walk on eggs
either either feast or famine due give the devil his due dues pay one's dues Dutch double Dutch elbow elbow-grease Dutch go Dutch elephant white elephant eleven at the eleventh hour duty in the line of duty duty on active duty eleven eleventh-hour decision duty shirk one's duty else draw a line between eager eager beaver something and something else eagle eagle eye else no love lost between ear all ears (and eyes) someone and someone else ear bend someone's ear empty come away empty-handed end at a loose end ear flea in one's ear end at one's wits' end ear go in one ear and out the end at the end of one's tether ear have one's ear to the ground end burn the candle at both ends ear in one ear and out the other end business end of something ear keep one's ear to the ground end can't see beyond the end of ear prick up one's ears one's nose ear walls have ears end come to a bad end early early bird end come to an untimely end end for days on end earth come down to earth earth cost the earth end go off the deep end end make (both) ends meet earth down to earth end make someone's hair stand earth move heaven and earth to do something on end earth pay the earth end meet one's end earth run someone or something end not see further than the end to earth of one's nose earth salt of the earth end play both ends (against the ease ill at ease middle) easy free and easy end see the light at the end of the eat eat humble pie tunnel eat eat like a bird end thin end of the wedge end to the bitter end eat eat like a horse English in plain English eat eat one's hat enough enough is as good as a eat eat one's heart out eat eat one's words feast eat eat out of someone's hands enough good enough for someone or something eat eat someone out of house and enough old enough to be home edge set someone's teeth on edge someone's father edgeways get a word in enough old enough to be someone's mother (edgeways) effort last-ditch effort enter enter the lists egg have egg on one's face envy green with envy errand on a fool's errand egg put all one's eggs in one basket escape escape someone's notice

eve on the eve of something event wise after the event every every time one turns around every (every) Tom, Dick, and Harry every hang on someone's every every use every trick in the book every with every other breath everything everything but the kitchen sink everything everything from example make an example of someone expect expecting (a child) expense at the expense of someone or something expense expense is no object expense out-of-pocket expenses extend extend one's sympathy (to someone) eye all ears (and eyes) eye apple of someone's eye eye catch someone's eye eye clap eyes on someone or something eye close one's eyes to something eye cry one's eyes out eye cut one's eye-teeth on something eye eagle eye eye feast one's eyes (on someone or something) eye get a black eye eye have eyes in the back of one's eye hit someone (right) between the eyes eye hit the bull's-eye eye in one's mind's eye eye in the public eye eye keep a weather eye open eye keep an eye out (for someone or something) eye keep one's eye on the ball eye make eyes at someone eye naked eye

eye one's eyes are bigger than one's stomach eye only have eyes for someone eye out of the corner of one's eye eye pull the wool over someone's eyes eye see eye to eye (about something) eye see eye to eye (on something) eye see something with half an eye turn a blind eye to someone or something eye without batting an eye eyeball eyeball to eyeball eyebrow hang on by an eyebrow eyebrow hang on by one's evebrows **eyebrow** raise a few eyebrows **face** blow up in someone's face face can't see one's hand in front of one's face face do an about-face face face the music face face value face fly in the face of someone or something face have egg on one's face face hide one's face in shame face keep a straight face face lose face face make a face face not show one's face face on the face of it face pull a face face put a brave face on it face talk until one is blue in the fact matter-of-fact faint damn someone or something with faint praise fair fair crack of the whip fair fair do's fair fair game fair play fair faith pin one's faith on someone or something fall break someone's fall

fall fall about

fall fall apart at the seams feather in fine feather fall fall between two stools feather knock someone down fall fall by the wayside with a feather fall fall down on the job **feather** make the feathers fly fall fall foul of someone or feather ruffle someone's feathers feather show the white feather something fall fall from grace feed bite the hand that feeds one feed spoon-feed fall fall into line fall riding for a fall feel feel fit feel feel it beneath one (to do false sail under false colours familiar have a familiar ring something) family black sheep (of the family) feel feel like a million dollars family in the family feel feel like a new person family in the family way feel feel something in one's bones family like one of the family feeler put out (some) feelers feelings no hard feelings feet dead on one's or its feet family run in the family famine either feast or famine feet drag one's feet fancy fancy someone's chances fancy flight of fancy fancy tickle someone's fancy feet find one's feet feet get back on one's feet feet get cold feet far come from far and wide far far cry from something feet get to one's feet feet have feet of clay far go so far as to say something fashion parrot-fashion feet have one's feet on the ground fashion shipshape (and Bristol feet keep one's feet on the fashion) feet land on both feet fast get nowhere fast fast hard-and-fast rule feet land on one's feet fast play fast and loose (with feet let the grass grow under someone or something) one's feet fast pull a fast one feet on one's feet feet pull the rug out from under fast thick and fast fat kill the fatted calf someone('s feet) fat live off the fat of the land feet sit at someone's feet fellow hail-fellow-well-met father old enough to be someone's father fence mend (one's) fences fault generous to a fault fence rush one's fences favour curry favour (with fever run a fever few raise a few eyebrows someone) fear fools rush in (where angels fiddle (as) fit as a fiddle fiddle fiddle while Rome burns fear to tread) fiddle play second fiddle (to fear in fear and trembling fear never fear someone) feast either feast or famine **field** (fresh fields and) pastures feast enough is as good as a feast feast feast one's eyes (on field play the field fight fight shy of something someone or something) fight fighting chance feather feather in one's cap feather feather one's (own) nest fight go down fighting

**figure** cut a fine figure **file** have something on file first love at first sight first of the first water file (in) single file first on a first-name basis (with fill fill dead men's shoes someone) fill fill someone's shoes first on first-name terms (with fill fill the bill someone) fill get one's fill of someone or fish fine kettle of fish something fish fish for compliments find find it in one's heart to do fish fish in troubled waters fish have other fish to fry something find find one's feet fish like a fish out of water find find one's own level fish neither fish nor fowl **fish** pretty kettle of fish **fist** hand over fist find find one's tongue find find time to catch one's fit (as) fit as a fiddle breath **fine** cut a fine figure **fine** cut it (too) fine fit by fits and starts fit feel fit fit fit for a king fine fine kettle of fish fit fit someone in(to something)fit survival of the fittest fine fine state of affairs fine go over something with a fit throw a fit fine-tooth comb **fine** go through something with a fine-tooth comb **five** nine-to-five job fix fix someone up (with fine in fine feather something) fix in a fix fine search something with a fine**flag** show the flag **flash** flash in the pan tooth comb **finger** get one's fingers burned **finger** have green fingers flash in a flash finger have one's finger in the pie flea flea in one's ear finger not lift a finger (to help flesh flesh and blood someone) flesh in the flesh finger point the finger at flight flight of fancy flog flog a dead horse someone fly fly a kite fly fly-by-night fly fly in the face of someone or finger work one's fingers to the fingertip have something at one's
 fingertips
fire baptism of fire something fly fly in the ointment fly flying visit fire hang fire fly get off to a flying start fly high-flyer fly make the feathers fly fire have too many irons in the fire hold one's fire fly make the fur fly fly pigs might fly fly with flying colours fire keep the home fires burning **fire** open fire (on someone) **fire** out of the frying-pan into the foam foam at the mouth fire follow follow one's heart fire play with fire follow follow one's nose fire set the world on fire follow follow suit first at first glance

food food for thought

fool fool's paradise

fool fools rush in (where angels fear to tread)

fool More fool you!

fool nobody's fool

fool on a fool's errand

fool play the fool

foot dead on one's or its feet

foot drag one's feet
foot find one's feet

foot foot the bill

foot get back on one's feet

foot get cold feet

foot get one's foot in the door

foot get to one's feet

foot have a foot in both camps

foot have feet of clay

foot have one's feet on the ground

foot keep one's feet on the ground

foot land on both feet

foot land on one's feet

foot let the grass grow under one's feet

foot not set foot somewhere

foot on one's feet

foot pull the rug out from under someone('s feet)

foot put one's best foot forward foot put one's foot down (about

something) foot put one's foot in it

foot set foot somewhere

foot sit at someone's feet

for be getting on for somethingfor be thankful for small mercies

for buy something for a song

for carry a torch for someonefor come in for something

for fish for compliments

for fit for a king

for food for thought

for for days on end

for for sale

for for the record

for get a good run for one's money

for get credit (for something)

for give one's right arm (for someone or something)

for give someone pause for thought

for give someone tit for tat

for glutton for punishmentfor go for someone or something

for go in for something

for good enough for someone or something

for good-for-nothing

for have a lot going for one

for have a penchant for doing something

for have a soft spot for someone or something

for have one's work cut out (for

for have something in store (for someone)

for hell for leather

for hold no brief for someone or something

for in the market (for something)

for jockey for position

for keep an eye out (for someone or something)

for kick oneself (for doing something)

for leave oneself wide open for something

for like looking for a needle in a haystack

for lovely weather for ducks

for make a beeline for someone or something

for make a name for oneself

for make a pitch for someone or something

for make up for lost time

for money for jam

**for** money for old rope **for** none the worse for wear

for not able to see the wood for the trees

for not for anything in the worldfor not for love nor money

for not for the world

for not long for this world for not take no for an answer for on the alert (for someone or something) for once and for all for one for the record (books) **for** only have eyes for someone for open season for something for par for the course for pay an arm and a leg (for something) for pay through the nose (for something) for pound for pound for put in a good word for someone for riding for a fall for run for it for run for one's life for save something for a rainy dayfor spoil the ship for a ha'porth of for throw a party (for someone)for whistle for something forbidden forbidden fruit force force someone's hand force in force fore come to the fore forget forget oneself forget forgive and forget forgive forgive and forget forth hold forth forward look forward to something forward put one's best foot foul fall foul of someone or something foul foul one's own nest foul foul play
four on all fours fowl neither fish nor fowl free free and easy fresh (fresh fields and) pastures from come from far and wide from everything from A to Z from fall from grace from far cry from something

from from pillar to post
from from rags to riches from from stem to stern from from the word go from from the year dot from get away (from it all)
from go from bad to worse from hail from somewhere from keep one's distance (from someone or something)
from keep the wolf from the door from live from hand to mouth from make something from scratch from not know someone from from pull the rug out from under someone('s feet) from separate the men from the from separate the sheep from the from separate the wheat from the from sort the men from the boysfrom straight from the shoulder front can't see one's hand in front of one's face front put up a (brave) front fruit forbidden fruit fry have other fish to fryfry out of the frying-pan into the fire full at full stretch full come full circle full full of oneself full full of the devil full full steam ahead full get into full swing full in full swing
fun fun and games fun make fun of someone or something fun poke fun (at someone or something)

fur make the fur fly

further not see further than the

end of one's nose

fuss kick up a fuss

future in the near future get get one's fill of someone or gain ill-gotten gains something **gallery** play to the gallery get get one's fingers burned get get one's foot in the door game fair game game fun and games get get one's just deserts get get one's money's worth game game at which two can play game give the game away get get one's nose out of game name of the game someone's business game play the game get get one's second wind game two can play at that game get get one's teeth into something gang press-gang someone into get get out of the wrong side of doing something the bed get get someone off the hook garden lead someone up the get get someone's number garden path gauntlet throw down the get get something off one's chest gauntlet get get something out of one's **gear** in high gear system get get something under one's generous generous to a fault get be getting on for something get get a black eye get get the ball rolling get get a clean bill of health get get the brush-off get get a good run for one's get get the hang of something get get the last laugh money **get** get the runaround **get** get a lucky break get get a lump in one's throat get get the shock of one's life get get a slap on the wrist get get the show on the road get get a start get get time to catch one's breath get get a tongue-lashing get get to one's feet get get a word in (edgeways) **get** get to the bottom of get get above oneself something **get** get away (from it all) get get under someone's skin get get what is coming to one get get back on one's feet get get butterflies in one's get get wind of something get getting on (in years) stomach get get by (on a shoe-string) get give as good as one gets **get** get carried away get play hard to get get get cold feet **ghost** give up the ghost gild gild the lily **get** get credit (for something) get get down to brass tacks **gill** green about the gills get get down to business gill green around the gills get get in someone's hair **gill** pale around the gills get get into full swing give give a good account of **get** get into the swing of things oneself **get** get nowhere fast give give as good as one gets give give credit where credit is get get off lightly get get off to a flying start due **get** get on the good side of give give ground give give it to someone straight someone get get one's come-uppance **give** give of oneself

give give one one's marching go go in one ear and out the orders **give** give one's right arm (for go go it alone someone or something) go go like clockwork go go off at a tangent give give oneself airs go go off at half cock give give someone a piece of one's mind go go off the deep end give give someone or something a go go over someone's head wide berth go go over something with a fine**give** give someone pause for tooth comb go go round in circles **give** give someone the shirt off go go sky-high one's back go go so far as to say something give give someone tit for tat go go the distance give give something a lick and a go go the whole hog go go through something with a promise fine-tooth comb give give something a miss **give** give something one's best go go through the motions go go through the proper channels give give the devil her due go go to Davy Jones's locker give give the devil his due go go to hell give give the game away go go to rack and ruin give give up the ghost go go to seed give give voice to something go go to someone's head give not give someone the time of go go to the devil go go to the limit **glance** at first glance go go to the loo glove hand in glove (with go go to the toilet go go to the wall someone) glove handle someone with kid go go to town gloves go go to waste **glove** iron hand in a velvet glove go goes without saying go going great guns **glut** glut on the market glutton glutton for punishment go have a go (at something) go from the word go go have a lot going for one go go against the grain go heavy going go make a go of it go go back on one's word go go begging go rarin' to go go go broke **go** touch-and-go go go by the board goat act the goat go go down fighting goat separate the sheep from the **go** go down in history go go down like a lead balloon **gold** have a heart of gold **go** go downhill **good** all to the good good do someone good go go Dutch **good** do someone's heart good go go for someone or something go go from bad to worse **good** enough is as good as a feast go go haywire good get a good run for one's go go in for something money

**good** get on the good side of great set great store by someone or something someone Greek (all) Greek to me **good** give a good account of oneself Greek Greek to me **good** give as good as one gets green green about the gills **good** good enough for someone **green** green around the gills or something green green with envy green have green fingers good good-for-nothing good good riddance (to bad **grief** come to grief rubbish) grin grin and bear it **good** have a good command of grind daily grind grind grind to a halt something grind have an axe to grind **good** have a good head on one's shoulders grindstone keep one's nose to **good** make good as something the grindstone **good** make good money **grip** lose one's grip grist grist to the mill **good** make good time **good** make someone look grit grit one's teeth ground break new ground good good never had it so good ground give ground ground have one's ear to the **good** put in a good word for someone ground good stand someone in good ground have one's feet on the ground good throw good money after **ground** keep one's ear to the ground ground keep one's feet on the **good** turn something to good account ground **good** up to no good ground one's old stampinggoose cook someone's goose ground ground shift one's ground **gooseberry** play gooseberry ground suit someone down to **got** Cat got your tongue? gotten ill-gotten gains the ground ground thin on the ground grace airs and graces grace fall from grace grow grow on someone grade make the grade **grow** let the grass grow under grain go against the grain one's feet grandmother teach one's guard on one's guard grandmother to suck eggs guinea serve as a guinea pig grasp grasp the nettle gun going great guns grass let the grass grow under gun jump the gun one's feet gun shot-gun wedding grass snake in the grass **gun** spike someone's guns grave (as) quiet as the grave gun stick to one's guns grave dig one's own grave gut hate someone's guts ha'porth spoil the ship for a grease elbow-grease great going great guns ha'porth of tar great make a great show of had never had it so good hail hail-fellow-well-met something

hail hail from somewhere hand pay someone a back-handed compliment hail within hailing distance hair get in someone's hairhair hair of the dog (that bit one) hand play into someone's handshand put one's hand to the hair hang by a hair plough hand putty in someone's hands hand show of hands hair let down one's hair hair let one's hair down hand show one's hand hair make someone's hair stand hand sit on one's hands on end hair neither hide nor hair hand throw in one's hand hair split hairs handle handle someone with kid hale hale and hearty gloves half at half-mast hang get the hang of something half go off at half cock hang hang by a hair half have half a mind to do hang hang by a thread hang hang fire something half meet someone half-way hang hang in the balance hang hang on by an eyebrowhang hang on by one's eyebrows half not half bad half see something with half an hang hang on someone's every half six of one and half a dozen word hang hang on to someone's coatof the other halt grind to a halt hang Hang on to your hat!hang hang one's hat up hand bite the hand that feeds somewhere hand can't see one's hand in front hang have something hanging of one's face hand change handshand come away empty-handedhand eat out of someone's hands over one's head happy (as) happy as a lark happy (as) happy as a sandboy happy (as) happy as Larry hand force someone's hand happy (as) happy as the day is hand hand in glove (with someone) happy strike a happy medium hard drive a hard bargain hand hand it to someone hand hand-me-down hard hard cash hand hand over fist hand hand over hand hard hard on someone's heels hand have clean hands hard hard on the heels of hand have one's hand in the till something **hand** have something in hand hard hard-and-fast rule hard no hard feelings hand have something on one's hard play hard to gethardly hardly have time to hands hand iron hand in a velvet glove hand keep one's hand in breathe (something)
hand lend (someone) a hand harken hark(en) back to something hand live from hand to mouth Harry (every) Tom, Dick, and hand old hand at doing something hasty beat a (hasty) retreat

hat at the drop of a hat have have a soft spot for someone or something hat be old hat hat eat one's hat have have a sweet tooth hat Hang on to your hat!hat hang one's hat up somewhere have have a thin time (of it) have have a voice (in something) hat Hold on to your hat! have have a word with someone hat keep something under one's have have an axe to grind have have an itching palm have have an itchy palm hat pass the hat round hat pull something out of a hathat talk through one's hat have have an out have have another think coming hat wear more than one hat have have ants in one's pants hatchet bury the hatchet have have bats in one's belfry hate hate someone's guts have have been through the mill haul haul someone over the have have clean hands have have egg on one's facehave have eyes in the back of have hardly have time to breathe have have (high) hopes of one's head something have have feet of clay have have a bee in one's bonnet have have green fingers have have half a mind to do have have a big mouth have have a bone to pick (with something have have it both ways someone) have have a brush with something have have money to burn have have a case (against have have no business doing something someone) have have no staying-power have have none of something have have one's back to the wall have have a chip on one's shoulder have have a down on someone have have a familiar ring have have one's ear to the have have a foot in both camps ground have have a go (at something) have have one's feet on the have have a good command of have have one's finger in the pie have have one's hand in the till something have have a good head on one's shoulders have have one's head in the have have a heart clouds have have a heart of gold have have one's heart in one's have have a heart of stone have have a heart-to-heart (talk) have have one's nose in a book have have a lot going for one have have one's nose in the air have have a low boiling-point have have one's wits about one have have a near miss have have one's work cut out (for have have a penchant for doing something have have other fish to fry have have a price on one's head have have seen better days have have a say (in something) have have someone in one's have have a snowball's chance in pocket hell have have someone on a string

have have someone or something

have have someone under one's

have have someone's hide have have something at one's

fingertips

have have something coming to one

have have something hanging over one's head

have have something in hand

have have something in mind

have have something in stock

have have something in store (for someone)

have have something on file have have something on one's

have have something on the brain have have something out (with someone)

have have something up one's

have have the courage of one's convictions

have have the Midas touch

have have the right of way have have the time of one's life

have have the wherewithal (to do something)

have have to live with something have have too many irons in the fire

have have turned the corner

have have what it takes

have let someone have it

have not have a care in the world have only have eyes for someone

have walls have ears

havoc play havoc with someone or something

haw hem and haw

haw hum and haw

haystack like looking for a needle in a haystack

haywire go haywire head above someone's head

head bite someone's head off

head bring something to a headhead can't make head nor tail of someone or something

head come to a head

head count heads

head go over someone's head

head go to someone's head

head have a good head on one's shoulders

head have a price on one's head head have eyes in the back of one's head

head have one's head in the clouds

head have something hanging over one's head

head head and shoulders above someone or something

head head over heels in love (with someone)

head heads will roll

head in over one's head

**head** keep a civil tongue (in one's

head keep one's head above

head knock people's heads together

head make someone's head spin head make someone's head swim head on one's (own) head be it

head put ideas into someone's head

head rear its ugly head

head turn someone's head

health get a clean bill of health

health in the best of health

heart break someone's heart

heart cross one's heart (and hope to die)

heart die of a broken heart

heart do someone's heart good

heart eat one's heart out

heart find it in one's heart to do something

heart follow one's heart

heart have a heart

**heart** have a heart of gold

heart have a heart of stone

Essential English Idioms **heart** have a heart-to-heart (talk) heart have one's heart in one's boots **heart** learn something by heart heart lose heart heart open one's heart (to someone) heart take something to heart heart warm the cockles of someone's heart heart with all one's heart and hearty hale and hearty heat in a dead heat heaven in seventh heaven heaven move heaven and earth to do something heavy heavy going heel cool one's heels heel down at heel heel hard on someone's heels heel hard on the heels of something heel head over heels in love (with someone) heel kick one's heels heel kick up one's heels heel set one back on one's heels hell go to hell hell have a snowball's chance in hell hell hell for leather hell through hell and high water help help oneselfhelp not lift a finger (to help someone) help pitch in (and help)hem hem and haw her give the devil her due here here's to someone or something herring draw a red herring herring red herring hide have someone's hide hide hide one's face in shame hide hide one's light under a

high have (high) hopes of something high high and mighty
high high-flyer
high in high gear
high run high
high through hell and high water
hill over the hill his beard the lion in his den his give the devil his due **history** go down in history **hit** hit (someone) below the hit hit a snag
hit hit it off (with someone) hit hit rock bottom hit hit someone (right) between the eyes hit hit the bull's-eye
hitch hitch a lift Hobson Hobson's choice hog go the whole hog hog road-hog hold can't hold a candle to someone hold hold forth hold hold no brief for someone or something **hold** Hold on to your hat! hold hold one's fire hold hold one's own hold hold one's peace hold hold one's tongue hold hold out the olive branch hold hold true hold hold water hold leave someone holding the hold no holds barred hold not hold water hold won't hold water hole hole-and-corner hole hole-in-the-corner hole pick holes in something hole square peg in a round hole holiday busman's holiday holiday on holiday holier holier-than-thou home bring home the bacon

hide neither hide nor hair

**high** go sky-high

**home** bring something home to

**home** come home to roost

home eat someone out of house and home

**home** home and dry

home keep the home fires

burning

home make oneself at home home nothing to write home

home romp home

home see someone home

home till the cows come home

honour on one's honour

hook get someone off the hook

hook let someone off (the hook) hook swallow something hook,

line, and sinker

hop catch someone on the hop

hope cross one's heart (and hope to die)

hope have (high) hopes of something

hope hope against hope horn lock horns (with someone)

horn on the horns of a dilemma

hornet stir up a hornets' nest horse change horses in mid-

stream

horse dark horse

horse eat like a horse

horse flog a dead horse

horse horse of a different colour

horse horse of another colour

horse horse-play

horse horse sense

horse put the cart before the horse

**hot** blow hot and cold

**hot** hot and bothered

**hot** hot on something

hot hot under the collar

hot strike while the iron is hot

hour all hours (of the day and night)

hour at the eleventh hour

hour eleventh-hour decision

**hour** keep late hours

hour small hours

hour zero hour

house (as) safe as houses

house eat someone out of house and home

house house-proud

house keep house

house put one's house in order

hue hue and cry huff in a huff

hum hum and haw

human milk of human kindness

humble eat humble pie

hump over the hump

hundred one in a hundred

hungry (as) hungry as a hunter hunter (as) hungry as a hunter hush hush-money Hyde Jekyll and Hyde ice break the ice

ice cut no ice

ice on thin ice

ice put something on iceice (skating) on thin iceidea put ideas into someone's

head

idly sit (idly) by

if look as if butter wouldn't melt in one's mouth

if no ifs or buts about it

ill ill at ease

ill ill-gotten gainsin advanced in yearsin any port in a storm

in babe in arms

in be a thorn in someone's side

in beard the lion in his den

in blow up in someone's face

in born with a silver spoon in one's mouth

in bull in a china shop

in buy a pig in a pokein can't see one's hand in front of one's face

in cast in the same mould

in change horses in mid-stream

in chink in one's armour

in come down in the world

in come in for something

in come out in the wash

in contradiction in terms

in dog in the manger

in down in the mouth

in drop in one's tracks

in feather in one's cap

in feel something in one's bones

in find it in one's heart to do something

in fish in troubled waters

in flash in the pan

in flea in one's ear

in fly in the face of someone or something

in fly in the ointment

in fools rush in (where angels fear to tread)

in get a lump in one's throat

in get a word in (edgeways)

in get butterflies in one's stomach

in get in someone's hair

in get one's foot in the door

in getting on (in years)

in go down in history

in go in for something

in go in one ear and out the other

in go round in circles

in hand in glove (with someone)

in hang in the balance

in have a bee in one's bonnet

in have a foot in both camps

in have a say (in something)

in have a snowball's chance in hell

in have a voice (in something)

in have ants in one's pants

in have bats in one's belfry

in have eyes in the back of one's head

in have one's finger in the pie

in have one's hand in the till

in have one's head in the clouds

in have one's heart in one's boots

in have one's nose in a book

in have one's nose in the air

in have someone in one's pocket

in have something in hand

in have something in mind

in have something in stock

in have something in store (for someone)

in have too many irons in the fire

in head over heels in love (with someone)

in hide one's face in shame

in hole-in-the-corner

in in (just) a second

in in a (pretty) pickle

in in a (tight) spot

in in a bad mood

in in a bad way

in in a dead heat

in in a fix

in in a flash

in in a huff

**in** in a jam

in in a jiffy

in in a mad rush

in in a nutshell

in in a quandary

in in a sense

in in a split second

in in a stage whisper

in in a stew (about someone or something)

in in all one's born days

in in all probability

**in** in arrears

in in at the kill

in in black and white

in in broad daylight

in in clover

in in deep water

in in dribs and drabs

in in fear and trembling

in in fine feather

in in force

in in full swing

in in high gear

in in league (with someone)

in in leaps and bounds

in in less than no time

in lieu of something

in in luck

in in mint condition

in in name only

in in no mood to do something

in in one ear and out the other

in in one's (own) backyard

in in one's birthday suit

in in one's blood in in one's book

in in one's cups

in in one's mind's eye

in in one's opinion

in in one's own time

in in one's right mind

in in one's second childhood

in in one's spare time

in in other words

in in over one's head

in in part

in in place

in in plain English

in in progress

in Queer Street

in in rags

in in seventh heaven

in (in) single file

in in stock

in in the air

in in the altogether

in in the balance

in in the best of health

in in the blood in in the buff

in in the dark (about someone or something)

in in the doghouse

in in the doldrums

in in the family

in in the family wayin in the flesh

in in the lap of luxuryin in the light of somethingin the limelight

in in the line of duty

in the long run

in in the market (for something)

in in the middle of nowhere

in in the money

in in the near future

in in the nick of time

in in the offing

in in the peak of condition

in in the pink (of condition)

in in the public eye

in in the raw

in in the same boat

in in the same breath

**in** in the soup

in in the swim (of things)

in in the wind

in in thing (to do)

in in this day and age

in in turn

in in two shakes of a lamb's tail

in in vain

in instrumental in doing something

in iron hand in a velvet glovein keep a civil tongue (in one's head)

in keep in with someone

in keep one's hand in (something)

in keep one's nose in the air

in keep someone in line

in keep someone in stitches

in late in life

in late in the day

in leave a bad taste in someone's mouth

in leave someone in the lurch

in like looking for a needle in a haystack

in live in an ivory tower

in look as if butter wouldn't melt in one's mouth

in lost in thought

in melt in one's mouth

in method in one's madness

in nail in someone's or something's coffin

in never in one's life

in nip something in the budin not for anything in the world

in not have a care in the world in not in the same league as

someone or something

in once in a blue moon

in once-in-a-lifetime chance

in once in a while

in one in a hundred

in one in a million in one in a thousand

in one's words stick in one's throat

in pack them in

in pain in the neck

in paper over the cracks (in something)

in pick holes in something

in pie in the sky

in pig(gy)-in-the-middlein pitch in (and help)

in put all one's eggs in one basket

in put in a good word for someone

in put one in one's place

in put one's foot in it

in put one's house in order

in put one's oar in

in put someone in mind of someone or something

in put someone in the picture

in Put that in your pipe and smoke it!

in putty in someone's hands

in quake in one's shoes

in quids in with someone

in ring in the New Year

in rub salt in the wound

in rub someone's nose in it

in run in the family

in shake in one's shoes

in ships that pass in the night

in shot in the arm

in shot in the dark

in shove one's oar in

in show oneself in one's true colours

in skeleton in the cupboard

in snake in the grassin something sticks in one's craw

in square peg in a round hole

in stand someone in good stead

in stew in one's own juice

in stick one's oar in

in storm in a teacup

in straw in the wind

in take something in one's stride

in talk until one is blue in the face

in throw a spanner in the works

in throw in one's hand

in tie someone in knots

in tongue-in-cheek

in up in arms

in up in the air

in use every trick in the bookin waiting in the wings

in well up in something

in with the best will in the world

inch inch along (something)

inch within an inch of doing something

inch within an inch of one's life information mine of information instrumental instrumental in

doing something

into come into something

into fall into line

into fit someone in(to something)

into get into full swing

into get into the swing of things

into get one's teeth into something

into into the bargain

into lick something into shape

into out of the frying-pan into the fire

into pile in(to something)into play into someone's hands

into press-gang someone into doing something

into put ideas into someone's head

into put words into someone's

into read something into something

into step in(to the breach)

into step into dead men's shoes

into tuck into something

into vanish into thin air

into whip something into shape

iron have too many irons in the

iron iron hand in a velvet glove

iron strike while the iron is hot

is as black as one is painted

is (as) happy as the day is longis enough is as good as a feastis expense is no object

is get what is coming to one

is give credit where credit is due

is money is no object

is Put your money where your mouth is!

is seeing is believingis strike while the iron is hot

is talk until one is blue in the face

is when the time is ripe

it believe it or not

it call it a day

it cross a bridge before one comes

it cut it (too) fine

it dead on one's or its feet

it feel it beneath one (to do something)

it find it in one's heart to do something

it get away (from it all)it give it to someone straight

it go it alone

it grin and bear it

it hand it to someone

it have a thin time (of it)

it have it both ways

it have what it takes

it hit it off (with someone)

it let someone have it

it lord it over someone

it make a go of it

it make it worth someone's while

it make nothing of it

it never had it so good

it no ifs or buts about it

it no two ways about it

it Not a bit (of it).

it nothing to it

it on one's (own) head be it

it on the face of it

it past it

it put a brave face on it

it put it on

it put one's foot in it

it Put that in your pipe and smoke

it rear its ugly headit rough it

it rub someone's nose in it

it run for it

it stick it out

it Tell it to the marines.

it try it on

it want it both ways
itch have an itching palm
itchy have an itchy palm
ivory live in an ivory tower
Jack before you can say Jack

Robinson

jack jack-of-all-trades

jam in a jam

**jam** jam tomorrow

jam money for jam
Jekyll Jekyll and Hyde
jiffy in a jiffy
Joan Darby and Joan
job fall down on the job

**job** job lot

Job Job's comforter

job just the jobjob lie down on the job

job nine-to-five job

jockey jockey for position johnny johnny-come-lately joint put someone's nose out of joint

joke joking apart joke standing joke jolly jolly someone along Jones Davy Jones's locker

Jones go to Davy Jones's locker jowl cheek by jowl joy wish someone joy of

something

juice stew in one's own juice

jump jump at the chance (to do something)

jump jump at the opportunity (to do something)

jump jump down someone's throat

jump jump on someone
jump jump out of one's skin
jump jump the gun
jump jumping-off point
just get one's just deserts
just in (just) a second
just just the job

just just what the doctor ordered

justice do justice to something

justice poetic justice keen keen on someone or something

**keep** keep a civil tongue (in one's

keep keep a stiff upper lip

keep keep a straight face keep keep a weather eye open

keep keep an eye out (for someone or something)

keep keep body and soul together

keep keep house

keep keep in with someone

keep keep late hours

keep keep one's cards close to one's chest

keep keep one's chin up

keep keep one's distance (from someone or something)

keep keep one's ear to the ground

**keep** keep one's eye on the ball **keep** keep one's feet on the ground

keep keep one's hand in (something)

keep keep one's head above

keep keep one's mouth shut (about someone or something)

keep keep one's nose in the air

keep keep one's nose to the grindstone

keep keep one's own counsel keep keep one's side of the bargain

**keep** keep one's wits about one **keep** keep one's word

keep keep oneself to oneself

keep keep someone in line

**keep** keep someone in stitches **keep** keep someone on a string

keep keep someone on tenterhooks

**keep** keep someone posted

keep keep something under one's hat

keep keep something under wraps

keep keep the ball rolling

keep keep the home fires burning

keep keep the lid on something

**keep** keep the wolf from the door

**keg** sitting on a powder keg **ken** beyond one's ken

kettle fine kettle of fish

kettle pot calling the kettle black

kettle pretty kettle of fish

kick kick one's heels

kick kick oneself (for doing something)

kick kick up a fuss

kick kick up a row

**kick** kick up one's heels

kid handle someone with kid gloves

kid kids' stuff

kill in at the kill

kill kill the fatted calf

kill kill time

killer lady-killer

kilter out of kilter

kind nothing of the kind

kindness milk of human

kindness

king fit for a king kiss kiss of death

kitchen everything but the

kitchen sink

kite fly a kite

knit knit one's brow

**knock** knock about (somewhere)

knock knock around (somewhere)

knock knock people's heads together

knock knock someone cold

knock knock someone dead

knock knock someone down with a feather

knot at a rate of knots

knot tie someone in knots

knot tie the knot

know know a thing or two (about someone or something)

know know all the tricks of the trade

know know one's ABC

know know one's place

**know** know the ropes

know not know someone from Adam knuckle near the knuckle knuckle rap someone's knuckles labour labour of love ladder at the bottom of the ladder lady lady-killer lag lag behind (someone or something) lamb in two shakes of a lamb's tail lame lame duck lamp smell of the lamp land cloud-cuckoo-land land land a blow (somewhere) land land of Nod land land on both feet land land on one's feet land live off the fat of the land language speak the same language lap in the lap of luxury large (as) large as life (and twice as ugly) large at large large loom large lark (as) happy as a lark
Larry (as) happy as Larry
lash get a tongue-lashing last breathe one's last last get the last laugh last last but not least last last-ditch effort late keep late hours late late in life late late in the day lately johnny-come-lately laugh die laughing laugh get the last laugh laugh laugh something out of laugh laugh up one's sleeve laurel look to one's laurels laurel rest on one's laurels

law law unto oneself

law lay down the law lay lay about one

lay lay down the law

lay lay something on the line lay lay the table lead go down like a lead balloon lead lead a dog's life lead lead someone (on) a merry chase lead lead someone (on) a merry lead lead someone by the nose lead lead someone to believe something lead lead someone to do something lead lead someone up the garden leaf take a leaf out of someone's **league** in league (with someone) **league** not in the same league as someone or something leap by leaps and bounds leap in leaps and bounds leap leap at the chance (to do something) leap leap at the opportunity (to do something) learn learn something by heart learn learn something by rote learn learn the ropes lease new lease of life least last but not least leather hell for leather leave leave a bad taste in someone's mouth leave leave no stone unturned leave leave oneself wide open for something leave leave oneself wide open to something leave leave someone holding the leave leave someone in the lurch leave leave well alone leave leave word (with someone) leave take leave of one's senses left left, right, and centre leg pay an arm and a leg (for something) leg pull someone's leg

leg stretch one's legs lend lend (someone) a hand light according to one's (own) lights light bring something to light light come to light light hide one's light under a less in less than no time **less** less than pleased let let down one's hair let let off steam bushel **light** in the light of something **light** make light of something let let one's hair down **let** let someone have it let let someone off (the hook) light see the light light see the light at the end of **let** let something ride let let something slide the tunnel let let something slip (out) light see the light of day lightly get off lightly like avoid someone or something let let the cat out of the bag **let** let the chance slip by let let the grass grow under one's like the plague like eat like a bird let let well alone like eat like a horse let live and let live like feel like a million dollars letter to the letter like feel like a new person like go down like a lead balloon level find one's own level like go like clockwork **liberty** at liberty like like a bolt out of the blue lick give something a lick and a like like a fish out of water promise lick lick one's lips like like a sitting duck lick lick something into shapelid blow the lid off (something) like like looking for a needle in a haystack like like one of the family lid keep the lid on something like like sitting ducks like water off a duck's back **lie** lie down on the job lie lie through one's teeth like likes of someone lie take something lying down lieu in lieu of something like look like a million dollars life (as) large as life (and twice as like look like the cat that swallowed the canary life get the shock of one's life life have the time of one's life like look like the cat that swallowed the cream life late in life like read someone like a book life lead a dog's life like stick out like a sore thumb life life (and soul) of the party lily gild the lily life matter of life and death limb out on a limb life never in one's life **limelight** in the limelight limit go to the limit life new lease of life line draw a line between **life** one's way of life something and something else life run for one's life life within an inch of one's life **line** fall into line line in the line of duty **lifetime** once-in-a-lifetime chance lift hitch a lift line keep someone in line line lay something on the line lift not lift a finger (to help line out of line someone) lift thumb a lift **line** out of line (with something)

line party line loose at a loose end line read between the lines loose on the loose **loose** play fast and loose (with someone or something) line swallow something hook, line, and sinker line toe the line lord lord it over someone lion beard the lion in his den lose lose face lion lion's share (of something) lose lose heart lip keep a stiff upper lip lick one's lips lip pay lip-service (to something) list enter the lists lose lose one's grip lose lose one's reason lose lose one's temper lose lose one's train of thought listen listen to reason lost lost in thought live have to live with something lost lost on someone live live and let live lost make up for lost time live live by one's wits live live from hand to mouth lost no love lost between someone and someone else live live in an ivory tower **lot** have a lot going for one live live off the fat of the land lot job lot love cupboard love love head over heels in love (with live live on borrowed time load load off one's mind lock lock horns (with someone) someone) lock lock, stock, and barrel love labour of love locker Davy Jones's locker love love at first sight locker go to Davy Jones's locker loggerhead at loggerheads (with love no love lost between someone and someone else someone) love not for love nor money long (as) happy as the day is long long cut a long story short long in the long run long not by a long shot long not long for this world lovely lovely weather for ducks low have a low boiling-point lower lower one's sights lower lower one's voice luck down on one's luck loo go to the loo luck in luck look dirty look luck out of luck look like looking for a needle in a luck push one's luck luck Worse luck! look look as if butter wouldn't lucky get a lucky break lucky lucky dip melt in one's mouth lucky thank one's lucky stars lump get a lump in one's throat lurch leave someone in the lurch look look daggers at someonelook look forward to something look look like a million dollars **luxury** in the lap of luxury **lying** take something lying down look look like the cat that swallowed the canary mad in a mad rush **look** look like the cat that swallowed the cream madness method in one's **look** look the other way madness look look to one's laurels maiden maiden speech maiden maiden voyage look look up to someone look make someone look good make can't make head nor tail of loom loom large someone or something

make make (both) ends meet make make someone's mouth make make a beeline for water someone or something make make something from make make a clean breast of something make make something to order make make a clean sweep make make the feathers fly make make the fur fly make make a comeback make make a face make make the grade make make a go of it make make up for lost time make make a great show of man odd man out manger dog in the manger something make make a mountain out of a many have too many irons in the molehill make make a name for oneself march give one one's marching make make a pitch for someone orders march steal a march on someone or something make make a point of (doing) marine Tell it to the marines. mark mark my word(s) something market glut on the market make make an example of market in the market (for someone make make cracks (about something) market play the market marrow chilled to the marrow someone or something) make make do (with someone or mast at half-mast something) mast nail one's colours to the make make eyes at someone make make fun of someone or mast match meet one's match something make make good as something match whole (bang) shooting make make good money make make good time matter crux of the matter make make it worth someone's matter matter-of-fact matter matter of life and death matter matter of opinion make make light of something me (all) Greek to me make make merry make make mischief me Greek to me me hand-me-down make make no bones about meal square meal something mealy mealy-mouthed mean by no means make make nothing of it make make oneself at home medicine dose of one's own make make or break someone make make someone look good medicine make make someone's blood medicine take one's medicine hoil medium strike a happy medium make make someone's blood run meet hail-fellow-well-met meet make (both) ends meet make make someone's hair stand meet meet one's end meet meet one's match meet meet one's Waterloo make make someone's head spin

meet meet someone half-way

make make someone's head swim

mind load off one's mind melt look as if butter wouldn't melt in one's mouth mind mind one's own business. melt melt in one's mouth mind mind one's P's and Q's men fill dead men's shoes mind mind you mind never mind men separate the men from the mind on one's mind boys men sort the men from the boys mind out of one's mind mind presence of mind men step into dead men's shoes mind put someone in mind of mend mend (one's) fences mend mend one's ways someone or something mind read someone's mind mend on the mend mercy be thankful for small mind speak one's mind mind time out of mind mercies mind weigh on someone's mind merry lead someone (on) a merry chase mine mine of information merry lead someone (on) a mint in mint condition merry dance mischief make mischief merry make merry miss give something a miss met hail-fellow-well-met miss have a near miss miss miss the point method method in one's madness mix mixed bag molehill make a mountain out of **mid** change horses in mid-stream Midas have the Midas touch a molehill middle in the middle of nowhere moment moment of truth middle middle-of-the-road moment on the spur of the middle pig(gy)-in-the-middle moment middle play both ends (against money get a good run for one's the middle) money midnight burn the midnight oil money get one's money's worth might pigs might fly money have money to burn mighty high and mighty money hush-money milk cry over spilled milk money in the money money make good money milk milk of human kindness money money for jam mill grist to the mill mill have been through the mill money money for old rope money money is no object mill run of the mill money money talks million feel like a million dollars money not for love nor money million look like a million dollars money pour money down the million one in a million millpond (as) calm as a millpond millstone millstone around one's drain money Put your money where your mouth is! neck mind give someone a piece of money throw good money after one's mind mind have half a mind to do monkey monkey business mood in a bad mood something mind have something in mind mood in no mood to do mind in one's mind's eye something mind in one's right mind moon once in a blue moon

more More fool you! muster pass muster more more's the pity my mark my word(s) my never darken my door again more wear more than one hat my over my dead body mother old enough to be nail nail in someone's or someone's mother mother tied to one's mother's something's coffin apron-strings nail nail one's colours to the mast motion go through the motions naked naked eye mould cast in the same mould name in name only mountain make a mountain out name make a name for oneself name name of the game of a molehill mouse play cat and mouse (with name on a first-name basis (with someone) someone) mouth born with a silver spoon name on first-name terms (with in one's mouth someone) mouth by word of mouth natural die a natural death mouth down in the mouth nature call of nature mouth foam at the mouth nature second nature to someone mouth have a big mouth near (as) near as dammit mouth keep one's mouth shut near have a near miss near in the near future (about someone or something) mouth leave a bad taste in near near the bone someone's mouth near near the knuckle **mouth** live from hand to mouth necessity out of necessity mouth look as if butter wouldn't neck breathe down someone's melt in one's mouth neck mouth make someone's mouth water mouth mealy-mouthed mouth melt in one's mouth mouth not open one's mouth something) mouth put words into someone's mouth need needs must mouth Put your money where your mouth is! a haystack mouth take the words (right) out of one's mouth move move heaven and earth to do something move not move a muscle move prime mover much much ado about nothing much much of a muchness much much sought after never never fear muchness much of a muchness mum mum's the word muscle not move a muscle music face the music

neck millstone around one's neck neck neck and neck **neck** pain in the neck neck risk one's neck (to do neck stick one's neck out needle like looking for a needle in needle pins and needles neither neither fish nor fowl neither neither hide nor hair nest feather one's (own) nest nest foul one's own nest nest stir up a hornets' nest nettle grasp the nettle never never darken my door again never never had it so good never never in one's life never never mind new break new ground must needs must **new** feel like a new person

new (fresh fields and) pastures new new new lease of life new new one on someone new ring in the New Year news break the news (to someone) nick in the nick of time night all hours (of the day and night) night fly-by-night night night on the town night night-owl night ships that pass in the night nine dressed (up) to the nines nine nine days' wonder nine nine-to-five job nine on cloud nine nineteen talk nineteen to the dozen nip nip something in the budno by no means no cut no ice no expense is no objectno have no business doing something no have no staying-power **no** hold no brief for someone or something no in less than no time no in no mood to do something no leave no stone unturned no make no bones about something no money is no objectno no hard feelings

no no holds barred

no no ifs or buts about it

and someone else

no no spring chicken

no up to no good

**nobody** nobody's fool **Nod** land of Nod

no no trespassingno no two ways about it

no no love lost between someone

no no skin off someone's nose

no no sooner said than done

no not take no for an answer

none have none of something none none the wiser none none the worse for wear none none too something none second to none nonsense stuff and nonsense nor can't make head nor tail of someone or something nor neither fish nor fowl nor neither hide nor hair nor not for love nor money nose can't see beyond the end of one's nose nose follow one's nose nose get one's nose out of someone's business nose have one's nose in a book nose have one's nose in the air nose keep one's nose in the air nose keep one's nose to the grindstone **nose** lead someone by the nose **nose** no skin off someone's nose nose not see further than the end of one's nose nose pay through the nose (for something) nose put someone's nose out of nose rub someone's nose in it nose thumb one's nose at someone or something not believe it or not not last but not least not Not a bit (of it). not not able not not able to call one's time one's own not not able to see the wood for the trees not not able to wait not not born yesterday not not breathe a word (about someone or something) not not breathe a word (of something)

not not by a long shot

not not for anything in the world not not for love nor money

Essential English Idioms not not for the world **not** not give someone the time of day **not** not half bad not not have a care in the world not not hold water not not in the same league as someone or something **not** not know someone from **not** not lift a finger (to help someone) not not long for this world not not move a muscle not not open one's mouth not not see further than the end of one's nose not not set foot somewhere not not show one's face not not sleep a wink not not someone's cup of tea not not take no for an answer not not to darken someone's door not up to scratch not not utter a word not not worth a candle not not worth a penny note strike the right note nothing good-for-nothing nothing make nothing of it nothing much ado about nothing nothing nothing but skin and bones nothing nothing of the kind nothing nothing short of something nothing nothing to it nothing nothing to write home notice escape someone's notice notice serve notice nowhere come out of nowhere **nowhere** get nowhere fast **nowhere** in the middle of

number one's days are numbered

nutshell in a nutshell oar put one's oar in oar shove one's oar in oar stick one's oar in object expense is no object object money is no object occasion rise to the occasion odd odd man out odd over the odds odour of sanctity of afraid of one's own shadow of air of sanctity of all hours (of the day and night) of apple of someone's eye of at a rate of knots of at the bottom of the ladder of at the drop of a hat of at the end of one's tether of at the expense of someone or something of at the top of one's voice of back of beyond of baptism of fire of bed of roses of beyond the shadow of a doubt of black sheep (of the family) of bone of contention of business end of something of by the seat of one's pants of by the skin of one's teeth of by the sweat of one's brow of by virtue of something of by word of mouth of call of nature of can't make head nor tail of someone or something of can't see beyond the end of one's nose of can't see one's hand in front of one's face of carry the weight of the world on one's shoulders of chapter of accidents of cock of the walk of come of age of come out of nowhere of come out of one's shell of crux of the matter of die of a broken heart

nowhere

null null and void

number get someone's number

nut nuts and bolts (of something)

- of die of boredom
- of dose of one's own medicine
- of eat out of someone's hands
- of eat someone out of house and home
- of fair crack of the whip
- of fall foul of someone or something
- of fight shy of something
- of fine kettle of fish
- of fine state of affairs
- of flight of fancy
- of fly in the face of someone or something
- of full of oneself
- of full of the devil
- of get a clean bill of health
- of get into the swing of thingsof get on the good side of someone
- of get one's fill of someone or something
- of get one's nose out of someone's business
- of get out of the wrong side of the
- of get something out of one's system
- of get the hang of somethingof get the shock of one's life
- of get to the bottom of something
- of get wind of something
  of give a good account of oneself
  of give of oneself
- of give someone a piece of one's mind
- of hair of the dog (that bit one)
- of hard on the heels of something
- of have (high) hopes of something
- of have a good command of something
- of have a heart of goldof have a heart of stone
- of have a thin time (of it)
- of have eyes in the back of one's
- of have feet of clay
- of have none of something

- of have the courage of one's convictions
- of have the right of wayof have the time of one's life
- of horse of a different colour
- of horse of another colour
- of in lieu of something
- of in the best of health
- of in the lap of luxury
- of in the light of somethingof in the line of duty
- of in the middle of nowhere
- of in the nick of time
- of in the peak of condition

- of in the pink (of condition)of in the swim (of things)of in two shakes of a lamb's tail
- of jack-of-all-trades
- of jump out of one's skin
- of keep one's side of the bargain
- of kiss of death
- of know all the tricks of the trade
- of labour of love
- of land of Nod
- of laugh something out of courtof let the cat out of the bagof life (and soul) of the party

- of like a bolt out of the blue
- of like a fish out of water of like one of the family
- of likes of someone
- of lion's share (of something)
- of live off the fat of the land
- of lose one's train of thought
- of make a clean breast of something
- of make a go of it
- of make a great show of something
- of make a mountain out of a molehill
- of make a point of (doing) something
- of make an example of someone
- of make fun of someone or something
- of make light of somethingof make nothing of it
- of matter-of-fact

- of matter of life and death
- of matter of opinion
- of middle-of-the-road
- of milk of human kindness
- of mine of information
- of moment of truth
- of much of a muchness
- of name of the game
- of new lease of life
- of Not a bit (of it).
- of not breathe a word (of something)
- of not give someone the time of day
- of not see further than the end of one's nose
- of not someone's cup of tea
- of nothing of the kind
- of nothing short of something
- of nuts and bolts (of something)
- of odour of sanctity
- of of the first water
- of of the old school
- of on behalf of someone
- of on the eve of something
- of on the face of it
- of on the horns of a dilemma
- of on the spur of the moment
- of on the strength of something
- of on the tip of one's tongue
- of on top of the world
- of one's way of life
- of open a can of worms
- of order of the day
- of out of kilter
- of out of line
- of out of line (with something)
- of out of luck
- of out of necessity
- of out of one's mind
- of out of order
- of out of place
- of out-of-pocket expenses
- of out of practice
- of out of print
- of out of season
- of out of service
- of out of sorts
- of out of stock

- of out of the blue
- of out of the corner of one's eye
- of out of the frying-pan into the fire
- of out of the question
- of out of the running
- of out of the swim of things
- of out of the woods
- of out of thin air
- of out of this world
- of out of turn
- of out of work
- of part and parcel of something
- of parting of the ways
- of pass the time of day (with someone)
- of piece of cake
- of presence of mind
- of pretty kettle of fish
- of pride of place
- of pull something out of a hat
- of pull something out of thin air
- of put someone in mind of someone or something
- of put someone's nose out of joint
- of run of the mill
- of salt of the earth
- ${f of}$  scrape the bottom of the barrel
- of see the light at the end of the tunnel
- of see the light of day
- of shades of someone or something
- of show of hands
- of (sitting) on top of the world
- of six of one and half a dozen of the other
- of slice of the cake
- of slip of the tongue
- of smell of the lamp
- of speak of the devil
- of speak out of turn
- of spoil the ship for a ha'porth of tar
- of survival of the fittest
- of take a leaf out of someone's book
- of take leave of one's senses

of take the wind out of someone's sails

of take the words (right) out of one's mouth

of take up the cudgels on behalf of someone or something

of talk of the town

of tell tales out of school

of thin end of the wedge

of time out of mind

of villain of the piece

of warm the cockles of someone's

of wish someone joy of something

of within an inch of doing something

of within an inch of one's life

off beg off

off bite someone's head off

off blow off steam

off blow the lid off (something)

off cheesed off

off chip off the old block

off come off second-best

off get off lightly

off get off to a flying start

off get someone off the hook

off get something off one's chest

off get the brush-off

off give someone the shirt off one's back

off go off at a tangent

off go off at half cock

off go off the deep end

off hit it off (with someone)

off jumping-off point

off let off steam

off let someone off (the hook)

off like water off a duck's back

off live off the fat of the land

off load off one's mind

off no skin off someone's nose

off off-centre

off off colour

off off the beaten track

off on the off-chance

off pack someone off (to somewhere)

off rained off

off ring off

off start (off) with a clean slate offing in the offing oil burn the midnight oil

oil pour oil on troubled waters

ointment fly in the ointment

old be old hat

old chip off the old block

old money for old rope

old of the old school

old old enough to be someone's father

old old enough to be someone's mother

old old hand at doing something

old one's old stamping-ground

old ripe old age

old same old story

olive hold out the olive branch

on be getting on for something

on bring down the curtain (on something)

on carry the weight of the world on one's shoulders

on catch someone on the hop

on clap eyes on someone or something

on cut one's eye-teeth on something

on cut one's teeth on something

on dance attendance on someone

on dead on one's or its feet

on dine out on something on down on one's luck

on fall down on the job

on feast one's eyes (on someone or something)

on for days on end

on get a slap on the wrist

on get back on one's feet

on get by (on a shoe-string)on get on the good side of

someone

on get the show on the road

on getting on (in years)on glut on the market

on go back on one's word on grow on someone

on hang on by an eyebrow

on hang on by one's eyebrows

on hang on someone's every word

on hang on to someone's coat-tails

on Hang on to your hat!

on hard on someone's heels

on hard on the heels of something

on have a chip on one's shoulder

on have a down on someone

on have a good head on one's shoulders

on have a price on one's head

on have egg on one's face

on have one's feet on the ground

on have someone on a string

on have someone or something on

on have something on file

on have something on one's hands

on have something on the brain

on Hold on to your hat!

on hot on something

on jump on someone

on keen on someone or something

on keep one's eye on the ballon keep one's feet on the groundon keep someone on a string

on keep someone on tenterhooks

on keep the lid on something

on land on both feet

on land on one's feet

on lay something on the line

on lead someone (on) a merry chase

on lead someone (on) a merry dance

**on** lie down on the job

on live on borrowed time

on lost on someone

on make someone's hair stand on end

on new one on someone

on night on the town

on on a first-name basis (with someone)

on on a fool's errand

on on a par with someone or something

on on active duty

on on all fours

on on average

on on behalf of someone

on on cloud nine

on on first-name terms (with someone)

on on holiday

on one's (own) head be it

on one's feet

on one's guard

on one's honour

on one's mind

on one's toes

on on order

on on record

on on sale

**on** on second thoughts

on on someone's behalf

on on the air

on on the alert (for someone or something)

on on the cards

on on the dot

on on the eve of something

on on the face of it

on on the horns of a dilemma

on on the loose

on on the mend

on on the off-chance

on on the sly

on on the spot

on on the spur of the moment

on on the strength of something

on on the tip of one's tongue

on on thin ice

on on tiptoe

on on top of the world

on one-up (on someone)

on open fire (on someone)

on out on a limb

on out on parole

on pick on someone

on pin one's faith on someone or something

on play on something

on play tricks (on someone)on pour cold water on something

on pour oil on troubled waters

on pride oneself on something

on put a brave face on it

on put it on

on put on airs

on put on one's thinking-cap

on put on weight

on put someone on a pedestal

on put someone on the spot

on put something on ice

on put something on paper

on put something on the back burner

**on** quick on the draw

on quick on the uptake

on rest on one's laurels

on ring down the curtain (on something)

on roll on something

on round on someone

on see eye to eye (on something)

on see the writing on the wall

on set one back on one's heels

on set someone's teeth on edge

on set the world on fire

on sit on one's hands

on sitting on a powder keg

on (sitting) on top of the world

on (skating) on thin ice

on splash out on something

on spot on

on stand on ceremony

on steal a march on someone

on step on someone's toes

on take something on the chin

on take up the cudgels on behalf of someone or something

on thin on the ground

on throw cold water on something

on trade on something

on tread on someone's toes

on try it on

on turn the tables (on someone)

on walk on air

on walk on eggs

on weigh on someone's mind

on wither on the vine

once once and for all

once once in a blue moon

once once in a while

once once upon a time

once once-in-a-lifetime chance

one as black as one is painted

one bite the hand that feeds one

one burn one's bridges (behind

one carry all before oneone cross a bridge before one comes to it

one every time one turns around one feel it beneath one (to do

something)

one get what is coming to one

one give as good as one gets

one give one one's marching

one go in one ear and out the

one hair of the dog (that bit

one have a lot going for one

one have one's wits about one

one have one's work cut out (for

one have something coming to

one in one ear and out the other

one keep one's wits about one

one lay about one

one like one of the family

one new one on someone

one one for the record (books)

one one in a hundred

one one in a million

one one in a thousand

one one-up (on someone)

one pull a fast one

one put all one's eggs in one basket

one put one across someone

one put one in one's place one put one through one's paces one set one back on one's heels

one six of one and half a dozen of the other

one talk until one is blue in the

one wear more than one hat

only in name only

only only have eyes for someone

open keep a weather eye open

open leave oneself wide open for something

open leave oneself wide open to something

open not open one's mouth

open open a can of worms

open open-and-shut case

open open book

**open** open fire (on someone)

open open one's heart (to someone)

open open Pandora's box

open open season for something

open open secret

**open** open the door to something **open** receive someone with open

open welcome someone with open arms

opinion in one's opinion

opinion matter of opinion

opportunity jump at the

opportunity (to do something)
opportunity leap at the
opportunity (to do something)

**or** believe it or not

or (come) rain or shine

or either feast or famine

or make or break someone

or no ifs or buts about it

or rain or shine

or sink or swim

or take someone down a peg (or two)

or without rhyme or reason

order give one one's marching orders

order just what the doctor ordered

order make something to order

order on order

order order of the day

order out of order

order put one's house in order other go in one ear and out the

other

other have other fish to fry other in one ear and out the

other

**other** in other words

other look the other way

other other way round

other six of one and half a dozen of the other

other turn the other cheek

other with every other breath

our sink our differences

out come out in the wash

out come out of nowhere

out come out of one's shell

out cry one's eyes out

out dine out on something

out eat one's heart out

out eat out of someone's hands

out eat someone out of house and home

out get one's nose out of someone's business

out get out of the wrong side of the bed

out get something out of one's

out go in one ear and out the other

out have an out

out have one's work cut out (for

out have something out (with someone)

out hold out the olive branch

out in one ear and out the other

out jump out of one's skin

out keep an eye out (for someone or something)

out laugh something out of courtout let something slip (out)out let the cat out of the bag

out like a bolt out of the blue

out like a fish out of water

out make a mountain out of a molehill

out odd man out

out out of kilter

out out of line

out out of line (with something)

out out of luck

out out of necessity

out out of one's mind

out out of order over all over bar the shouting over caught over a barrel out out of place over cry over spilled milk out out-of-pocket expenses over go over someone's head out out of practice over go over something with a out out of print out out of season fine-tooth comb out out of service over hand over fist out of sorts over hand over hand out out of stock **over** haul someone over the coals out out of the blue over have something hanging over out out of the corner of one's eye one's head out out of the frying-pan into the over head over heels in love (with someone) out out of the question over in over one's head out out of the running over lord it over someone out out of the swim of things over over and done with out out of the woods over over my dead body out out of thin air over over the hill out out of this world over over the hump out out of turn over over the odds out out of work over over the top over paper over the cracks (in out out on a limb something) out out on parole over pull the wool over someone's out packed out out played out eyes out pull out all the stops over put something over out pull something out of a hat over ride roughshod over out pull something out of thin air someone or something out pull the rug out from under over skate over something someone('s feet) over tick over out put out (some) feelers owl night-owl out put someone or something own according to one's (own) out to pasture out put someone's nose out of own afraid of one's own shadow own blow one's own trumpet ioint own dig one's own grave out speak out of turn out splash out on something own dose of one's own medicine out stick it out own feather one's (own) nest out stick one's neck out own find one's own level out stick out like a sore thumb own foul one's own nest out take a leaf out of someone's own hold one's own book own in one's (own) backyard own in one's own time out take the wind out of someone's sails own keep one's own counsel own mind one's own business out take the words (right) out of one's mouth own not able to call one's time out tell tales out of school one's own out time out of mind own on one's (own) head be it own paddle one's own canoe

out wear out one's welcome

**own** sign one's own death-warrant pass pass the hat round pass pass the time of day (with own stew in one's own juice P's mind one's P's and Q's someone) pace put one through one's paces pass ships that pass in the night past past it pace show one's paces pack pack someone off (to past past someone's or somewhere) something's best pack pack them in past past someone's or pack packed out something's sell-by date pack send someone packing **pasture** (fresh fields and) **paddle** paddle one's own canoe pastures new paid put paid to something pasture put someone or pain pain in the neck something out to pasture paint as black as one is painted path lead someone up the garden pale beyond the pale path **pale** pale around the gills **patience** try someone's patience **palm** have an itching palm **Paul** rob Peter to pay Paul pause give someone pause for palm have an itchy palm pan flash in the pan thought pan out of the frying-pan into the pay pay an arm and a leg (for fire something) Pandora open Pandora's box pay pay lip-service (to something) pants by the seat of one's pants pay pay one's debt to society pants have ants in one's pants pay pay one's dues paper paper over the cracks (in pay pay someone a back-handed something) compliment paper put something on paper pay pay someone a compliment par on a par with someone or pay pay the earth pay pay the piper something pay pay through the nose (for par par for the course paradise fool's paradise something) parcel part and parcel of pay rob Peter to pay Paul peace hold one's peace something pare cheese-paring peak in the peak of condition paring cheese-paring pedestal put someone on a parole out on parole pedestal parrot parrot-fashion **peg** square peg in a round hole part in part peg take someone down a peg (or part part and parcel of something two) part parting of the ways penchant have a penchant for party life (and soul) of the party doing something party party line **penny** cost a pretty penny party throw a party (for penny not worth a penny someone) penny spend a penny pass come to a pretty pass penny ten a penny pass pass as someone or penny two a penny **people** knock people's heads something pass pass muster together pass pass the buck **person** feel like a new person

<b>Peter</b> rob Peter to pay Paul	<b>pitch</b> make a pitch for someone
<b>pick</b> have a bone to pick (with	or something
someone)	pitch pitch in (and help)
pick pick a quarrel (with	pity more's the pity
someone)	place in place
<b>pick</b> pick and choose	place know one's place
pick pick holes in something	place out of place
pick pick on someone	place pride of place
<b>pickle</b> in a (pretty) pickle	place put one in one's place
<b>picture</b> put someone in the	plague avoid someone or
picture	something like the plague
<b>pie</b> eat humble pie	<b>plain</b> (as) plain as a pikestaff
pie have one's finger in the pie	plain in plain English
<b>pie</b> pie in the sky	plain plain sailing
<b>piece</b> give someone a piece of	<b>plain</b> put something plainly
one's mind	<b>plank</b> (as) thick as two short
piece piece of cake	planks
piece villain of the piece	play foul play
pig buy a pig in a poke	play game at which two can play
<b>pig</b> pig(gy)-in-the-middle	<b>play</b> horse-play
<b>pig</b> pigs might fly	<b>play</b> play both ends (against the
pig serve as a guinea pig	middle)
pigeon put the cat among the	<b>play</b> play cat and mouse (with
pigeons	someone)
pigeon set the cat among the	play play devil's advocate
pigeons	play play fair
piggy pig(gy)-in-the-middle	play play fast and loose (with
pikestaff (as) plain as a	someone or something)
pikestaff	play play gooseberry
pile pile in(to something)	play play hard to get
pill bitter pill to swallow	<b>play</b> play havoc with someone or
pill sugar the pill	something
pill sweeten the pill	play play into someone's hands
pillar from pillar to post	play play on something
<b>pin</b> pin one's faith on someone or	play play one's cards close to
something	one's chest
pin pins and needles	play play one's cards right
<b>pinch</b> at a pinch	<b>play</b> play one's trump card
<b>pinch</b> pinch and scrape	<b>play</b> play politics
<b>pink</b> in the pink (of condition)	<b>play</b> play possum
<b>pipe</b> pipe down	<b>play</b> play safe
pipe pipe-dream	play play second fiddle (to
pipe Put that in your pipe and	someone)
smoke it!	<b>play</b> play the field
<b>piper</b> pay the piper	play play the fool
	<b>play</b> play the game
<b>pipped</b> pipped at the post	
pit pit someone or something	play play the market
against someone or something	play play to the gallery
pitch (as) black as pitch	play play tricks (on someone)

praise praise someone or **play** play up something to the skies play play up to someone play play with fire praise sing someone's praises play played out **preach** practise what you preach preach preach to the converted play two can play at that game presence presence of mind please (as) pleased as Punch please less than pleased press press-gang someone into plough put one's hand to the doing something pretty come to a pretty pass plough pretty cost a pretty penny pluck pluck up (one's) courage pretty in a (pretty) pickle pocket have someone in one's pretty pretty kettle of fish pocket pretty sitting pretty pocket out-of-pocket expenses price have a price on one's head poetic poetic justice point have a low boiling-point prick prick up one's ears pride pride of place point jumping-off point pride pride oneself on something point make a point of (doing) something pride swallow one's pride point miss the point prime prime mover point point the finger at someone print out of print point touch a sore point probability in all probability poke buy a pig in a poke progress in progress poke poke fun (at someone or promise give something a lick something) and a promise pole be poles apart proper go through the proper politics play politics channels port any port in a storm proud do someone proud **position** jockey for position proud house-proud possum play possum public in the public eye post by return post pull pull a face post from pillar to post pull pull a fast one post keep someone posted pull pull one's punches post pipped at the post pull pull one's socks up **pot** pot calling the kettle black pull pull oneself together pound pound for pound pull pull oneself up by one's pound pound the streets bootstraps pour pour cold water on pull pull out all the stops pull pull someone's leg something pull pull something out of a hat **pour** pour money down the drain **pour** pour oil on troubled waters pull pull something out of thin air pull pull strings powder sitting on a powder keg pull pull the rug out from under power have no staying-power power power behind the throne someone('s feet) power powers that be **pull** pull the wool over someone's practice out of practice practice sharp practice Punch (as) pleased as Punch punch pull one's punches practise practise what you preach punishment glutton for praise damn someone or something with faint praise punishment

pup sell someone a pup put put something right push push one's luck put Put that in your pipe and put put a brave face on it smoke it! put put the cart before the horse put put all one's eggs in one put put the cat among the put put ideas into someone's pigeons put put two and two together put put up a (brave) front put put in a good word for put put upon someone someone put put words into someone's put put it on put put on airs put put on one's thinking-cap put Put your money where your put put on weight mouth is! **put** put one across someone putty putty in someone's hands put put one in one's place Q's mind one's P's and Q's put put one through one's paces quake quake in one's shoes quandary in a quandary put put one's best foot forward quarrel pick a quarrel (with put put one's foot down (about something) someone) put put one's foot in it Queer in Queer Street put put one's hand to the plough question out of the question question vexed question put put one's house in order put put one's oar in queue queue up quick cut someone to the quick put put one's shoulder to the quick quick on the draw wheel quick quick on the uptake put put out (some) feelers put put paid to something quid quids in with someone put put someone in mind of quiet (as) quiet as the grave race race against time someone or something put put someone in the picture race rat race put put someone on a pedestal rack go to rack and ruin put put someone on the spot rack rack one's brains put put someone or something rag from rags to riches rag in rags out to pasture ragged run someone ragged put put someone through the rain (come) rain or shine wringer rain rain cats and dogs put put someone to shame put put someone to the test rain rain or shine put put someone up to something rain rained off put put someone wise to rain save something for a rainy someone or something put put someone's nose out of raise raise a few eyebrows raise raise one's sights ioint rake (as) thin as a rake put put something on ice put put something on paper rally rally round someone or put put something on the back something rant rant and rave rap rap someone's knuckles put put something over put put something plainly rare rarin' to go

raring rarin' to go right put something right right right up someone's street rat rat race right set something right rate at a rate of knots right strike the right note rave rant and rave right take the words (right) out raw in the raw read read between the lines of one's mouth read read someone like a book ring have a familiar ring ring ring a bell read read someone the Riot Act ring ring down the curtain (on read read someone's mind read read something into something) ring ring in the New Year something read take something as read ring ring off rear rear its ugly head ring ring someone or something reason listen to reason reason lose one's reason ring ring the changes ring ring true reason stand to reason reason without rhyme or reason ring ring up someone or receive receive someone with something open arms riot read someone the Riot Act record for the record riot run riot record on record ripe ripe old age ripe when the time is ripe **record** one for the record (books) rise rise and shine record set the record straight red draw a red herring rise rise to the occasion red red herring risk risk one's neck (to do red red tape something) red see red road get the show on the road road middle-of-the-road redbrick redbrick university road road-hog regain regain one's composure rest rest on one's laurels rob rob Peter to pay Paul robbery daylight robbery retreat beat a (hasty) retreat Robinson before you can say return by return post return return ticket Jack Robinson rhyme without rhyme or reason rock hit rock bottom riches from rags to riches rock rock the boat riddance good riddance (to bad roll get the ball rolling roll heads will roll rubbish) roll keep the ball rolling ride let something ride ride ride roughshod over roll roll on something someone or something roll set the ball rolling roll start the ball rolling ride riding for a fall Rome fiddle while Rome burns right give one's right arm (for romp romp home
roost come home to roost someone or something) right have the right of way right hit someone (right) roost rule the roost between the eyes root rooted to the spot right in one's right mind rope know the ropes right left, right, and centre rope learn the ropes right play one's cards right rope money for old rope

rose bed of roses run run someone or something to rote learn something by rote earth rough rough it run run someone ragged rough take the rough with the run run to seed run run wild runaround get the runaround roughshod ride roughshod over someone or something rush fools rush in (where angels round come round fear to tread) round go round in circles rush in a mad rush round other way round rush rush one's fences round pass the hat round sacred sacred cow round rally round someone or safe (as) safe as houses safe play safe something safe safe and sound round on someone round square peg in a round hole said no sooner said than done row kick up a row sail plain sailing rub rub along with someone sail sail through something rub rub salt in the wound sail sail under false colours sail take the wind out of rub rub shoulders (with someone) someone's sails sale for sale **rub** rub someone up the wrong sale on sale rub rub someone's nose in it salt rub salt in the wound rubbish good riddance (to bad salt salt of the earth same by the same token rubbish) Rubicon cross the Rubicon same cast in the same mould ruffle ruffle someone's feathers same in the same boat rug pull the rug out from under someone('s feet) same in the same breath same not in the same league as ruin go to rack and ruin someone or something rule hard-and-fast rule same same old story rule rule the roost same speak the same language same tarred with the same brush run dry run sanctity air of sanctity run get a good run for one's sanctity odour of sanctity sandboy (as) happy as a sandboy run in the long run run make someone's blood run save save one's breath save save someone's skin save save something for a rainy run out of the running run run a fever day save saved by the bell run run a temperature run run a tight ship run run against the clock save scrimp and save say before you can say Jack run run for it say go so far as to say somethingsay goes without sayingsay have a say (in something)say say something under one's run run for one's life run run high run run in the family run run of the mill breath run run riot

say say the word see see red scale tip the scales at something see see someone home scare scare someone stiff **see** see something with half an school of the old school eye school tell tales out of school see see stars scrape bow and scrape see see the light scrape pinch and scrape see see the light at the end of the scrape scrape the bottom of the see see the light of day barrel scratch make something from see see the writing on the wall see seeing is believing scratch seed go to seed scratch not up to scratch scratch scratch someone's back seed run to seed **scratch** scratch the surface seen have seen better days sell past someone's or something's screw screw up one's courage scrimp scrimp and save sell-by date sea (all) at sea (about something) sell sell someone a pup seal signed, sealed, and delivered sell sell someone or something seam fall apart at the seams search search something with a send send someone or something fine-tooth comb season open season for send send someone packing **send** send someone to Coventry something season out of season sense horse sense season silly season sense in a sense seat by the seat of one's pants sense sixth sense second come off second-best sense take leave of one's senses second get one's second wind separate separate the men from second in (just) a second the boys second in a split second separate separate the sheep from second in one's second childhood the goats second on second thoughts separate separate the wheat from second play second fiddle (to the chaff someone) serve serve as a guinea pig second second nature to someone serve serve notice second second to none service out of service service pay lip-service (to secret open secret see can't see beyond the end of something) one's nose set dead set against someone or see can't see one's hand in front something of one's face set not set foot somewhere set set foot somewhere see not able to see the wood for the trees set set great store by someone or see not see further than the end something set set one back on one's heels of one's nose set set someone straight see see double see see eye to eye (about set set someone's teeth on edge set set something right something) set set the ball rolling **see** see eye to eye (on something)

**shoe** shake in one's shoes

set set the record straight shoe step into dead men's shoes set set the table shoot whole (bang) shooting set set the world on fire shop bull in a china shop set set up shop somewhere set set upon someone or shop set up shop somewhere something shop shut up shop shop talking-shop seven at sixes and sevens short (as) thick as two short seven in seventh heaven shade shades of someone or planks short cut a long story short something short nothing short of something shadow afraid of one's own **short** sell someone or something **shadow** beyond the shadow of a short short short and sweet doubt shadow worn to a shadow shot give something one's best shaggy shaggy-dog story shake in two shakes of a lamb's shot not by a long shot shot shot across the bows shot shot in the arm shake shake in one's shoes shame hide one's face in shame shot shot in the dark shot shot-gun wedding **shame** put someone to shame shape lick something into shape shoulder carry the weight of the shape whip something into shape world on one's shoulders share lion's share (of something) shoulder have a chip on one's share share and share alike shoulder sharp sharp practice shoulder have a good head on sheep black sheep (of the family) one's shoulders sheep separate the sheep from shoulder head and shoulders the goats above someone or something shell come out of one's shell **shoulder** put one's shoulder to shift shift one's ground the wheel shine (come) rain or shine shoulder rub shoulders (with shine rain or shine someone) shoulder straight from the shine rise and shine ship run a tight ship shoulder ship ships that pass in the night shout all over bar the shouting ship spoil the ship for a ha'porth shove shove one's oar in of tar show get the show on the road shipshape shipshape (and Bristol show make a great show of fashion) something shirk shirk one's duty show not show one's face shirt give someone the shirt off show show of hands one's back show show one's hand **shock** get the shock of one's life **show** show one's paces shoe fill dead men's shoes show show one's teeth shoe fill someone's shoes show show oneself in one's true shoe get by (on a shoe-string) colours shoe quake in one's shoes **show** show the flag

set set the cat among the pigeons

show show the white feather skin get under someone's skin skin jump out of one's skin show steal the show shut keep one's mouth shut skin no skin off someone's nose (about someone or something) skin nothing but skin and bones skin save someone's skin **shut** open-and-shut case shut shut up shop skin thick-skinned shy fight shy of something skin thin-skinned side be a thorn in someone's side **sky** go sky-high side get on the good side of sky pie in the sky sky praise someone or something someone to the skies **side** get out of the wrong side of slap get a slap on the wrist slate slate something side keep one's side of the slate start (off) with a clean slate bargain sleep not sleep a wink sight love at first sight sight lower one's sights sleeve have something up one's sight raise one's sights sleeve sign sign one's own death-warrant sleeve laugh up one's sleeve sign signed, sealed, and delivered slice slice of the cake silly silly season **slide** let something slide silver born with a silver spoon in slip let something slip (out) slip let the chance slip by one's mouth slip of the tongue since since the year dot sly on the sly sing sing someone's praises small be thankful for small single (in) single file sink everything but the kitchen mercies small small hours sink sink or swim **smell** smell of the lamp sink sink our differences smoke Put that in your pipe and sinker swallow something hook, smoke it! line, and sinker smooth take the rough with the sit like a sitting duck smooth sit like sitting ducks snag hit a snag snake snake in the grass snook cock a snook at someone sit sit (idly) by sit sit at someone's feet sit sit on one's hands snowball have a snowball's sit sitting on a powder keg chance in hell sit (sitting) on top of the world so go so far as to say something sit sitting pretty so never had it so good six at sixes and sevens society pay one's debt to society socks pull one's socks up six six of one and half a dozen of the other soft have a soft spot for someone six sixth sense or something some put out (some) feelers size cut someone down to size song buy something for a song
song swan-song **skate** skate over something skate (skating) on thin ice skeleton skeleton in the cupboard soon no sooner said than done skin all skin and bones sore stick out like a sore thumb **skin** by the skin of one's teeth sore touch a sore point

square square deal sore touch a sore spot sorrow drown one's sorrows square square meal square square peg in a round sort out of sorts **sort** sort the men from the boys squib damp squib sought much sought after **soul** keep body and soul together stab take a stab at something soul life (and soul) of the party stack stack the cards (against soul with all one's heart and soul someone or something) sound (as) sound as a bell stage in a stage whisper stamp one's old stamping-ground sound safe and sound stand make someone's hair stand soup in the soup spade call a spade a spade on end span spick and span stand stand a chance spanner throw a spanner in the stand stand corrected stand stand down works spare in one's spare time **stand** stand on ceremony **speak** speak of the devil **stand** stand someone in good speak speak one's mind stead speak speak out of turn stand stand to reason speak speak the same language stand standing joke speech maiden speech star see stars **spend** spend a penny star thank one's lucky stars spick spick and span start by fits and starts spike spike someone's guns start get a start spill cry over spilled milk start get off to a flying start spill spill the beans start start (off) with a clean slate spin make someone's head spin start start the ball rolling splash splash out on something state fine state of affairs spleen vent one's spleen station above one's station split in a split second stay have no staying-power split split hairs stay stay the distance split split the difference stead stand someone in good **spoil** spoil the ship for a ha'porth stead steal steal a march on someone steal steal someone's thunder **spoon** born with a silver spoon in steal steal the show one's mouth spoon spoon-feed steam blow off steam sporting sporting chance steam full steam ahead **spot** have a soft spot for someone steam let off steam or something stem from stem to stern spot in a (tight) spot step step in(to the breach) spot on the spot step step into dead men's shoes spot put someone on the spot step step on someone's toes **spot** rooted to the spot stern from stem to stern spot spot on stew in a stew (about someone or **spot** touch a sore spot something) spread spread oneself too thin stew stew in one's own juice spring no spring chicken stick one's words stick in one's spur on the spur of the moment throat

stick something sticks in one's strength on the strength of something stick stick it out stretch at full stretch stick stick one's neck out stretch stretch one's legs stick stick one's oar in stride take something in one's stick stick out like a sore thumb stride stick stick to one's guns strike strike a bargain stiff keep a stiff upper lip strike strike a chord stiff scare someone stiff strike strike a happy medium strike strike the right note stir stir up a hornets' nest stitch keep someone in stitches strike strike while the iron is hot stock have something in stock string get by (on a shoe-string) string have someone on a string stock in stock string keep someone on a string stock lock, stock, and barrel string pull strings stock out of stock string tied to one's mother's **stomach** get butterflies in one's apron-strings stomach stomach one's eyes are bigger stuff kids' stuff than one's stomach stuff stuff and nonsense stone have a heart of stone stumble stumbling-block stone leave no stone unturned style cramp someone's style suck teach one's grandmother to stool fall between two stools stop pull out all the stops suck eggs store have something in store (for sugar sugar the pill suit cut one's coat to suit one's someone) store set great store by someone cloth or something suit follow suit suit in one's birthday suit storm any port in a storm suit suit someone down to the storm storm in a teacup story cock-and-bull story ground story cut a long story short suit suit someone to a T story same old story sun catch the sun story shaggy-dog story surface scratch the surface straight give it to someone survival survival of the fittest straight swallow bitter pill to swallow straight keep a straight face swallow look like the cat that straight set someone straight swallowed the canary straight set the record straight swallow look like the cat that straight straight away
straight straight from the swallowed the cream swallow swallow one's pride shoulder swallow swallow something hook, straw clutch at straws line, and sinker straw straw in the wind swan swan around stream change horses in midswan swan-song sweat by the sweat of one's brow stream sweep make a clean sweep Street in Queer Street sweep sweep something under street pound the streets street right up someone's the carpet sweet have a sweet tooth street

sweet short and sweet take take the rough with the smooth sweet sweeten the pill swim in the swim (of things) take take the wind out of swim make someone's head swim someone's sails swim out of the swim of things take take the words (right) out of swim sink or swim one's mouth swim swim against the tide take take up the cudgels on swing get into full swing behalf of someone or something swing get into the swing of tale tell tales out of school things talk have a heart-to-heart (talk) swing in full swing talk money talks sword cross swords (with talk talk nineteen to the dozen someone) talk talk of the town sympathy extend one's sympathy talk talk through one's hat (to someone) talk talk until one is blue in the system get something out of one's talk talking-shop tangent go off at a tangent T suit someone to a T tape red tape table lay the table tar spoil the ship for a ha'porth of table set the table table turn the tables (on tar tar tarred with the same brush someone) tack get down to brass tacks task take someone to task tail can't make head nor tail of taste leave a bad taste in someone or something someone's mouth tail hang on to someone's coattat give someone tit for tat tails tea not someone's cup of tea teach teach one's grandmother to tail in two shakes of a lamb's tail tail tail wagging the dog suck eggs teacup storm in a teacup take as a duck takes to water take do a double take teeth armed to the teeth take have what it takes teeth by the skin of one's teeth teeth cut one's eye-teeth on take not take no for an answer take take a leaf out of someone's something teeth cut one's teeth on something take take a stab at something take take leave of one's senses teeth cut teeth take take one's medicine teeth get one's teeth into something take take someone down a peg (or two) teeth grit one's teeth teeth lie through one's teeth take take someone to task take take someone under one's teeth set someone's teeth on wing edge take take something as read teeth show one's teeth telegraph bush telegraph take take something in one's tell Tell it to the marines. stride take take something lying down tell tell tales out of school take take something on the chin temper lose one's temper take take something to heart temperature run a temperature

ten ten a penny tenterhook keep someone on tenterhooks term contradiction in terms term on first-name terms (with someone) **test** put someone to the test **tether** at the end of one's tether than holier-than-thou than in less than no time than less than pleased than no sooner said than done than not see further than the end of one's nose than one's eyes are bigger than one's stomach than wear more than one hat thank thank one's lucky stars thankful be thankful for small mercies that bite the hand that feeds one that hair of the dog (that bit one) that look like the cat that swallowed the canary that look like the cat that swallowed the cream that powers that be that Put that in your pipe and smoke it! **that** ships that pass in the night **that** two can play at that game them pack them in thick (as) thick as thieves thick (as) thick as two short thick thick and fast thick thick-skinned thick through thick and thin thief (as) thick as thieves thieves (as) thick as thieves thin (as) thin as a rake thin have a thin time (of it) thin on thin ice thin out of thin air thin pull something out of thin air thin (skating) on thin ice thin spread oneself too thin thin thin end of the wedge

thin thin-skinned thin through thick and thin thin vanish into thin air thing get into the swing of things thing in the swim (of things) thing in thing (to do) thing know a thing or two (about someone or something) thing out of the swim of things think have another think coming think put on one's thinking-cap this in this day and age this not long for this world this out of this world Thomas doubting Thomas thorn be a thorn in someone's thou holier-than-thou thought food for thought thought give someone pause for thought thought lose one's train of thought thought lost in thought thought on second thoughts thousand one in a thousand thread hang by a thread throat get a lump in one's throat throat jump down someone's throat throat one's words stick in one's throne power behind the throne **through** go through something with a fine-tooth comb through go through the motions through go through the proper channels through have been through the mill through lie through one's teeththrough pay through the nose (for something) through put one through one's through put someone through the wringer **through** sail through something **through** talk through one's hat

thin thin on the ground

through through hell and high **through** through thick and thin **through** win through throw throw a fit throw throw a party (for someone) throw throw a spanner in the works throw throw caution to the winds throw throw cold water on something throw throw down the gauntlet throw throw good money after bad throw throw in one's hand throw throw the book at someone thrust cut and thrust thumb all thumbs thumb have someone under one's thumb stick out like a sore thumb thumb thumb a lift thumb thumb one's nose at someone or something thunder steal someone's thunder tick tick over ticket return ticket tickle tickle someone's fancy tide swim against the tide tide turn the tide tie tie someone in knots tie tie the knot tie tied to one's mother's apronstrings tight in a (tight) spot tight run a tight ship tighten tighten one's belt tightrope walk a tightrope till have one's hand in the till till till the cows come home time bide one's time time every time one turns around time find time to catch one's time get time to catch one's breath

**time** hardly have time to breathe **time** have a thin time (of it) time have the time of one's life time in less than no time time in one's own time **time** in one's spare time **time** in the nick of time time kill time time live on borrowed time time make good time time make up for lost time time not able to call one's time one's own time not give someone the time of day time once upon a time time pass the time of day (with someone) time race against time time time out of mind time when the time is ripe tip on the tip of one's tongue tip tip someone the winktip tip the scales at something tiptoe on tiptoe
tit give someone tit for tat to according to one's (own) lightsto (all) Greek to me to all to the good to armed to the teeth to as a duck takes to water to back to the drawing-board to bitter pill to swallow to break the news (to someone) to bring something home to someone to bring something to a headto bring something to light to can't hold a candle to someone to cause tongues to wag
to chilled to the bone to chilled to the marrow to close one's eyes to something to come down to earth to come home to roost to come to a bad end to come to a head to come to a pretty pass to come to an untimely end

- to come to griefto come to light
- to come to the fore
- to cross a bridge before one comes to it
- to cross one's heart (and hope to
- to cut one's coat according to one's cloth
- to cut one's coat to suit one's
- to cut someone down to size
- to cut someone to the quick
- to dead to the world
- to death to something
- to do justice to something
- to done to a turn
- to down to earth
- to dressed (up) to the nines
- to everything from A to Z
- to extend one's sympathy (to someone)
- to eyeball to eyeball
- to feel it beneath one (to do something)
- to find it in one's heart to do something
- **to** find time to catch one's breath
- to fools rush in (where angels fear to tread)
- to from pillar to post
- to from rags to riches
- to from stem to stern
- to generous to a fault
- to get down to brass tacks
- to get down to business
- to get off to a flying start
- to get time to catch one's breath
- to get to one's feet
- to get to the bottom of something
- to get what is coming to one
- to give it to someone straight
- to give voice to something
- to go from bad to worse
- to go so far as to say something
- to go to Davy Jones's locker
- to go to hell
- to go to rack and ruin
- to go to seed

- to go to someone's head
- to go to the devil
- to go to the limit
- to go to the loo
- to go to the toilet
- to go to the wall
- to go to town
- to go to waste
- to good riddance (to bad rubbish)
- to Greek to me
- to grind to a halt
- to grist to the mill
- to hand it to someone
- to hang on to someone's coat-tails
- to Hang on to your hat!to hardly have time to breathe
- to hark(en) back to something
- to have a bone to pick (with someone)
- to have a heart-to-heart (talk)
- to have an axe to grind
- to have half a mind to do something
- to have money to burn
- to have one's back to the wall
- to have one's ear to the ground
- to have other fish to fry
- to have something coming to one
- to have the wherewithal (to do something)
- to have to live with something
- to here's to someone or something
- to Hold on to your hat!
- to in no mood to do something
- to in thing (to do)
- to jump at the chance (to do something)
- to jump at the opportunity (to do something)
- to keep one's cards close to one's chest
- to keep one's ear to the ground
- to keep one's nose to the grindstone
- to keep oneself to oneself
- to lead someone to believe something
- to lead someone to do something

- to leap at the chance (to do something)
- to leap at the opportunity (to do something)
- to leave oneself wide open to something
- to listen to reason
- to live from hand to mouth
- to look forward to something
- to look to one's laurels
- to look up to someone
- to make something to order
- to move heaven and earth to do something
- to nail one's colours to the mast
- to nine-to-five job
- to not able to call one's time one's own
- to not able to see the wood for the trees
- to not able to wait
- to not lift a finger (to help someone)
- to not to darken someone's door
- to not up to scratch
- to nothing to it
- to nothing to write home about
- to old enough to be someone's
- to old enough to be someone's mother
- to open one's heart (to someone)
- to open the door to somethingto pack someone off (to somewhere)
- to pay lip-service (to something)to pay one's debt to societyto play hard to get

- to play one's cards close to one's chest
- to play second fiddle (to someone)

- to play to the galleryto play up to someoneto praise someone or something to the skies
- to preach to the converted
- to put one's hand to the plough
- to put one's shoulder to the wheel

- to put paid to something
- to put someone or something out to pasture
- to put someone to shame
- to put someone to the test
- to put someone up to somethingto put someone wise to someone or something
- to rarin' to go
- to rise to the occasion
- to risk one's neck (to do something)
- to rob Peter to pay Paulto rooted to the spot
- to run someone or something to
- to run to seed
- to second nature to someone
- to second to none
- to see eye to eye (about something)
- to see eye to eye (on something)to send someone to Coventry
- to stand to reason
- to stick to one's guns
- to suit someone down to the ground
- to suit someone to a T
- to take someone to task
- to take something to heart
- to talk nineteen to the dozen
- to teach one's grandmother to suck eggs
- to Tell it to the marines.
- to throw caution to the winds
- to tied to one's mother's apronstrings
- to to the bitter end
- to to the letter
- to true to one's word
- to tumble to something
- to turn a blind eye to someone or something
- to turn something to good accountto turn something to one's advantage
- to up to no good to work one's fingers to the bone
- to worn to a shadow

tooth set someone's teeth on toe on one's toes toe step on someone's toes toe toe the line tooth show one's teeth top at the top of one's voice toe tread on someone's toes top on top of the world top over the top together keep body and soul together top (sitting) on top of the world torch carry a torch for someone together knock people's heads together **together** pull oneself together **together** put two and two touch have the Midas touch touch touch a sore point touch touch a sore spot together **toilet** go to the toilet **token** by the same token touch touch-and-go touch touch wood tower live in an ivory tower Tom (every) Tom, Dick, and Harry tomorrow jam tomorrow town go to town tongue Cat got your tongue? town night on the town tongue cause tongues to wag town talk of the town tongue find one's tongue track drop in one's tracks tongue get a tongue-lashing tongue hold one's tongue track off the beaten track trade jack-of-all-trades tongue keep a civil tongue (in trade know all the tricks of the one's head) trade tongue on the tip of one's trade trade on something train lose one's train of thought tongue **tongue** slip of the tongue tongue tongue-in-cheek tread fools rush in (where angels fear to tread) too cut it (too) fine tread tread on someone's toes too have too many irons in the tree not able to see the wood for the trees too none too something tremble in fear and trembling trespass no trespassing trick do the trick too spread oneself too thin tooth armed to the teeth tooth by the skin of one's teeth trick know all the tricks of the tooth cut one's eye-teeth on trade trick play tricks (on someone)trick use every trick in the book something tooth cut one's teeth on trouble fish in troubled waters something tooth cut teeth trouble pour oil on troubled tooth get one's teeth into something true dream come true tooth go over something with a true hold true fine-tooth comb true moment of truth tooth go through something with true ring true a fine-tooth comb true show oneself in one's true tooth grit one's teeth colours tooth have a sweet tooth true true to one's word **trump** play one's trump card **trump** turn up trumps tooth lie through one's teeth tooth search something with a trumpet blow one's own trumpet fine-tooth comb

truth moment of truth try try it on try try one's wingstry try someone's patiencetuck tuck into something tucker best bib and tucker tumble tumble to something tune change someone's tune tunnel see the light at the end of the tunnel turn done to a turn turn every time one turns around turn have turned the corner turn in turn turn out of turn turn speak out of turn turn turn a blind eye to someone or something turn turn someone's head turn turn something to good account turn turn something to one's advantage turn turn the other cheek turn turn the tables (on someone) turn turn the tide turn turn turtle turn turn up trumps turtle turn turtle twice (as) large as life (and twice two (as) thick as two short planks two fall between two stools two game at which two can play two in two shakes of a lamb's tail two know a thing or two (about someone or something) two no two ways about it two put two and two together two take someone down a peg (or two) two two a pennytwo two can play at that game ugly (as) large as life (and twice as ugly) ugly rear its ugly head

under brush something under the

carpet

under get something under one's under get under someone's skinunder have someone under one's under hide one's light under a bushel under hot under the collar under keep something under one's hat under keep something under under let the grass grow under one's feet under pull the rug out from under someone('s feet) under sail under false colours under say something under one's under sweep something under the carpet under take someone under one's under water under the bridge university redbrick university
until talk until one is blue in the face untimely come to an untimely unto law unto oneself unturned leave no stone unturned up blow up in someone's face up curl up (and die)
up dressed (up) to the nines up drive someone up the wall up fix someone up (with something) **up** give up the ghost up hang one's hat up somewhere
up have something up one's sleeve up keep one's chin upup kick up a fuss **up** kick up a row up kick up one's heels up laugh up one's sleeve up lead someone up the garden

path

up look up to someone vent vent one's spleen up make up for lost time verse chapter and verse up not up to scratch vex vexed question **up** one-up (on someone) villain of the piece up play up vine wither on the vine up play up to someone virtue by virtue of something up pluck up (one's) courage visit flying visit up prick up one's éars voice at the top of one's voice up pull one's socks up voice give voice to something up pull oneself up by one's voice have a voice (in something) bootstraps voice lower one's voice up put someone up to something void null and void up put up a (brave) front voyage maiden voyage vulture culture vulture up queue up **up** right up someone's street wag cause tongues to wag up ring someone or something up wag tail wagging the dog up ring up someone or something wait not able to wait up rub someone up the wrong wait waiting in the wings walk cock of the walk way up screw up one's courage walk walk a tightrope up send someone or something walk walk on air walk walk on eggs up set up shop somewhere wall drive someone up the wall up shut up shop wall go to the wall wall have one's back to the wall up stir up a hornets' nest up take up the cudgels on behalf wall see the writing on the wall wall walls have ears of someone or something up turn up trumps want want it both ways up up a blind alley warm warm the cockles of up up and doing someone's heart up up in arms warrant sign one's own deathup up in the air warrant up up to no good wart warts and all up well up in something wash come out in the wash **upon** once upon a time waste go to waste upon put upon someone water as a duck takes to water upon set upon someone or water fish in troubled waters something water hold water uppance get one's come-uppance water in deep water upper keep a stiff upper lip water keep one's head above upper upper crust upset upset the applecart water like a fish out of water uptake quick on the uptake water like water off a duck's back use use every trick in the book water make someone's mouth utter not utter a word water vain in vain water not hold water value face value water of the first water vanish vanish into thin air water pour cold water on velvet iron hand in a velvet glove something

water pour oil on troubled waters wheat separate the wheat from water through hell and high water water throw cold water on something water water under the bridge water won't hold water Waterloo meet one's Waterloo way cut both ways way have it both ways way have the right of way way in a bad way way in the family way way look the other way way meet someone half-way way mend one's ways way no two ways about it way one's way of life way other way round way parting of the ways way rub someone up the wrong way way want it both ways wayside fall by the wayside wear none the worse for wear wear wear more than one hat wear wear out one's welcome weather keep a weather eye open weather lovely weather for ducks wedding shot-gun wedding wedge thin end of the wedge weep weep buckets weigh weigh on someone's mind weigh weigh one's words weight carry the weight of the world on one's shoulders weight put on weight welcome wear out one's welcome welcome welcome someone with open arms well hail-fellow-well-met well leave well alone well let well alone well well up in somethingwhat get what is coming to onewhat have what it takes

what just what the doctor ordered

what practise what you preach

the chaff wheel asleep at the wheel wheel put one's shoulder to the wheel wheeling and dealing wheel wheels within wheels when when the time is ripe where fools rush in (where angels fear to tread) where give credit where credit is where Put your money where your mouth is! wherewithal have the wherewithal (to do something) which game at which two can play while fiddle while Rome burns while make it worth someone's while while once in a while while strike while the iron is hot whip fair crack of the whip whip whip something into shape whisper in a stage whisper whistle whistle for something white in black and white white show the white feather white white elephant whole go the whole hog whole whole (bang) shooting match wide come from far and wide wide give someone or something a wide berth wide leave oneself wide open for something wide leave oneself wide open to something wild run wild will heads will roll will with the best will in the will not won't hold water win win the day win win through wind get one's second wind wind get wind of something

**wind** in the wind wind straw in the wind wind take the wind out of someone's sails wind throw caution to the winds wing clip someone's wings wing take someone under one's wing try one's wings wing waiting in the wings wink not sleep a wink wink tip someone the wink wise put someone wise to someone or something wise wise after the event wiser none the wiser wish wish someone joy of something wit at one's wits' end wit have one's wits about one wit keep one's wits about one wit live by one's wits with at loggerheads (with someone) with born with a silver spoon in one's mouth with come down with something with cross swords (with someone) with curry favour (with someone) with damn someone or something with faint praise with fix someone up (with something) with go over something with a fine-tooth comb with go through something with a fine-tooth comb with green with envy with hand in glove (with someone) with handle someone with kid gloves with have a bone to pick (with someone) with have a brush with something with have a word with someone with have something out (with

with have to live with something with head over heels in love (with someone) with hit it off (with someone) with in league (with someone)with keep in with someone with knock someone down with a feather with leave word (with someone) with lock horns (with someone) with make do (with someone or something) with on a first-name basis (with someone) with on a par with someone or something with on first-name terms (with someone) with out of line (with something) with over and done with with pass the time of day (with someone) with pick a quarrel (with someone) with play cat and mouse (with someone) with play fast and loose (with someone or something) with play havoc with someone or something with play with fire with quids in with someone with receive someone with open with rub along with someone with rub shoulders (with someone) with search something with a fine-tooth comb with see something with half an with start (off) with a clean slate with take the rough with the with tarred with the same brush with welcome someone with with with all one's heart and soul with with every other breath

someone)

word say the word

with with the best will in the word take the words (right) out of one's mouth world wither wither on the vine within wheels within wheels within within an inch of doing work donkey-work something within within an inch of one's life one) within within hailing distance work out of work without goes without saying without without batting an eye without without rhyme or reason woe woe betide someone wolf cry wolf wolf keep the wolf from the door won't won't hold water wonder nine days' wonder wood not able to see the wood for the trees wood out of the woods wood touch wood wool pull the wool over world someone's eyes word beyond words world word break one's word word by word of mouth word eat one's words word from the word go word get a word in (edgeways) word go back on one's word word hang on someone's every world word have a word with someone word in other words word keep one's word **word** leave word (with someone) worse Worse luck! word mark my word(s) word mum's the word word not breathe a word (about while someone or something) word not breathe a word (of something) word not utter a word word one's words stick in one's throat word put in a good word for wraps wringer put someone through someone the wringer word put words into someone's wrist get a slap on the wrist mouth

with with flying colours

word true to one's word word weigh one's words work have one's work cut out (for work throw a spanner in the work work one's fingers to the world carry the weight of the world on one's shoulders world come down in the world world dead to the world world not for anything in the world not for the world world not have a care in the world not long for this world on top of the world world out of this world world set the world on fire world (sitting) on top of the world with the best will in the worm open a can of worms worn worn to a shadow worse go from bad to worse worse none the worse for wear worth get one's money's worth
worth make it worth someone's worth not worth a candle worth not worth a penny would look as if butter wouldn't melt in one's mouth wound rub salt in the wound wrap keep something under

write nothing to write home about

write see the writing on the wall

**wrong** get out of the wrong side of the bed

**wrong** rub someone up the wrong way

wrongfoot wrongfoot someone

year advanced in years

year donkey's years

year from the year dot

year getting on (in years)
year ring in the New Year

**year** since the year dot

yesterday not born yesterday you before you can say Jack

Robinson **you** mind you

you More fool you!

you practise what you preach

your Cat got your tongue?

your Hang on to your hat!

your Hold on to your hat!

your Put that in your pipe and smoke it!

**your** Put your money where your mouth is!

 $\boldsymbol{Z}$  everything from A to Z

zero zero hour